South Red Iron Survey Summary

South Red Iron, located 8.0 miles southeast of Lake City, is primarily managed as a northern pike, walleye, and yellow perch fishery; other fish species are present and contribute to the fishery.

During the 2022-23 winter, South Red Iron Lake suffered a winterkill event. Test netting shortly after ice-out revealed that it was not a complete winterkill, but only low numbers of black bullhead, northern pike, and yellow perch were netted. Subsequently, walleye fry were stocked in 2023 and 2024 to help re-establish the population. Additionally, largemouth bass fingerlings were stocked in 2024.

- **Northern pike.** Northern pike numbers were considerably lower in 2024 than in 2021. At 2.1 per gill net, relative abundance was considered low to moderate. Sampled northern pike ranged in length from 11.4 to 27.6 inches, 71% were > 21.0 inches.
- Walleye. Five walleyes from 7.7 to 8.0 inches were netted in 2024, all were from the 2023 (age-1) year class.
- Yellow perch. Yellow perch were not abundant in 2024 (1.3 per gill net). Sampled yellow perch ranged in length from 5.1 to 8.3 inches, 10% were ≥ 8.0 inches. Individuals from three consecutive cohorts (2021 2023) contributed to the catch. Those from the 2023 (age-1) year class, which had a mean length at capture of 5.9 inches, accounted for 8 of the 10 fish sample.

For more detailed results see the computer-generated South Dakota Statewide Fisheries Survey for Red Iron South (Marshall; below).

SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE FISHERIES SURVEY

Red Iron South, Marshall County UJA-Lake-917-002 2024

Lake Information

Name: Red Iron South Maximum Depth: 15 Feet

County: Mean Depth: 8 Feet

Surface Area: 661 Acres

Surveys and Investigations

Survey methods used by gear type, date, and effort.

Gear	Date	Effort	
AFS std gill net	Jun 25, 2024	4 net-nights	
AFS std gill net	Jun 26, 2024	4 net-nights	

Common Fish Species Present

Smallmouth Bass

Northern Pike

Largemouth Bass

Walleye

Yellow Perch

White Sucker

Tadpole Madtom

Black Bullhead

Terminology

Catch per unit effort (**CPUE**) refers to the relative abundance of a species. It is defined as the number of fish captured per unit of effort (i.e., number of fish captured per net-night or number of fish captured per hour electrofishing). In this report CPUE is typically given for only stock-length fish (see length categories table for stock lengths).

A statewide effort to help make netting efforts comparable to all waters sampled across the state, occurred in 2017, with a switch to American Fisheries Society gill nets. Past gill netting efforts were completed with different style/types of nets and are not comparable side by side.

- **AFS std gill net** 80 ft experimental gill net containing eight panels (10 ft each) of varying monofilament meshes of 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.50 inches.
- **std experimental gill net for non-Missouri River waters** 150 ft experimental gill net containing six panels (25 ft each) of varying monofilament meshes of 0.5, 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 inches.
- std experimental gill net for Missouri River reservoirs 300 ft experimental gill net containing six panels (50 ft each) of varying multifilament meshes of 0.5, 0.75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 inches.

$$\mathit{CPUE} = \frac{\mathit{number of fish}}{\mathit{effort}}$$

Population size structure is quantified using the indices proportional size distribution of quality-length fish (PSD) and proportional size distribution of preferred-length fish (PSD-P). These indices indicate the proportion of stock-length fish that are equal to or greater than a given length. Minimum lengths for stock, quality and preferred length fish are given in the length categories table.

$$\textit{PSD} = \left(\frac{number\ of\ fish \geq quality\ length}{number\ of\ fish \geq stock\ length}\right) \ge 100$$

$$\textit{PSD} - \textit{P} = \left(\frac{number\ of\ fish\ \geq\ preferred\ length}{number\ of\ fish\ \geq\ stock\ length}\right) \times 100$$

Relative weight (**Wr**) is used to quantify fish plumpness. Relative weight is the ratio of what a fish weighs (W) compared to a length-specific standard weight (Ws) multiplied by 100. Relative weight values of 95-105 are commonly cited as optimum values, but values in the 80s are common during summer sampling in South Dakota.

$$Wr = \left(\frac{W}{Ws}\right) \times 100$$

Confidence intervals (CI) are provided for many of the estimates calculated in this report. The confidence interval provides a range in which the true mean is expected to fall. For example, with an 80% CI we are 80% confident that the interval contains the true value.

Length categories include stock (S), quality (Q), preferred (P), memorable (M) and trophy (T). Length categories for most species have been defined based on a percentage of the world record length for that species. Some species mentioned in this report do not have defined length categories. Length categories for species used in this report are provided in the following table. Measurements are the minimum total length for each category and are reported in inches (in) and centimeters (cm).

