

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES & ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

TATE OF	PROJECT	SHEET	TOTAL
SOUTH			SHEETS
AKOTA	P-B 0013(166)114	2	26

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES - PCN 08HX

BID ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
009E0010	Mobilization	Lump Sum	LS
009E4100	Construction Schedule, Category I	Lump Sum	LS
634E0010	Flagging	16.0	Hour
634E0110	Traffic Control Signs	169.0	SqFt
634E0120	Traffic Control, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS

STR. NO. 51-151-041

BID ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
410E0030	Structural Steel, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS
410E0550	Jack Superstructure, Steel Girder Bridge	Lump Sum	LS
410E1500	Reset Bearing	4	Each
412E0100	Bridge Repainting, Class I	Lump Sum	LS
412E0400	Rust Penetrating Sealer	Lump Sum	LS
412E0500	Paint Residue Containment	Lump Sum	LS
460E0174	Concrete Patching Material, Miscellaneous	68.7	CuFt
460E0300	Breakout Structural Concrete	2.6	CuYd
460E0310	Breakout and Replace Grout Pad	10	Each
460E0380	Install Dowel in Concrete	8	Each
480E5000	Galvanic Anode	104	Each

SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 10-1-25 Version, Required Provisions, and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal. The Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges is available for download and viewing at https://dot.sd.gov/doing-business/contractors/standard-specifications.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

The SDDOT is committed to protecting the environment and uses Environmental Commitments as a communication tool for the Engineer and Contractor to ensure that attention is given to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate an environmental impact. Environmental commitments to various agencies and the public have been made to secure approval of this project. An agency with permitting authority can delay a project if identified environmental impacts have not been adequately addressed. Unless otherwise designated, the Contractor's primary contact regarding matters associated with these commitments will be the Project Engineer. During construction, the Project Engineer will verify that the Contractor has met Environmental Commitment requirements. These environmental commitments are not subject to change without prior written approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office.

Additional guidance on SDDOT's Environmental Commitments can be accessed through the Environmental Procedures Manual found at: https://dot.sd.gov/media/documents/EnvironmentalProceduresManual.pdf

For questions regarding change orders in the field that may have an effect on an Environmental Commitment, the Project Engineer will contact the Environmental Engineer at 605-773-3180 or 605-773-4336 to determine whether an environmental analysis and/or resource agency coordination is necessary.

Once construction is complete, the Project Engineer will review all environmental commitments for the project and document their completion.

COMMITMENT C: WATER SOURCE

The Contractor will not withdraw water with equipment previously used outside the State of South Dakota or previously used in aquatic invasive species (AIS) positive waters within South Dakota without prior approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office. To prevent and control the introduction and spread of invasive species into the project vicinity, all equipment will be power washed with hot water (≥140 °F) and completely dried for a minimum of 7 days prior to subsequent use. South Dakota administrative rule 41:10:04:02 forbids the possession and transport of AIS; therefore, all attached dirt, mud, debris and vegetation must be removed and all compartments and tanks capable of holding standing water must be drained. This includes, but is not limited to, all equipment, pumps, lines, hoses and holding tanks.

The Contractor will not withdraw water directly from streams of the James, Big Sioux, and Vermillion watersheds without prior approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office.

Action Taken/Required:

The Contractor will obtain the necessary permits from the regulatory agencies such as the South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources (DANR) and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) prior to water extraction activities.

Additional information and mapping of water sources impacted by Aquatic Invasive Species in South Dakota can be accessed at: https://sdleastwanted.sd.gov/maps/default.aspx

South Dakota Administrative Rule 41:10:04 Aquatic Invasive Species: https://sdlegislature.gov/rules/DisplayRule.aspx?Rule=41:10:04

COMMITMENT E: STORM WATER

Construction activities constitute less than 1 acre of disturbance.

Action Taken/Required:

At a minimum and regardless of project size, appropriate erosion and sediment control measures must be installed to control the discharge of pollutants from the construction site.

COMMITMENT H: WASTE DISPOSAL SITE

The Contractor will furnish a site(s) for the disposal of construction and/or demolition debris generated by this project.

Action Taken/Required:

Construction and/or demolition debris may not be disposed of within the Public ROW.

The waste disposal site(s) will be managed and reclaimed in accordance with the following from the General Permit for Construction/Demolition Debris Disposal Under the South Dakota Waste Management Program issued by the Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources.

The waste disposal site(s) will not be located in a wetland, within 200 feet of surface water, or in an area that adversely affects wildlife, recreation, aesthetic value of an area, or any threatened or endangered species, as approved by the Environmental Office and the Project Engineer.

