

North Drywood Survey Summary

North Drywood Lake, located 5.0 miles west and 3.0 miles south of Sisseton, is managed as a northern pike, walleye, and yellow perch fishery. Black bullhead are the only other fish species sampled since 2010.

- **Northern pike.** Northern pike were not abundant (0.2/gill net). Gill nets captured two individuals, both were ≈ 30.0 inches in length. Northern pike respond to rising water levels and population increases are expected following high-water conditions experienced across northeast South Dakota in 2019.
- **Walleye.** Walleye numbers were higher in 2019 than 2016. At 5.2/gill net, relative abundance was considered moderate. A wide length range of walleyes was sampled (12.6 to 27.2 inches); most (73%) were ≥ 15.0 inches and 31% were ≥ 20.0 inches. Twelve year classes produced between 2006 and 2017 were represented. The 2017 (age-2) and 2016 (age-3) cohorts, which have experienced fast growth with mean lengths of 14.3 and 16.7 inches, were the most abundant accounting for more than 55% of the walleye catch.
- **Yellow perch.** Yellow perch were not abundant (3.4/gill net). Sampled yellow perch ranged in length from 5.5 to 13.4 inches; most were < 8.0 inches as nearly all (98%) of fish sampled were from the 2017 (age 2) cohort.

For more detailed results see the computer generated South Dakota Statewide Fisheries Survey for Drywood North (Roberts; below).

Common Fish Species Present

Yellow Perch

Walleye

Northern Pike

Black Bullhead

Terminology

Catch per unit effort (**CPUE**) refers to the relative abundance of a species. It is defined as the number of fish captured per unit of effort (i.e., number of fish captured per net-night or number of fish captured per hour electrofishing). In this report CPUE is typically given for only stock-length fish (see length categories table for stock lengths).

A statewide effort to help make netting efforts comparable to all waters sampled across the state, occurred in 2017, with a switch to American Fisheries Society gill nets. Past gill netting efforts were completed with different style/types of nets and are not comparable side by side.

- **AFS std gill net** – 80 ft experimental gill net containing eight panels (10 ft each) of varying monofilament meshes of 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.50 inches.
- **std experimental gill net for non-Missouri River waters** - 150 ft experimental gill net containing six panels (25 ft each) of varying monofilament meshes of 0.5, 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 inches.
- **std experimental gill net for Missouri River reservoirs** – 300 ft experimental gill net containing six panels (50 ft each) of varying multifilament meshes of 0.5, 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 inches.

$$CPUE = \frac{\text{number of fish}}{\text{effort}}$$

Population size structure is quantified using the indices proportional size distribution of quality-length fish (**PSD**) and proportional size distribution of preferred-length fish (**PSD-P**). These indices indicate the proportion of stock-length fish that are equal to or greater than a given length. Minimum lengths for stock, quality and preferred length fish are given in the length categories table.

$$PSD = \left(\frac{\text{number of fish} \geq \text{quality length}}{\text{number of fish} \geq \text{stock length}} \right) \times 100$$

$$PSD - P = \left(\frac{\text{number of fish} \geq \text{preferred length}}{\text{number of fish} \geq \text{stock length}} \right) \times 100$$

Relative weight (**Wr**) is used to quantify fish plumpness. Relative weight is the ratio of what a fish weighs (*W*) compared to a length-specific standard weight (*Ws*) multiplied by 100. Relative weight values of 95-105 are commonly cited as optimum values, but values in the 80s are common during summer sampling in South Dakota.

$$Wr = \left(\frac{W}{Ws} \right) \times 100$$

Confidence intervals (CI) are provided for many of the estimates calculated in this report. The confidence interval provides a range in which the true mean is expected to fall. For example, with an 80% CI we are 80% confident that the interval contains the true value.

Length categories include stock (S), quality (Q), preferred (P), memorable (M) and trophy (T). Length categories for most species have been defined based on a percentage of the world record length for that species. Some species mentioned in this report do not have defined length categories. Length categories for species used in this report are provided in the following table. Measurements are the minimum total length for each category and are reported in inches (in) and centimeters (cm).

