SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE FISHERIES SURVEY Piyas, Marshall County UJA-Lake-840-000 2015

Lake Information

Name:PiyasMaximum Depth:14 Feet

County: Marshall

Surface Area: 1,956 Acres

Surveys and Investigations

Survey methods used by gear type, date, and effort.

Gear	Date	Effort	
std exp gill net	June 30, 2015	3 net-nights	
std exp gill net	July 01, 2015	3 net-nights	

Common Fish Species Present

Walleye

Northern Pike

Yellow Perch

White Sucker

Black Bullhead

Terminology

Catch per unit effort (**CPUE**) refers to the relative abundance of a species. It is defined as the number of fish captured per unit of effort (i.e., number of fish captured per net-night or number of fish captured per hour electrofishing). In this report CPUE is typically given for only stock-length fish (see length categories table for stock lengths).

$$CPUE = \frac{number \ off ish}{effort}$$

Population size structure is quantified using the indices proportional size distribution of quality-length fish (**PSD**) and proportional size distribution of preferred-length fish (**PSD-P**). These indices indicate the proportion of stock-length fish that are equal to or greater than a given length. Minimum lengths for stock, quality and preferred length fish are given in the length categories table.

$$PSD = \left(\frac{number \, offish \ge quality \, length}{number \, of \, fish \ge stock \, length}\right) \ge 100$$

$$PSD - P = \left(\frac{number \ offish \ge preferred \ length}{number \ of \ fish \ge stock \ length}\right) \ge 100$$

Relative weight (**Wr**) is used to quantify fish plumpness. Relative weight is the ratio of what a fish weighs (W) compared to a length-specific standard weight (Ws) multiplied by 100. Relative weight values of 95-105 are commonly cited as optimum values, but values in the 80s are common during summer sampling in South Dakota.

$$Wr = \left(\frac{W}{Ws}\right) \ge 100$$

Confidence intervals (**CI**) are provided for many of the estimates calculated in this report. The confidence interval provides a range in which the true mean is expected to fall. For example, with an 80% CI we are 80% confident that the interval contains the true value.

Length categories include stock (**S**), quality (**Q**), preferred (**P**), memorable (**M**) and trophy (**T**). Length categories for most species have been defined based on a percentage of the world record length for that species. Some species mentioned in this report do not have defined length categories. Length categories for species used in this report are provided in the following table. Measurements are the minimum total length for each category and are reported in inches (in) and centimeters (cm).

	St	ock	Qu	ality	Pref	erred	Mem	orable	Tro	ophy
Species Name	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)
Bigmouth Buffalo	11	28	18	46	24	61	30	76	37	94
Black Bullhead	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
Black Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38

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	St	ock	Qu	ality	Pref	erred	Mem	orable	Tro	 ophy
Species Name	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)	(in)	(cm)
Blue Catfish	12	30	20	51	30	76	35	89	45	114
Bluegill	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Bluegill X Gr. Sunfish Hybrid	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Brown Bullhead	5	13	8	20	11	28	14	36	17	43
Burbot	8	20	15	38	21	53	26	67	32	82
Channel Catfish	11	28	16	41	24	61	28	71	36	91
Common Carp	11	28	16	41	21	53	26	66	33	84
Flathead Catfish	14	35	20	51	28	71	34	86	40	102
Freshwater Drum	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Gizzard Shad	7	18	11	28						
Green Sunfish	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Lake Herring	5	13	8	20	11	28	14	35	17	43
Largemouth Bass	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Longnose Gar	16	41	27	69	36	91	45	114	55	140
Muskellunge	20	51	30	76	38	97	42	107	50	127
Northern Pike	14	35	21	53	28	71	34	86	44	112
Paddlefish	16	41	26	66	33	84	41	104	51	130
Pumpkinseed	3	8	6	15	8	20	10	25	12	30
Redear Sunfish	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	13	33
River Carpsucker	7	18	11	28	14	36	18	46	22	56
Rock Bass	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	13	33
Rudd	6	15	10	25	12	30	15	38	19	48
Sauger	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Saugeye	9	23	14	35	18	46	22	56	27	69
Shorthead Redhorse	6	15	10	25	13	33	16	41	20	51
Smallmouth Bass	7	18	11	28	14	35	17	43	20	51
Smallmouth Buffalo	11	28	18	46	24	61	30	76	37	94
Spotted Bass	7	18	11	28	14	35	17	43	20	51
Striped Bass	12	30	20	51	30	76	35	89	45	114
Striped Bass Hybrid (wiper)	8	20	12	30	15	38	20	51	25	63
Walleye	10	25	15	38	20	51	25	63	30	76
White Bass	6	15	9	23	12	30	15	38	18	46
White Crappie	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
White Perch	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38
White Sucker	6	15	10	25	13	33	16	41	20	51
Yellow Bass	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	13	33
Yellow Bullhead	4	10	7	18	9	23	11	28	14	36
Yellow Perch	5	13	8	20	10	25	12	30	15	38