If the waste disposal site(s) is located such that it is within view of any ROW, the following additional requirements will apply:

- 1. Construction and/or demolition debris consisting of concrete, asphalt concrete, or other similar materials will be buried in a trench separate from wood debris. The final cover over the construction and/or demolition debris will consist of a minimum of 1 foot of soil capable of supporting vegetation. Waste disposal sites provided outside of the Public ROW will be seeded in accordance with Natural Resources Conservation Service recommendations. The seeding recommendations may be obtained through the appropriate County NRCS Office. The Contractor will control the access to waste disposal sites not within the Public ROW with fences, gates, and placement of a sign or signs at the entrance to the site stating, No Dumping Allowed.
- 2. Concrete and asphalt concrete debris may be stockpiled within view of the ROW for a period not to exceed the duration of the project. Prior to project completion, the waste will be removed from view of the ROW or buried, and the waste disposal site reclaimed as noted above.

The above requirements will not apply to waste disposal sites that are covered by an individual solid waste permit as specified in SDCL 34A-6-58, SDCL 34A-6-1.13, and ARSD 74:27:10:06.

Failure to comply with the requirements stated above may result in civil penalties in accordance with South Dakota Solid Waste Law, SDCL 34A-6-1.31.

Cost associated with furnishing waste disposal site(s), disposing of waste, maintaining control of access (fence, gates and signs), and reclamation of the waste disposal site(s) will be incidental to the various contract items.

Rev. 9/19/25 MR

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

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SOUTH		_	
DAKOTA	P-B 0013(166)114	3	26

COMMITMENT I: HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE CLEARANCES

The SDDOT has obtained concurrence with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO or THPO) for all work included within the project limits and all department designated sources and designated option material sources, stockpile sites, storage areas, and waste sites provided within the plans.

Action Taken/Required:

All earth disturbing activities not designated within the plans require a cultural resource review prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting. This work includes but is not limited to: Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas.

The Contractor will arrange and pay for a record search and when necessary, a cultural resource survey. The Contractor has the option to contact the state Archaeological Research Center (ARC) at 605-394-1936 or another qualified archaeologist, to obtain either a records search or a cultural resources survey. A record search might be sufficient for review if the site was previously surveyed; however, a cultural resources survey may need to be conducted by a qualified archaeologist.

The Contractor will provide ARC with the following: a topographical map or aerial view in which the site is clearly outlined, site dimensions, project number, and PCN. If applicable, provide evidence that the site has been previously disturbed by farming, mining, or construction activities with a landowner statement that artifacts have not been found on the site.

The Contractor will submit the cultural resources survey report to SDDOT Environmental Office, 700 East Broadway Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501-2586. SDDOT will submit the information to the appropriate SHPO/THPO. Allow 30 Days from the date this information is submitted to the Environmental Engineer for SHPO/THPO review.

In the event of an inadvertent discovery of human remains, funerary objects, or if evidence of cultural resources is identified during project construction activities, then such activities within 100 feet of the inadvertent discovery will immediately cease and the Project Engineer will be immediately notified. The Project Engineer will contact the SDDOT Environmental Office, who will contact the appropriate SHPO/THPO within 48 hours of the discovery to determine an appropriate course of action.

SHPO/THPO review does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for obtaining any additional permits and clearances for Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas that affect wetlands, threatened and endangered species, or waterways. The Contractor will not utilize a site known or suspected of having contaminated soil or water. The Contractor will provide the required permits and clearances to the Project Engineer at the preconstruction meeting.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

The Contractor will submit a sequence of operations for approval two weeks prior to the preconstruction meeting. If changes to the sequence of operations are proposed during the project, these must be submitted for review a minimum of one week prior to potential implementation. Approval for changes to the sequence of operations will only be allowed when the proposed changes meet with the Department's intent for traffic control and sequencing of the work.

GENERAL TRAFFIC CONTROL

All temporary traffic control sign locations will be set in the field by the Contractor and verified by the Engineer prior to installation.

If there is a discrepancy between the traffic control plans, standard plates, and the MUTCD, whichever is more stringent will be used, as determined by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise stated in these plans, work will not be allowed during hours of darkness.

All haul trucks will be equipped with an additional flashing amber light that is visible from the backside of the haul truck. The costs for the flashing amber lights will be incidental to the various related contract items.

The Contractor will furnish, install, maintain, and remove TRUCK CROSSING (W8-6) signs daily. The TRUCK CROSSING signs will be displayed always when haul vehicles are hauling material. When hauling conditions no longer exist, the signs will be covered or removed from view. The exact number and location will be determined during construction. Payment for additional signs will be based on the contract unit price per square foot for "Traffic Control Signs".

FLAGGING

It is required that the flaggers and be able to communicate with one another. If an emergency vehicle needs to pass through the project, the Contractor will be required to expedite traffic movement. All costs associated with this will be incidental to the contract unit price per hour for "Flagging".