	Stock Quality		Pref	erred	Mem	orable	Trophy			
Species Name	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)
Black Bullhead	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
Black Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
Bluegill	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Brown Trout	8	20	12	30	16	40	20	50	18	46
Channel Catfish	11	28	16	41	24	61	28	71	36	91
Freshwater Drum	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Lake Trout	12	30	20	50	26	65	31	80	39	100
Largemouth Bass	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Muskellunge	20	51	30	76	38	97	42	107	50	127
Northern Pike	14	35	21	53	28	71	34	86	44	112
Pumpkinseed	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Rainbow Trout	10	25	16	40	20	50	26	65	31	80
Rudd	6	15	10	25	12	30	15	38	19	48
Sauger	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Smallmouth Bass	7	18	11	28	14	35	17	43	20	51
Walleye	10	25	15	38	20	51	25	63	30	76
White Bass	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
White Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
Yellow Bullhead	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	14	36
Yellow Perch	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38

Catch Summary of Stock Length Fish

Catch per unit effort (CPUE), proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) for species sampled in survey with 80% confidence interval (CI-80).

* Methods/Species that ignore stock length

				dance	Stock Density Indices			es	Condition	
Gear	Species	Sample Size (n)	CPUE	CI-80	PSD	CI-80	PSD-P	CI-80	Wr	CI-80
AFS std gill net	Black Bullhead	1	0.0	0.0	0		0			
	Northern Pike	18	2.1	1.2	71		0		86	2
	Tadpole Madtom*	1	0.1	0.2						
	Walleye	5	0.0	0.0	0		0			
	White Sucker	2	0.3	0.2	50		50		107	5
	Yellow Perch	10	1.3	0.5	10		0		111	4

10-Year Catch Per Unit Effort by Gear and Species

Catch per unit effort (CPUE) and average (Avg) of species across 10 years using different gear types.

* Methods/Species that ignore stock length

							CPUE					
Gear	Species	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Avg
AFS std gill net	Black Bullhead				3.1			15.8			0.0	6.30
	Black Crappie				0.5			1.8			0.0	0.77
	Bluegill				0.5			0.4			0.0	0.30
	Common Carp				0.3			0.1			0.0	0.13
	Largemouth Bass				0.1			0.0			0.0	0.03
	Northern Pike				1.8			8.3			2.1	4.07
	Smallmouth Bass				0.9			0.0			0.0	0.30
	Tadpole Madtom*				0.0			0.0			0.1	0.03
	Walleye				2.2			2.4			0.0	1.53
	White Sucker				8.0			3.9			0.3	1.67
	Yellow Perch				5.5			12.3			1.3	6.37
frame net (std	Black Bullhead	49.9										49.90
3/4 in)	Black Crappie	0.5										0.50
	Bluegill	0.5										0.50
	Northern Pike	0.4										0.40
	Smallmouth Bass	0.4										0.40
	White Sucker	0.5										0.50
	Yellow Perch	0.1										0.10
std exp gill net	Black Bullhead	96.3										96.30
	Black Crappie	1.5										1.50
	Northern Pike	3.0										3.00
	Smallmouth Bass	1.8										1.80
	Walleye	4.3										4.30
	White Sucker	2.0										2.00
	Yellow Perch	3.5										3.50

10-Year Size Structure and Condition Statistics by Gear and Species

Species proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) collected by different gear types across 10 years.

							Ye	ar				
Gear	Species	Index	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
AFS std gill net	Northern Pike	PSD				70			66			71
		PSD-P				0			8			0
		Wr				86			90			86
	Walleye	PSD				100			62			0
		PSD-P				58			45			0
		Wr				91			93			
	Yellow Perch	PSD				2			3			10
		PSD-P				0			1			0
		Wr				99			92			111
std exp gill net	Northern Pike	PSD	67									
		PSD-P	17									
		Wr	79									
	Walleye	PSD	65									
		PSD-P	8									
		Wr	91									
	Yellow Perch	PSD	33									
		PSD-P	0									
		Wr	101									
		Wr	101									

Length at Capture

Mean length at capture by age across years sampled, sample size (N).