Species Name	Stock		Quality		Preferred		Memorable		Trophy	
	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)
Black Bullhead	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
Black Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
Bluegill	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Brown Trout	8	20	12	30	16	40	20	50	18	46
Channel Catfish	11	28	16	41	24	61	28	71	36	91
Freshwater Drum	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Lake Trout	12	30	20	50	26	65	31	80	39	100
Largemouth Bass	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Muskellunge	20	51	30	76	38	97	42	107	50	127
Northern Pike	14	35	21	53	28	71	34	86	44	112
Pumpkinseed	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Rainbow Trout	10	25	16	40	20	50	26	65	31	80
Rudd	6	15	10	25	12	30	15	38	19	48
Sauger	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Smallmouth Bass	7	18	11	28	14	35	17	43	20	51
Walleye	10	25	15	38	20	51	25	63	30	76
White Bass	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
White Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
Yellow Bullhead	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	14	36
Yellow Perch	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38

Catch Summary of Stock Length Fish

Catch per unit effort (CPUE), proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) for species sampled in survey with 80% confidence interval (CI-80).

* **Methods/Species that ignore stock length**

Gear	Species	Sample Size (n)*	Abundance		Stock Density Indices			Condition		
			CPUE	CI-80	PSD	CI-80	PSD-P	CI-80	Wr	CI-80
AFS std gill net	Black Bullhead	11	0.9	0.5	100		100		101	4
	Northern Pike	2	0.2	0.2	100		100		94	1
	Walleye	62	5.2	1.4	73	8	31	9	94	1
	Yellow Perch	41	3.4	1.2	15	9	2		97	1

10-Year Catch Per Unit Effort by Gear and Species

Catch per unit effort (CPUE) and average (Avg) of species across 10 years using different gear types.

Gear	Species	CPUE										Avg
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
AFS std gill net	Black Bullhead							76.4			0.9	38.7
	Northern Pike							1.4			0.2	0.8
	Walleye							2.7			5.2	4.0
	Yellow Perch							1.7			3.4	2.6
frame net (std 3/4 in)	Black Bullhead	59.2			210.6							134.9
	Northern Pike	0.5			0.4							0.5
	Walleye	0.3			1.8							1.1
	Yellow Perch	5.3			0.0							2.7
std exp gill net	Black Bullhead	2.2			39.0							20.6
	Northern Pike	1.4			11.7							6.6
	Walleye	2.6			6.0							4.3
	Yellow Perch	4.8			2.7							3.8

10-Year Size Structure and Condition Statistics by Gear and Species

Species proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) collected by different gear types across 10 years.

Gear	Species	Index	Year												
			2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
AFS std gill net	Northern Pike	PSD									100			100	
		PSD-P									24			100	
		Wr									90			94	
	Walleye	PSD										88			73
		PSD-P										50			31
		Wr										88			94
	Yellow Perch	PSD										85			15
		PSD-P										45			2
		Wr										97			97
std exp gill net	Northern Pike	PSD	60				79								
		PSD-P	16				9								
		Wr	99				82								
	Walleye	PSD	50				83								
		PSD-P	20				44								
		Wr	97				85								
	Yellow Perch	PSD	16				31								
		PSD-P	0				0								
		Wr	99				87								

Length at Capture

Mean length at capture by age across years sampled, sample size (N).

Species: Walleye

Mean Length (expanded sample number) at capture by age											
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2019	62		363 (20)	424 (14)	483 (1)	483 (3)	566 (1)	530 (9)	600 (1)	542 (6)	649 (7)
2016	33		210 (1)		352 (5)	444 (1)	470 (14)	582 (9)	632 (2)		665 (1)
2013	36	129 (1)	240 (2)	317 (5)	496 (16)	532 (8)		640 (1)		640 (1)	660 (2)
2010	54	208 (6)	347 (24)	415 (6)	510 (16)			616 (1)	600 (1)		

Species: Yellow Perch

Mean Length (expanded sample number) at capture by age											
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2019	41		183 (40)					342 (1)			
2016	20		164 (2)	225 (7)	236 (3)	274 (2)	301 (2)	287 (4)			
2013	16			168 (2)	194 (12)	198 (2)					
2010	347	91 (18)	113 (283)	178 (34)	180 (11)	184 (2)					