Catch Summary of Stock Length Fish

Catch per unit effort (CPUE), proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) for species sampled in survey with 80% confidence interval (CI-80).

		Abun	dance	St	ock De	nsity India	ces	Co	ndition
Gear	Species	CPUE	CI-80	PSD	CI-80	PSD-P	CI-80	Wr	CI-80
std exp gill net	Black Bullhead	0.7	0.7	75		75		101	5
	Walleye	11.2	1.8	73	8	6 1		84	· 1
	White Sucker	9.3	3.5	100		100		97	[′] 1
	Yellow Perch	115.2	23.8	67	2	37	2	109	1

10-Year Catch Per Unit Effort by Gear and Species

							CPUE					
Gear	Species	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Avg
std exp gill net	Black Bullhead							0.5			0.7	0.6
	Walleye	13.5			1.3			4.8			11.2	7.7
	White Sucker							1.8			9.3	5.6
	Yellow Perch	91.8			5.6			281.0			115.2	123.4

Catch per unit effort (CPUE) and average (Avg) of species across 10 years using different gear types.

10-Year Size Structure and Condition Statistics by Gear and Species

Species proportional size distribution (PSD), proportional size distribution of preferred length fish (PSD-P), and relative weight (Wr) collected by different gear types across 10 years.

							Ye	ar				
Gear	Species	Index	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
std exp gill net	Walleye	PSD	98			67			45			73
		PSD-P	14			0			10			1
		Wr	99			98			97			84
	Yellow Perch	PSD	5			10			46			67
		PSD-P	2			4			2			37
		Wr	108			111			108			109

Length at Capture

Mean length at capture by age across years sampled, sample size (N).

Species: Walleye

				Mean Len	igth (expa	nded sam	ple numbe	er) at capt	ure by ag	е	
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2015	123	197 (56)	339 (16)	417 (50)						602 (1)	
2012	28	285 (6)	380 (19)	516 (1)	537 (1)	516 (1)					
2009	24		363 (9)	431 (15)							
2006	80		306 (2)		484 (78)						

Species: Yellow Perch

				Mean Len	gth (expa	nded samp	ole numbe	er) at capt	ure by age	Ð	
Year	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
2015	883	110 (197)	177 (268)	251 (162)	259 (241)	294 (18)					
2012	1714	149 (749)	215 (949)	286 (16)							
2009	117	115 (17)	154 (93)	253 (7)	319 (1)						

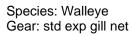
Fish Condition

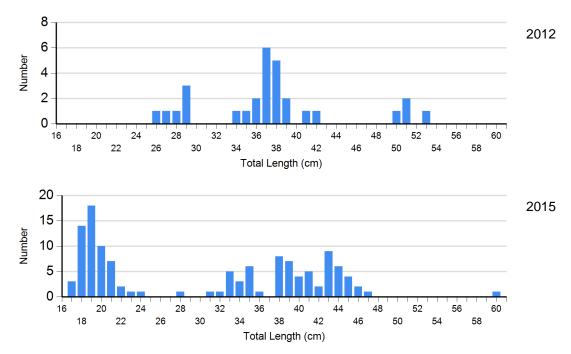
Mean relative weight (Wr) by sample size (N), length category stock to quality (S-Q), quality to preferred (Q-P), preferred to memorable (P-M), and memorable (M) for species collected across survey years with standard error (SE).