In accordance to standard plate 634.31, flagging will be required to keep traffic off the bridge for 45 minutes while jacking the superstructure.

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ITEMIZED LIST FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS

			CONVENTIO	NAL ROAD	
SIGN CODE	SIGN DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	SQFT PER SIGN	SQFT
W3-4	BE PREPARED TO STOP	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W8-6	TRUCK CROSSING	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W20-1	ROAD WORK AHEAD	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W20-7	FLAGGER (symbol)	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
W21-5	SHOULDER WORK	2	48" x 48"	16.0	32.0
G20-2	END ROAD WORK	2	36" x 18"	4.5	9.0
			VENTIONAL CONTROL SI		169.0

The signs illustrated are not required if the work space is behind a barrier, more than 2 feet behind the curb, or 15 feet or more from the edge of any roadway.

The signs illustrated will be used where there are distracting situations; such as: vehicles parked on shoulder, vehicles accessing the work site via the highway, and equipment traveling on or crossing the roadway to perform work operations.

The ROAD WORK AHEAD sign may be replaced with other appropriate signs, such as the SHOULDER WORK sign. The SHOULDER WORK sign may be used for work adjacent to the shoulder.

★ If the work space is on a divided highway, an advance warning sign should also be placed on the left side of the directional roadway.

For short term, short duration, or mobile operations, all signs and channelizing devices may be eliminated if a vehicle with an activated flashing or revolving yellow light is used.

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S D D O T

	(*) 	Speed Advance Prior to S Work (F (M.P.H.)	cing of e Warning igns eet) (A) 200 850 500 750
Ľ		WORK	
	* (†)	ROAD WORK AHEAD	
<u> </u>	VORK BEYOND TI	HE SHOULDER	January 22, 2021 PLATE NUMBER 634.01

Sheet I of I

Posted Spacing of Taper | Spacing of Speed Advance Warning Length Channelizing Prior to Signs Devices Work (Feet) (Feet) (Feet) (M.P.H. (A) (L) (G) 0 - 30 200 180 25 MOBK 35 - 40 350 320 25 500 45 600 25 50 500 600 50 55 750 660 50 60 - 65 1000 780 50 ■ Channelizing Device MOKK SHOULDER ROAD WORK The channelizing devices will be drums or 42" cones if traffic control must remain overnight. For short duration operations (1 hour or less) all channelizing devices may be eliminated if a vehicle with an activated flashing or revolving yellow light is used. Worker signs (W21-1 or W21-1a) may be used instead of SHOULDER WORK signs. A SHOULDER WORK sign should be placed on the left side of a divided or one-way roadway only if the left shoulder is affected. The SHOULDER WORK sign on an intersecting roadway is not required if drivers emerging from that roadway will encounter another advance warning sign before they reach a work activity area. -WORK SPACE WORK SPACE-SHOULDER WORK WORK AHEAD ROAD WORK January 22, 2021 S PLATE NUMBER *634.03* WORK ON SHOULDERS **D O T**

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PROJECT

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STATE OF SOUTH

DAKOTA

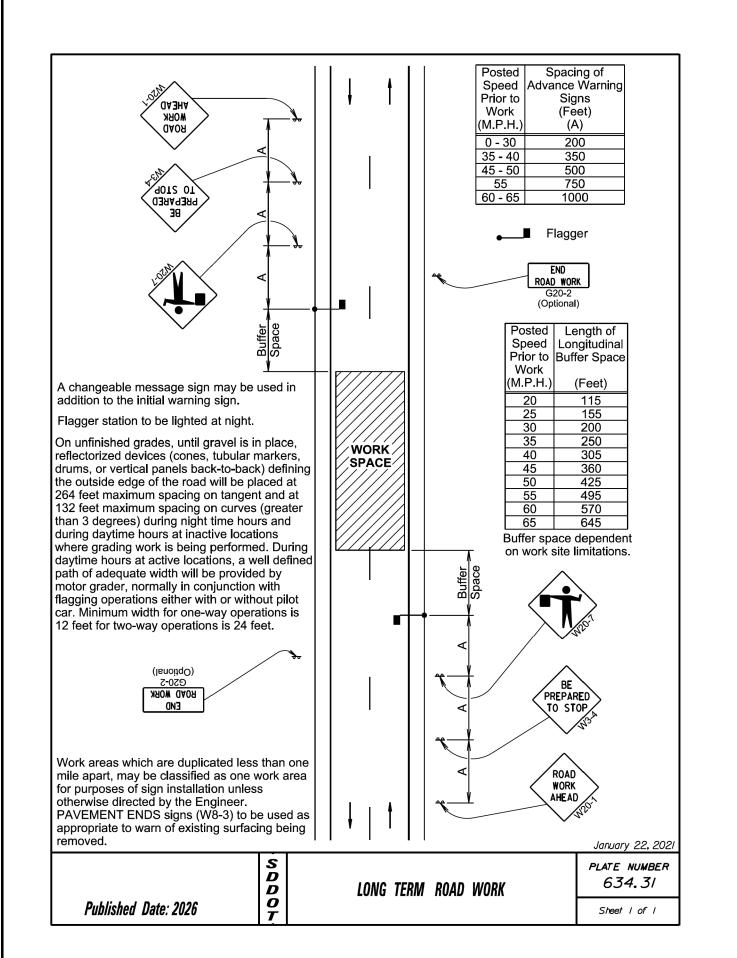
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TOTAL SHEETS