Fish Condition

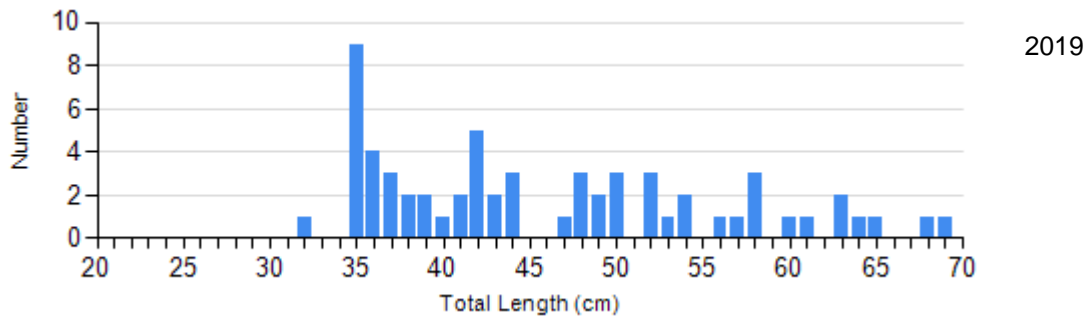
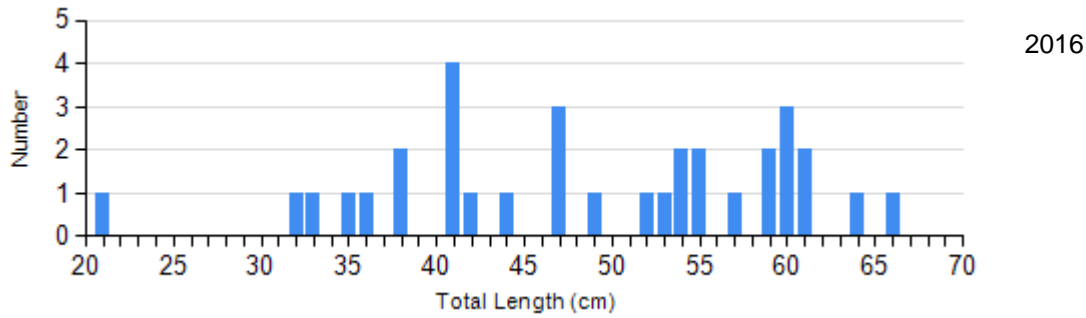
Mean relative weight (Wr) by sample size (N), length category stock to quality (S-Q), quality to preferred (Q-P), preferred to memorable (P-M), and memorable (M) for species collected across survey years with standard error (SE).

Species	Year	Length Groups							
		S-Q		Q-P		P-M		M	
		N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)
Northern Pike Gill Net	2016	0		13	90 (3.0)	3	97 (6.0)	1	80
	2019	0		0		2	94 (1.1)	0	
Walleye Gill Net	2016	4	92 (2.2)	12	85 (1.5)	14	89 (1.7)	2	87 (6.9)
	2019	17	96 (1.4)	26	96 (1.0)	13	91 (1.5)	6	92 (1.1)
Yellow Perch Gill Net	2016	3	107 (3.6)	8	103 (2.4)	7	91 (2.9)	2	84 (2.0)
	2019	35	98 (1.1)	5	93 (2.1)	0		1	82

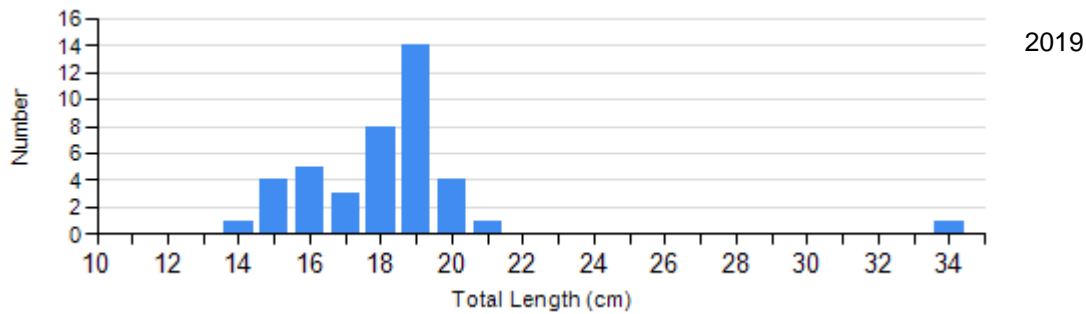
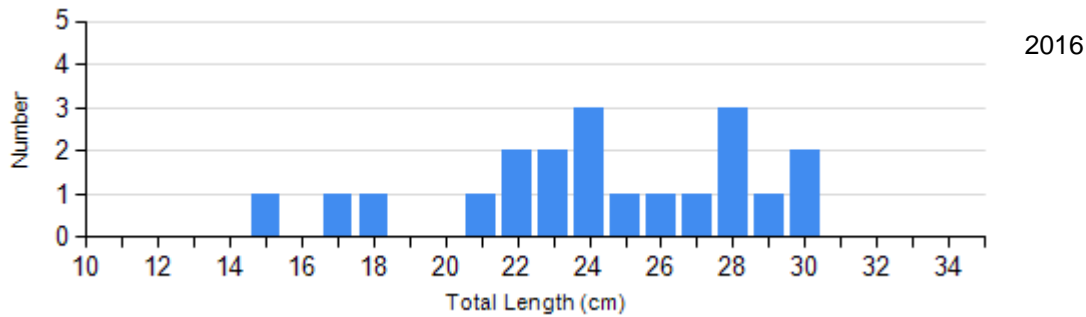
Length Frequency Distribution

Length frequency histogram of species sampled by year.