			Length Groups										
			S-Q		Q-P		P-M		М				
Species	Year	Ν	Wr (SE)	Ν	Wr (SE)	Ν	Wr (SE)	N	Wr (SE)				
Walleye Gill Net	2012	16	95 (1.6)	10	99 (2.0)	3	102 (1.1)	0					
	2015	18	83 (1.7)	48	84 (0.6)	1	78	0					
Yellow Perch Gill Net	2012	906	105 (0.5)	750	111 (0.5)	30	108 (1.5)	0					
	2015	227	111 (0.8)	210	111 (0.7)	238	108 (0.7)	16	97 (1.8)				

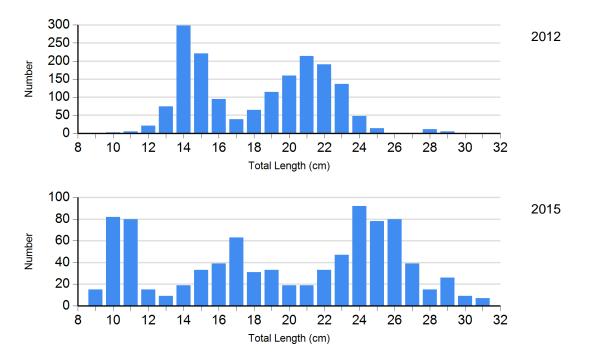
Length Frequency Distribution

Length frequency histogram of species sampled by year.



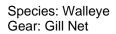


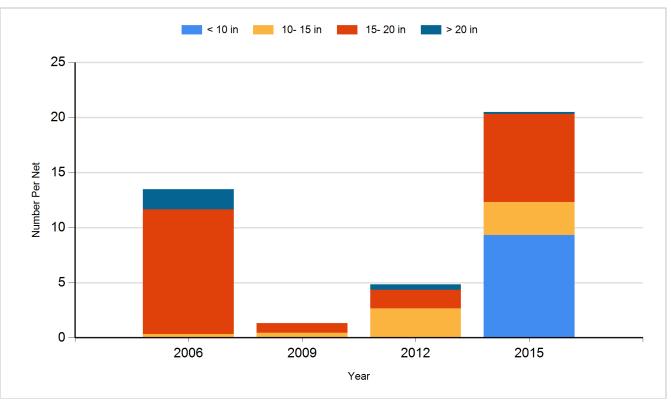
Species: Yellow Perch Gear: std exp gill net



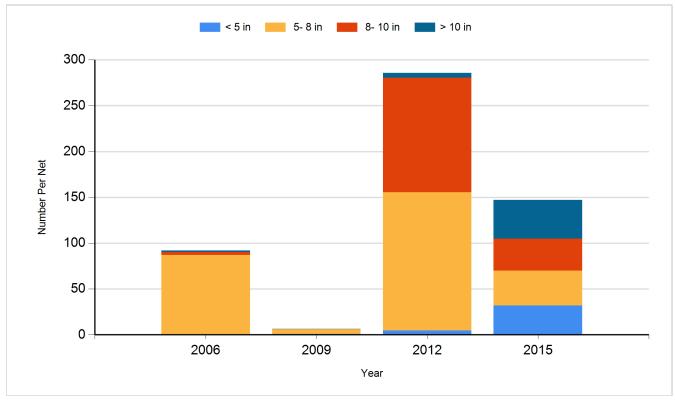
Historic Fish Sizes and Relative Abundance

Size distribution per net by color for species sampled by year.





Species: Yellow Perch Gear: Gill Net



Fish Stocking

Number of fish stocked by year, species, and size.

Year	Species	Size	Number
2006	Walleye	Fry	1,300,000
2008	Walleye	Fry	1,500,000
2010	Walleye	Fry	1,300,000
2012	Walleye	Fry	650,000
2014	Walleye	Fry	750,000