Species: Walleye

				Mean Len	gth (expa	nded sam	ple numbe	er) at capt	ure by age	e	
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2024	5	200 (5)									
2021	28		317 (13)	460 (1)	486 (1)	524 (1)	510 (2)	524 (1)	592 (4)	575 (2)	611 (3)
2018	25	206 (1)		431 (3)	463 (2)	517 (6)	525 (5)	567 (3)	558 (3)	695 (2)	
2015	28	138 (2)	325 (8)	407 (11)	460 (1)	499 (5)	502 (1)				
pecies: Y	ellow Pe	rch									
				Mean Len	gth (expa	nded sam	ple numbe	er) at capt	ure by age	9	
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2024	10	151 (8)	188 (1)	217 (1)							
2021	147		151 (16)	156 (125)	217 (5)	270 (1)					
2018	61		160 (59)	200 (2)							
2015	23	98 (1)	140 (14)	171 (1)	225 (2)	227 (5)					

Fish Condition

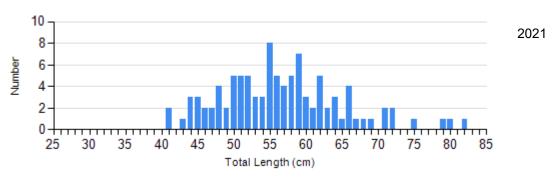
Mean relative weight (Wr) by sample size (N), length category stock to quality (S-Q), quality to preferred (Q-P), preferred to memorable (P-M), and memorable (M) for species collected across survey years with standard error (SE).

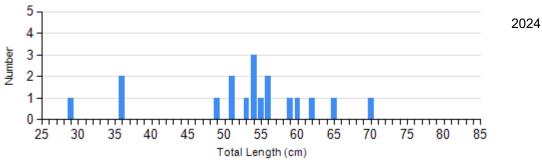
					Length	Group	s		
			S-Q		Q-P		P-M		М
Species	Year	N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)
Northern Pike Gill Net	2021	34	92 (1.0)	58	89 (0.6)	8	93 (3.0)	0	
	2024	5	85 (3.5)	12	87 (2.2)	0		0	
Walleye Gill Net	2021	11	85 (2.1)	5	104 (4.6)	12	95 (1.4)	1	97
	2024	0		0		0		0	
Yellow Perch Gill Net	2021	143	93 (0.6)	3	90 (0.3)	1	87	0	
	2024	9	112 (3.5)	1	107	0		0	

Length Frequency Distribution

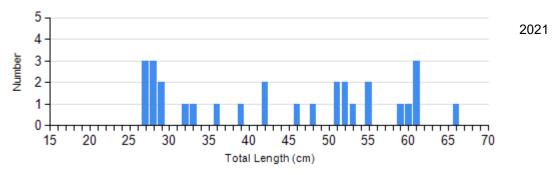
Length frequency histogram of species sampled by year.

Species: Northern Pike Gear: AFS std gill net

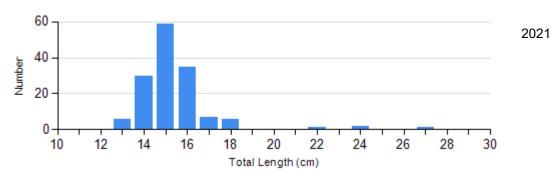




Species: Walleye Gear: AFS std gill net



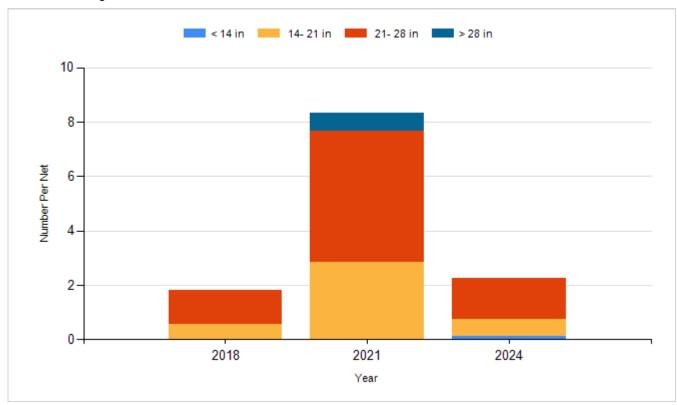
Species: Yellow Perch Gear: AFS std gill net



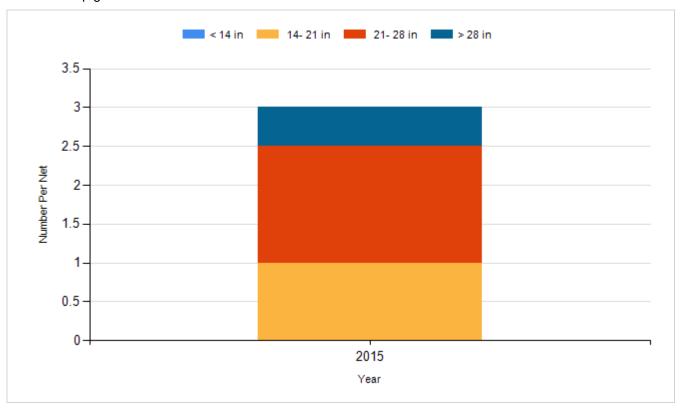
Historic Fish Sizes and Relative Abundance

Size distribution per net by color for species sampled by year.