Species: Walleye
Gear: AFS std gill net



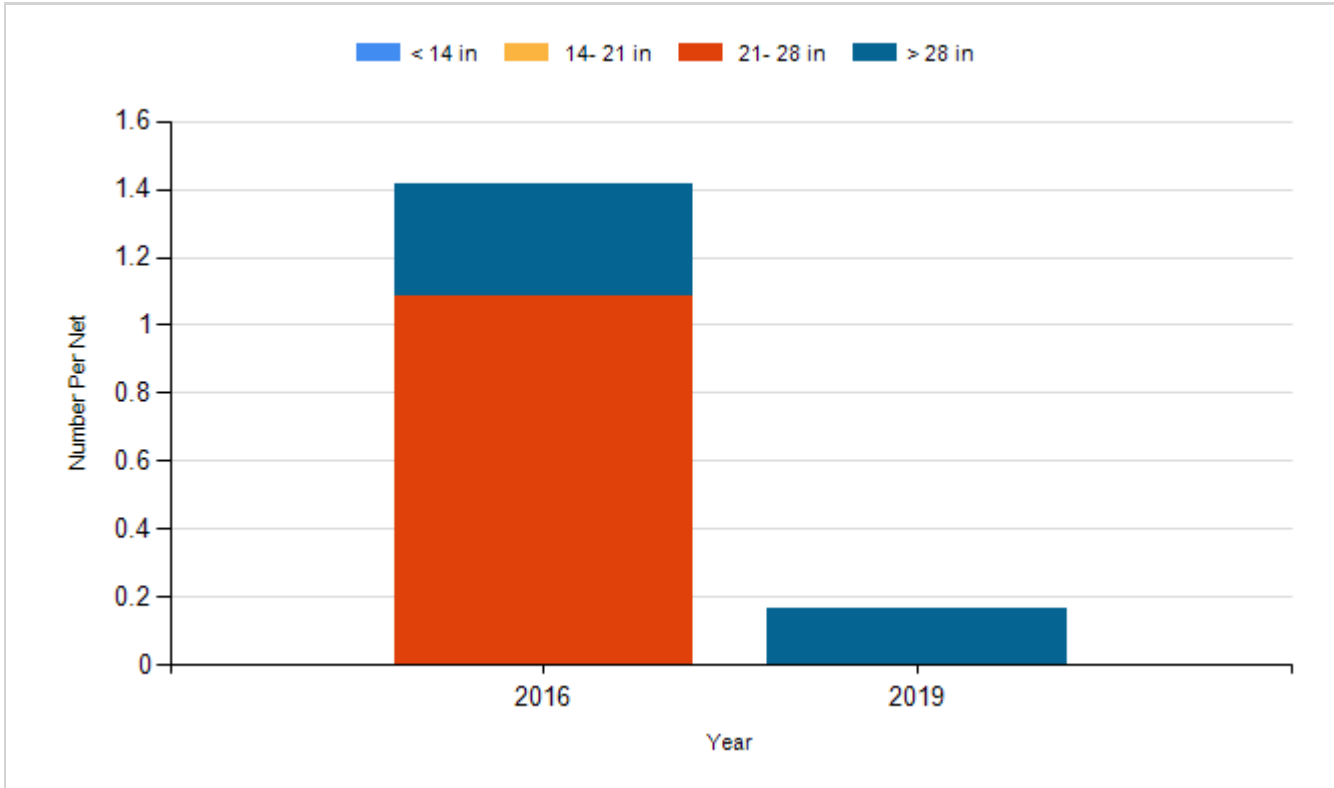
Species: Yellow Perch
Gear: AFS std gill net