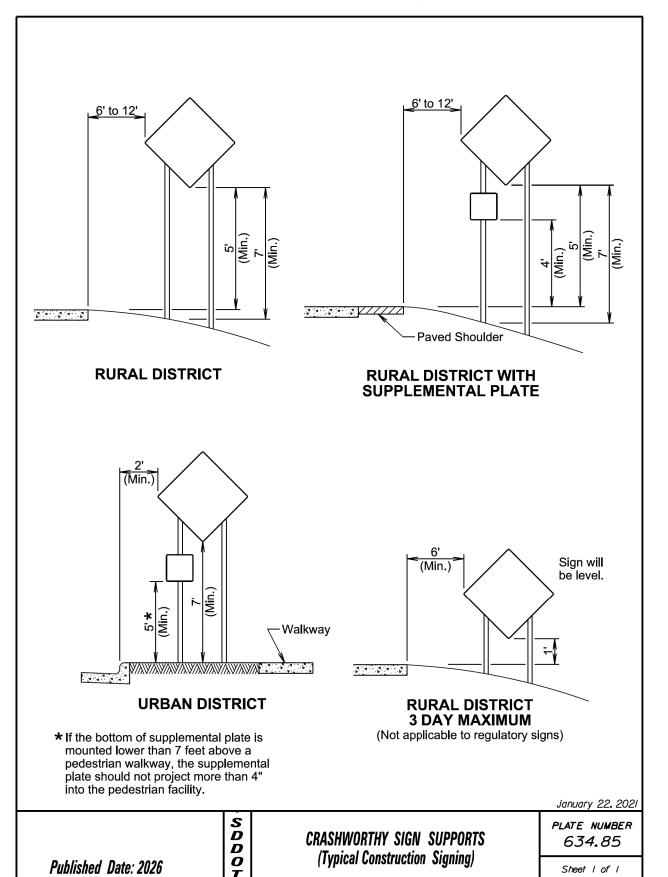
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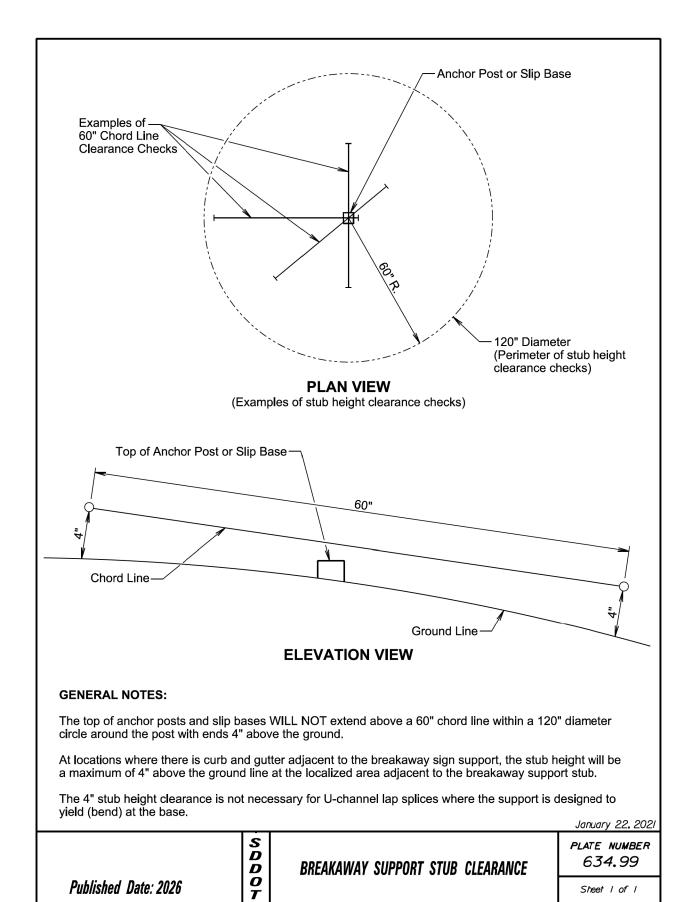


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Plotting Date:

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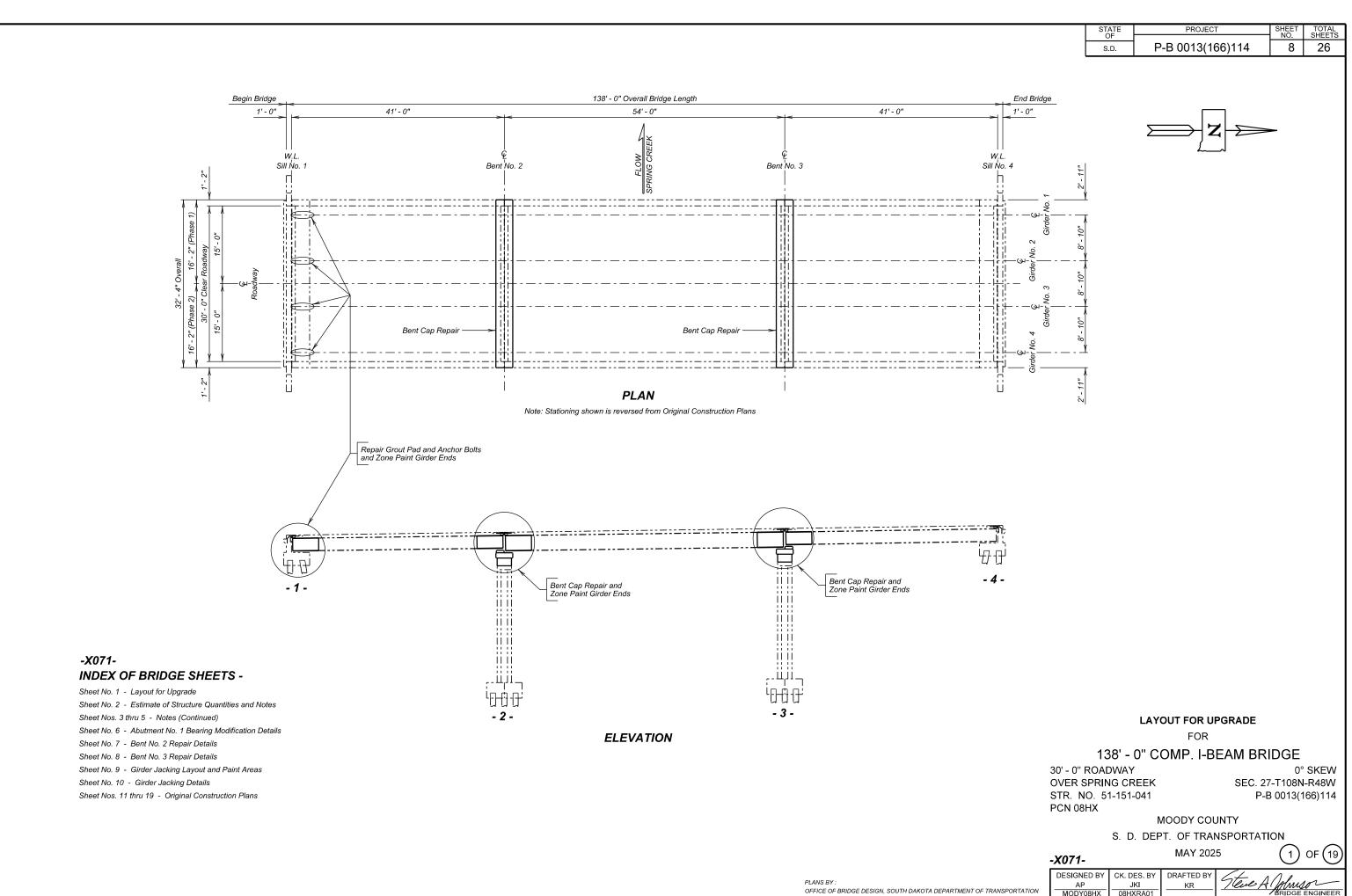
BREAKAWAY SUPPORT STUB CLEARANCE

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ESTIMATE OF STRUCTURE QUANTITIES

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT
410E0030	Structural Steel, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS
410E0550	Jack Superstructure, Steel Girder Bridge	Lump Sum	LS
410E1500	Reset Bearing	4	Each
412E0100	Bridge Repainting, Class I	Lump Sum	LS
412E0400	Rust Penetrating Sealer	Lump Sum	LS
412E0500	Paint Residue Containment	Lump Sum	LS
460E0174	Concrete Patching Material, Miscellaneous	68.7	CuFt
460E0300	Breakout Structural Concrete	2.6	CuYd
460E0310	10 Breakout and Replace Grout Pad		Each
460E0380	Install Dowel in Concrete	8	Each
480E5000	Galvanic Anode	104	Each

SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. Design Specifications: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges 17th Edition using Working Stress Design.
- 2. Construction Specifications: Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 10-1-25 Version; Required Provisions; and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal. The Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges is available for download and viewing at https://dot.sd.gov/doingbusiness/contractors/standard-specifications.
- 3. All Welding and Welding Inspection will be in conformance with the latest edition of the AASHTO/AWS D1.5M/D1.5 2020 Bridge Welding Code unless noted otherwise in the plans.