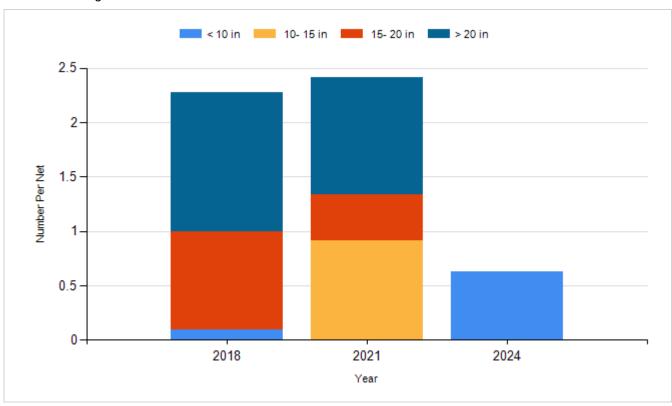
Species: Northern Pike Gear: AFS std gill net



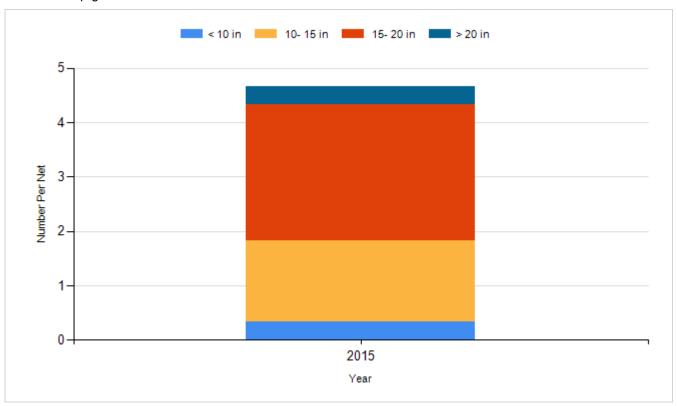
Species: Northern Pike Gear: std exp gill net



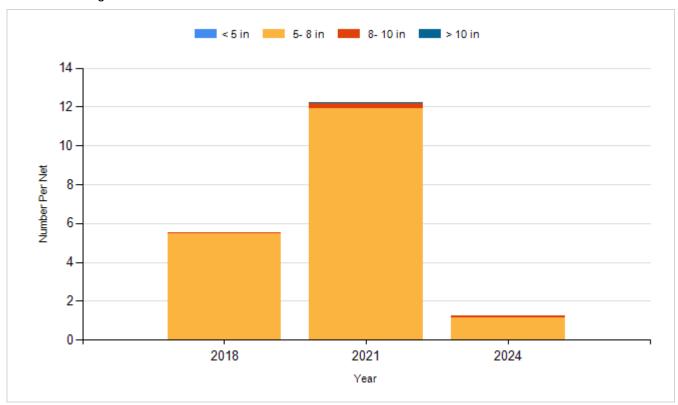
Species: Walleye Gear: AFS std gill net



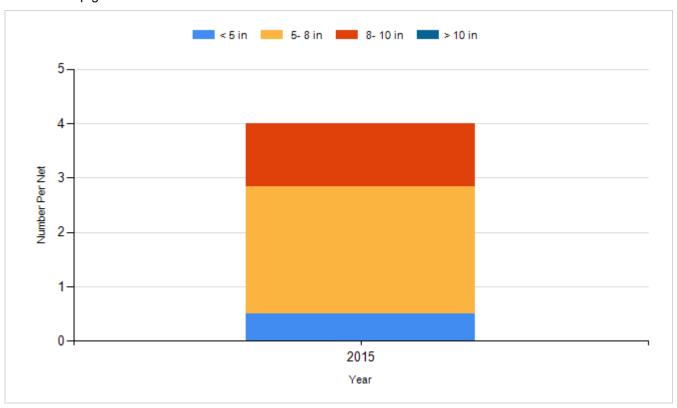
Species: Walleye Gear: std exp gill net



Species: Yellow Perch Gear: AFS std gill net



Species: Yellow Perch Gear: std exp gill net



Fish Stocking

Number of fish stocked by year, species, and size.

Year	Species	Size	Number
2014	Walleye	Large Fingerling	11,224
2017	Walleye	Fry	300,000
2019	Walleye		300,000
2021	Walleye	Fry	300,000
2023	Walleye	Fry	300,000
2024	Largemouth Bass	Juvenile	18,458
2024	Walleye	Fry	300,000