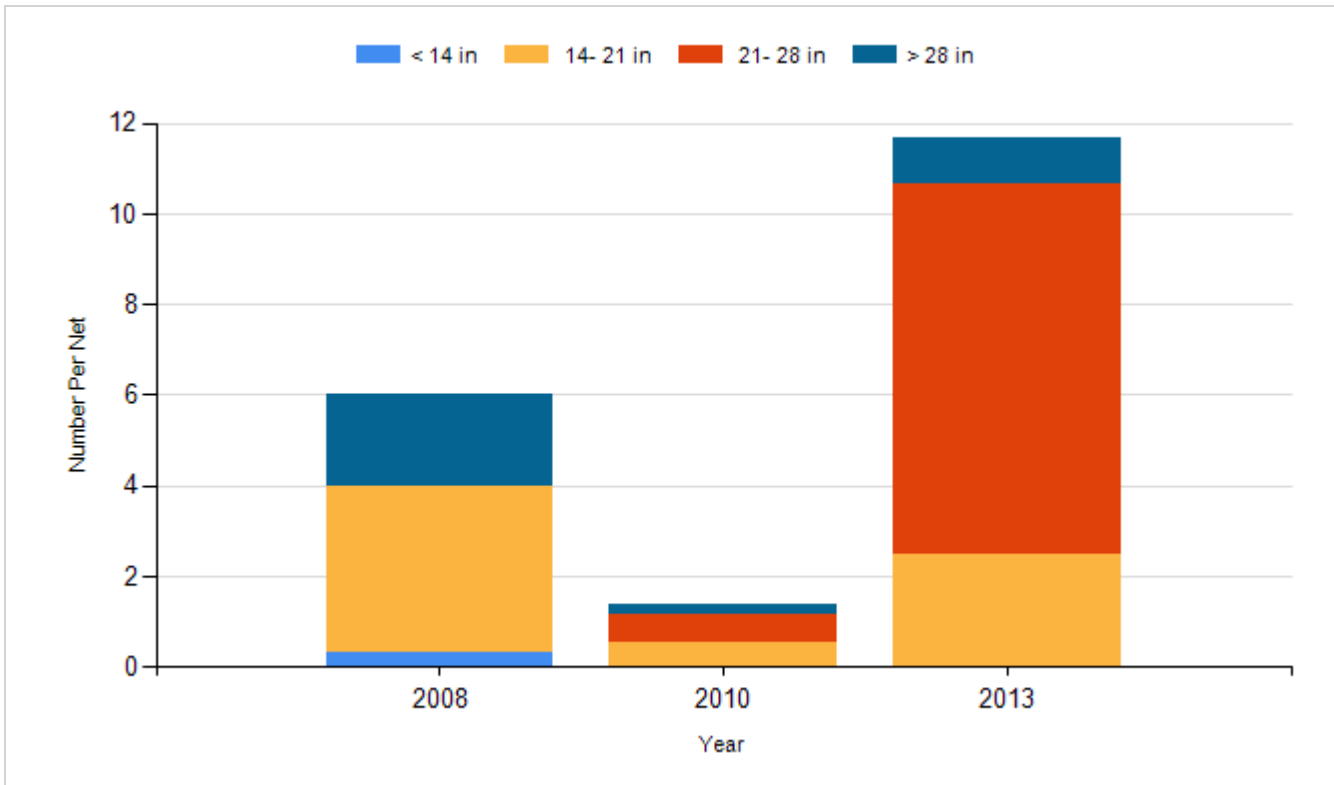
Historic Fish Sizes and Relative Abundance

Size distribution per net by color for species sampled by year.