UTILITIES

- 1. The Contractor will contact the involved utility companies through South Dakota One Call (1-800-781-7474) prior to starting work. It will be the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate work with the utility owners to avoid damage to existing facilities.
- 2. If utilities are identified near the improvement area through the SD One Call Process as required by South Dakota Codified Law 49-7A and Administrative Rule Article 20:25, the Contractor will contact the Engineer to determine modifications that will be necessary to avoid utility impacts.

DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS OF EXISTING BRIDGE

- 1. All details and dimensions of the existing bridge, contained in these plans, are based on the original construction plans and shop plans and are provided as information only. It is the Contractor's responsibility to inspect and verify the actual field conditions and any necessary as-built dimensions affecting the satisfactory completion of the work required for this project.
- 2. The stationing shown in the original construction plans is reversed from the current project. As such, labels for the begin and end of bridge as well as the substructure units are reversed.

NOTICE - LEAD BASED PAINT

Be advised that the paint on the steel surfaces of the existing structure is a paint containing lead. The Contractor should plan operations accordingly and inform employees of the hazards of lead exposure.

PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

A pre-construction meeting is required prior to beginning the repair work. The purpose of the meeting is to review the plans and procedures because of the specialty work involved. At a minimum, a representative from the Contractor and all Subcontractors will attend this meeting along with Department personnel from the Area Office and Office of Bridge Design. The Contractor must notify the Bridge Construction Engineer and the Area Office at least three days prior to the meeting.

SCOPE OF BRIDGE WORK & SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

All work on this structure will be accomplished with the traffic control shown in the plans. Alternate sequence of operations may be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer a minimum of two weeks prior to the pre-construction meeting.

- 1. Install temporary jacking supports under the existing girders at Abutment No. 1 and girder jacking frames at Bent Nos. 2 and 3.
- 2. Perform girder jacking to transfer girder reactions to the temporary jacking supports and jacking frames for the first phase of construction.
- 3. At Abutment No. 1 remove the existing masonry plates, grout pads, and cut anchor rods shown in the plans for the first phase of construction.
- 4. At Abutment No. 1 replace the existing masonry plates, grout pads. and cut anchor rods shown in the plans for the first phase of construction.
- 5. At Bent Nos. 2 and 3 remove existing grout pads and breakout delaminated areas of concrete shown in the plans for the first phase of construction.
- 6. Place galvanic anodes at interface between new and existing concrete for the first phase of construction.
- 7. At Bent Nos. 2 and 3 repair delaminated areas of concrete and replace existing grout pads shown in the plans for the first phase of construction.
- 8. Switch traffic and repeat steps 2 through 7 for the second phase of construction.
- 9. Zone clean, apply rust penetrating sealer, and paint girder ends, bearings, stiffeners, and jacking frames in the work affected areas at Abutment No. 1 and Bent Nos. 2 and 3.

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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - BRIDGE

Revised 09/19/2025 J.K.I

- 1. Welder certification will be in accordance with Section 410.3 D of the Construction Specifications.
- 2. All new structural steel W-Sections will conform to ASTM A992, Grade 50 and structural steel plates will conform to ASTM A709. Grade 50. unless shown otherwise.
- 3. All mild reinforcing steel will conform to ASTM A615, Grade 60.
- 4. All exposed concrete corners and edges will be chamfered 3/4-inch unless noted otherwise in the plans. Match existing chamfer if the existing chamfer differs.
- 5. Use 2-inch clear cover on all reinforcing steel except as shown otherwise.

INSTALL NEW TEMPORARY JACKING SUPPORT

- 1. To replace grout pads at Bent Nos. 2 and 3, new jacking frames will be installed at the locations shown in the plans.
- 2. To replace bearing at Abutment No. 1, new bearing stiffeners will be installed at the locations shown in the plans.
- 3. Approved welding processes are shielded metal arc welding (SMAW) and flux cored arc welding (FCAW). The notes are based on the assumption that SMAW will be used. If the Contractor plans to use FCAW, they will contact the Bridge Construction Engineer for any changes in requirements.
- 4. Welding will not be done when the ambient air temperature is 0°F or lower, or when steel surfaces are wet or exposed to rain, snow, or high wind.
- 5. All costs associated with materials of the jacking frame and bearing stiffeners; and installing the jacking frame on the existing girders including all materials, labor, welding, weld inspection, bearing stiffener installation and any incidentals necessary will be incidental to the contract lump sum price for Structural Steel, Miscellaneous.

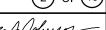
ESTIMATE OF STRUCTURE QUANTITIES AND NOTES

FOR

138' - 0" COMP. I-BEAM BRIDGE

STR. NO. 51-151-041

MAY 2025



DESIGNED BY CK. DES. BY DRAFTED BY

JACKING SUPERSTRUCTURE

- Vertical jacks will be used to support the girders at Abutment No. 1 and Bent Nos. 2 and 3 at the plan specified locations, until the bearing and grout pad replacements are complete. The existing nuts on the anchor rods at locations not being repaired must be loosened to allow for movement due to girder jacking at adjacent locations. The jacking points will be as shown in the plans.
- 2. Vertical jacks will be used to carry the girder reactions during the time of grout pad and bearing replacements. The intent of the jacking procedure is to transfer the full dead load reaction and any expected live load reaction due to traffic phasing to the jack during the grout pad and bearing replacement process while keeping the vertical movement of the girder to the minimum amount necessary, as approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The vertical jacks will have a lock nut for mechanical load holding with hydraulic pressure released.
- 4. The vertical jacks will be able to safely support a load of 60 kips for the entire time required to replace the grout pads and shift bearings into their new positions while allowing for the longitudinal girder movements due to temperature induced expansion and contraction. The temporary supports at the jacking locations will be designed to allow for longitudinal girder movements up to 1 5/8-inches.
- 5. The jacks will include calibrated gauges, which indicate jack load.
- Each jack will have a bearing plate at both ends of sufficient area and thickness to limit the bearing stress on the loaded areas of concrete to not more than 1,600 psi and to limit the bearing stress on the loaded area of steel to not more than 20,000 psi.
- 7. Caution will be exercised when transferring the girder reactions to and from the jacks to ensure that no damage to any of the existing structural components will occur due to the jacking procedure. Any damage to any of the structural components of the bridge caused by the jacking procedure will be repaired, as approved by the Engineer, at no cost to the Department.
- 8. Traffic will be stopped when the hydraulic system of the jack is carrying the girder reaction. Traffic will be allowed to resume under the traffic control shown on the plans only after the lock nut for the mechanical load holding is engaged and the hydraulic pressure is no longer needed to support the girder reaction. No live load will be allowed directly over the jack after the lock nut for the mechanical load holding is engaged. Traffic control has been established based on keeping traffic off the bridge for no more than 45 minutes when transferring the girder reaction to the jack in the mechanical load holding condition. If the Contractor cannot adequately complete the load transfer operations within the specified period, he will submit their preferred time requirements in writing to the Engineer at the preconstruction meeting for consideration for approval.
- 9. The Contractor will be required to submit a detailed jacking plan approved and stamped by a Professional Engineer registered with the State of South Dakota. The jacking procedure will be submitted 30 days prior to the start of work for approval by the Office of Bridge Design. Included in this procedure will be the details of the bearing plates used to limit the bearing stress on the concrete and steel; type, number, size, and positioning of jacks; temporary support details; load monitoring method; and method of synchronization between multiple jacks.

10. All costs for materials, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to perform the vertical jacking as shown by these plans will be included in the contract lump sum price for Jack Superstructure, Steel Girder Bridge.

BREAKOUT AND REPLACE GROUT PAD

- 1. Any girder supported by jacking will not be allowed to transfer any portion of its load to the bearings until the newly constructed grout pads have attained a minimum compressive strength of 2000 psi.
- 2. After the temporary girder supports have been established, the existing grout pads will be removed and rebuilt to the dimensions detailed in this plan set. The existing grout pad recess will be cleaned out to the depth of the original grout pad recess. Additionally, top of concrete at abutment sill, bent caps, and bent cap risers will be removed to the limits of the new grout pads as detailed. Define the limits of removal for the new grout pads with a 3/4-inch deep sawcut where possible. The new recess will be a minimum of 1-inch deep.
- 3. The elevation of the new grout pads will be such that the existing elevations at the top of the deck slab are maintained after all grout pad repair work and bearing replacement work is completed.
- 4. The grout used in the replacement of the grout pads will be in accordance with Section 460.2 K of the Construction Specifications.
- 5. After the grout pad has been placed and has had sufficient time to cure, the bearings will be reattached. Before the bearing device is lowered onto the new grout pad a 1/8-inch-thick layer of preformed fabric pad will be placed between the grout pad and the bearing device. The material will be composed of multiple layers of 8-ounce cotton duck impregnated and bound with high-quality natural rubber or of equivalent and equally suitable materials compressed into resilient pads of uniform thickness. The number of plies will be such as to produce the specified thickness, after compression and vulcanizing. The finished pads will withstand compression loads perpendicular to the plane of the laminations of not less than 10,000 pounds per square inch without detrimental reduction in thickness or extrusion.
- The cost of all labor, materials, equipment and any incidentals required including removing existing grout pads, furnishing and placing grout, preformed fabric pads, and all incidentals will be included in the contract unit price per each for Breakout and Replace Grout Pad.