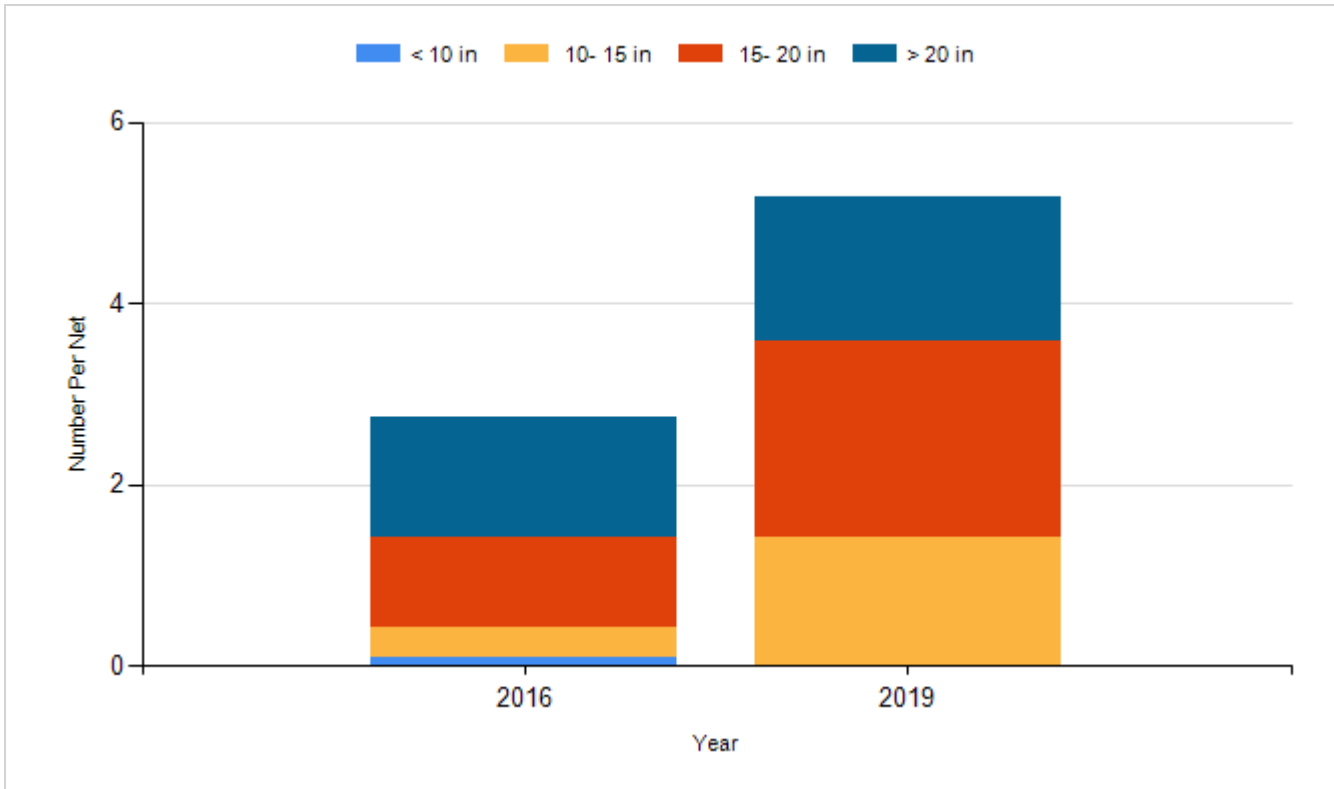
Species: Northern Pike
Gear: AFS std gill net



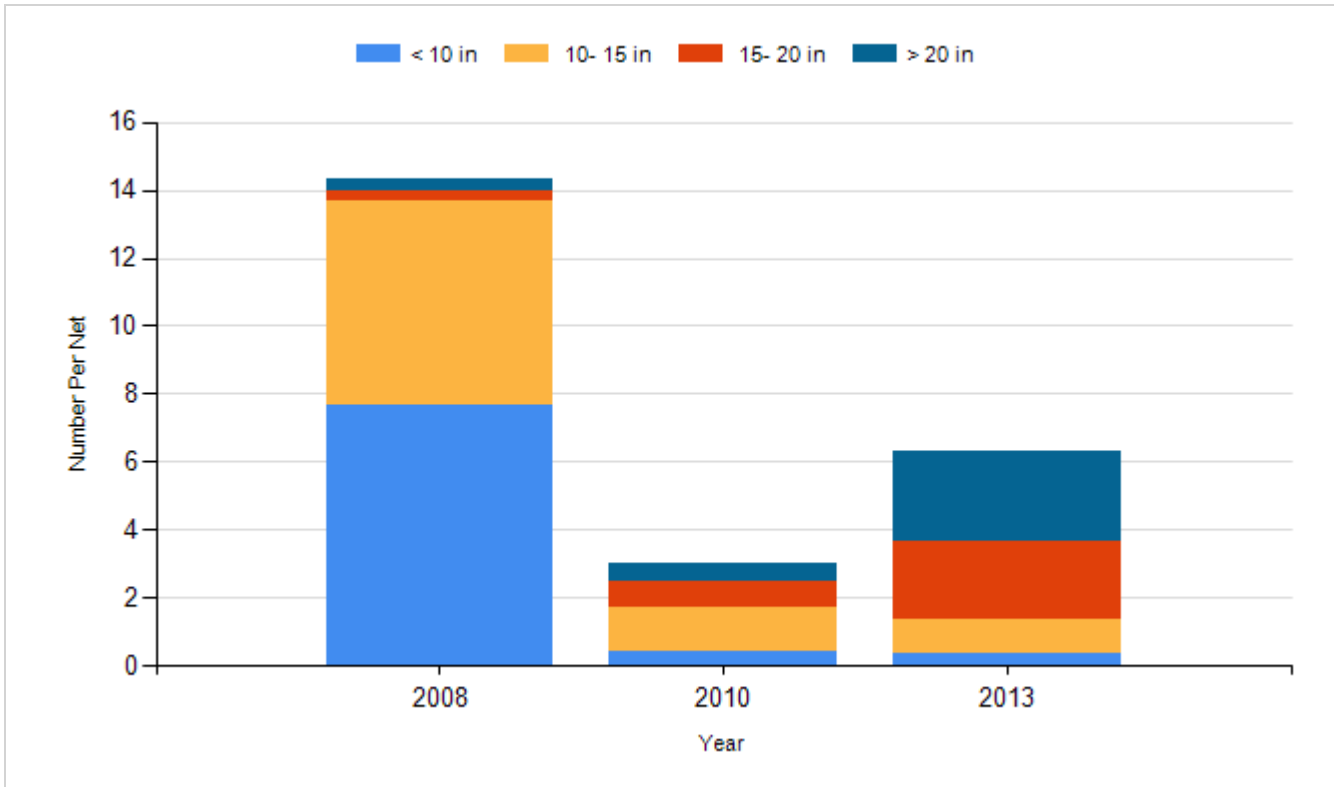
Species: Northern Pike
Gear: std exp gill net



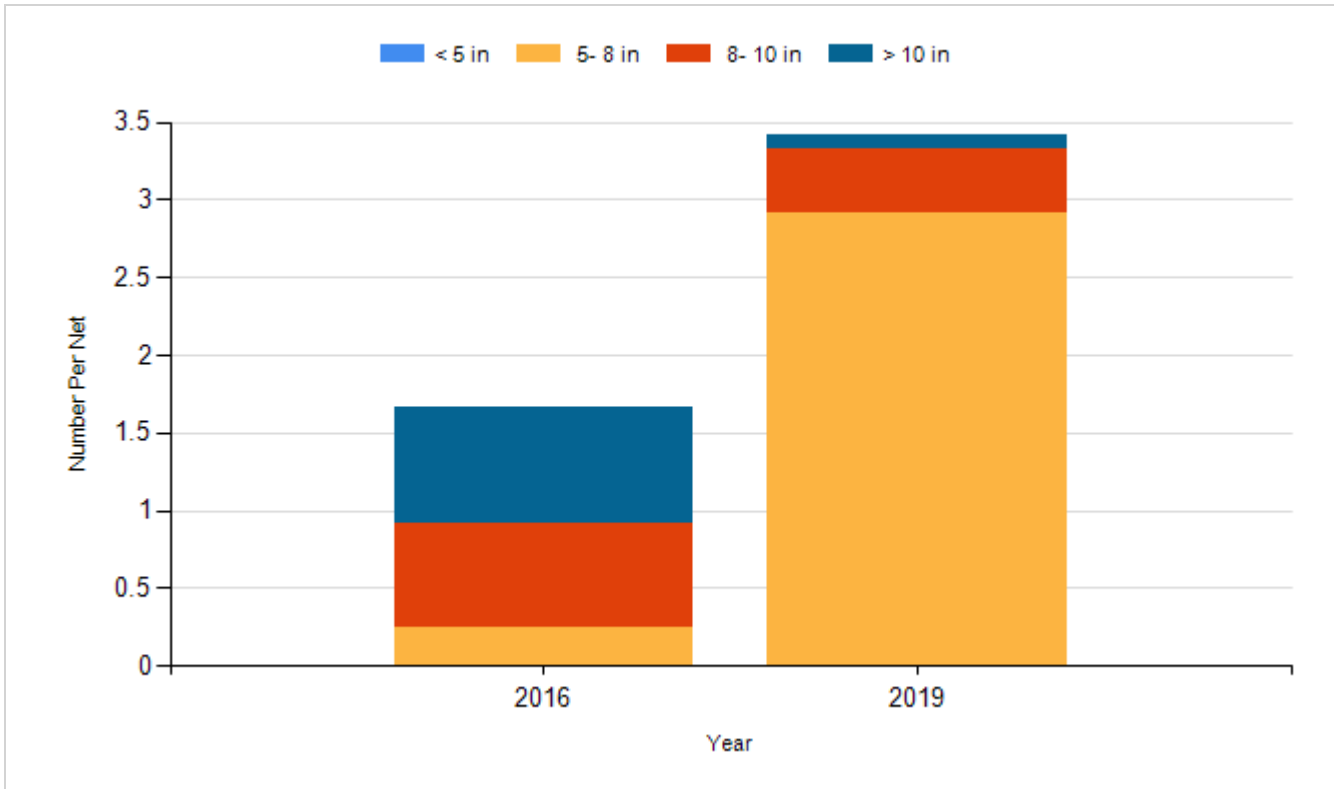
Species: Walleye
Gear: AFS std gill net



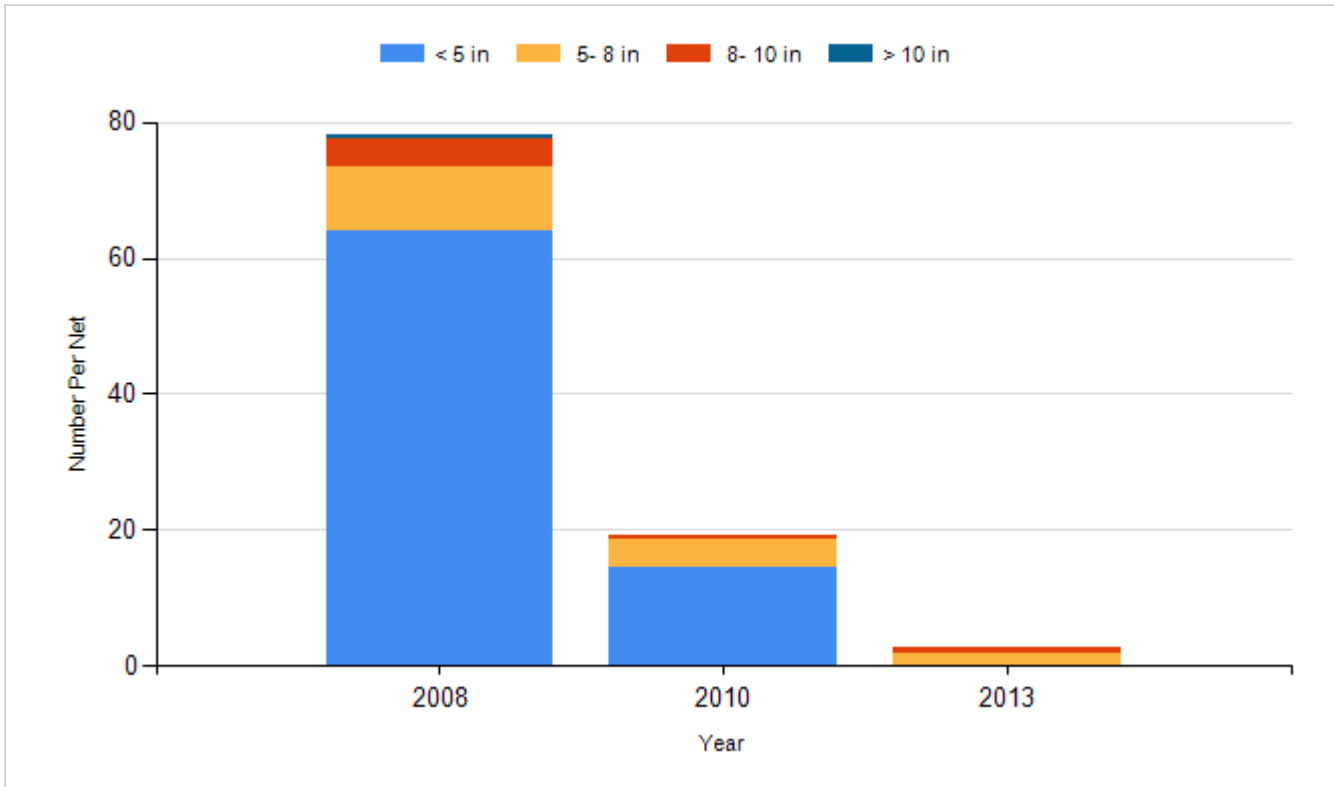
Species: Walleye
Gear: std exp gill net



Species: Yellow Perch
Gear: AFS std gill net



Species: Yellow Perch
Gear: std exp gill net



Fish Stocking

Number of fish stocked by year, species, and size.

Year	Species	Size	Number
2008	Walleye	Fry	1,200,000
2010	Walleye	Fry	1,200,000
2012	Walleye	Fry	600,000
2014	Walleye	Fry	600,000
2016	Walleye	Fry	600,000
2018	Walleye	Fry	600,000