REPAIR AND RESET BEARINGS AT ABUTMENT NO. 1

- There are four existing bearings requiring resets and replacement of the masonry plates at Abutment No. 1, as shown in the plans. The girders require the existing rocker plates to be reset on the new masonry plate.
- 2. Prior to replacing the bearing plates, new temporary support will be installed at the locations shown by the plans.

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- 3. Prior to the start of any bearing plate replacement, all existing bearings will be checked for ease of movement as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Traffic will be reduced to one lane during bearing repair and only the two bearings on the opposing side to traffic will be replaced at this time. Once bearings are set traffic will be switched to perform replacements on the opposite side.
- 5. Cut existing anchor rods below grout pad surface to avoid any interference with new bearing plate placement.
- 6. Bolts used in bearings will conform to ASTM 3125 Grade A325.
- 7. Bearing plates will conform to A709 Grade 36.
- 8. All costs for materials, labor, equipment, and any incidentals necessary to replace the bearings as shown by these plans will be included in the contract unit price per each for Reset Bearing.

INSTALL DOWEL IN CONCRETE

- 1. Holes drilled in the existing concrete will be true and normal or as shown in the plans. Drilling holes using a core drill will not be allowed. Care will be taken not to damage the existing reinforcing steel. It is likely that some of the existing reinforcing steel shown in the original construction plans may have been placed out of position during original construction. Therefore, prior to the start of drilling any holes in the concrete, an effort will be made by Department forces to mark on the concrete surface where practical any locations of the inplace reinforcing steel. Despite this precaution, the Contractor can still expect to encounter and have to drill through reinforcing steel or shift the dowel spacing as approved by the Engineer to miss the existing reinforcing steel. If the Contractor shifts the dowel spacing, the unused drill holes will be completely filled with epoxy resin as approved by the Engineer.
- 2. The epoxy resin mixture will be of a type for bonding steel to hardened concrete and will conform to AASHTO M235 Type IV (Equivalent to ASTM C881, Type IV). Grade 1, 2 or 3 may be used for vertical dowels.
- 3. The diameter of the drilled holes will not be less than 1/8-inch greater, nor more than 3/8-inch greater than the diameter of the dowels or as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. The drilled holes will be blown out with compressed air using a device that will reach the back of the hole to ensure that all debris or loose material has been removed prior to epoxy injection.

NOTES (CONTINUED)

FOR

138' - 0" COMP. I-BEAM BRIDGE

STR. NO. 51-151-041

MAY 2025



DESIGNED BY CK. DES. BY DRAFTED BY Steve A Johnson Bridge engineer

INSTALL DOWEL IN CONCRETE (CONTINUED)

- 4. Mix epoxy resin as recommended by the Manufacturer and apply by an injection method as approved by the Engineer. Beginning at the back of the drilled holes, fill the holes 1/3 to 1/2 full of epoxy, or as recommended by the Manufacturer, prior to insertion of the steel bar. Rotate the steel bar during installation to eliminate voids and ensure complete bonding of the bar. Insertion of the bars by the dipping or painting method will not be allowed.
- 5. No loads will be applied to the epoxy grouted dowel bars until the epoxy resin has had sufficient time to cure as specified by the epoxy resin manufacturer.
- 6. Anchor rod dowel bars will conform to ASTM F1554. Grade 36.
- 7. The cost of epoxy resin, dowels, installation, and other incidental items will be incidental to the contract unit price per each for Install Dowel in Concrete.

BENT CAP AND RISER REPAIR

- 1. The delaminated areas shown in the plans are an approximation based on a delamination survey obtained in June 2024. The actual repair areas will be determined in the field as approved by the Engineer.
- 2. The bent caps and risers will be rebuilt to the dimensions of the original construction plans unless otherwise shown on the plans. The top surface of the bent caps and risers will be finished level in both directions and will match the elevation of the existing bent caps and risers. The bent caps and risers will be finished to ensure complete and uniform bearing under the masonry plate.
- 3. Bent cap and riser formwork may be removed when the bent cap and riser have attained a compressive strength of 2400 psi. Load will not be transferred to the bearing until the concrete has attained a minimum compressive strength of 4500 psi.
- 4. All costs associated with furnishing, placing and finishing patching materials and Class A45 Concrete will be incidental to the contract unit price per cubic yard for Concrete Patching Material, Miscellaneous.
- 5. The Contractor will place the concrete for the bent cap and riser repair in accordance with Section 460 of the Construction Specifications. A minimum substrate concrete temperature of 40°F will be maintained. If this requires housing or heating then the cost will be incidental to the contract unit price per cubic yard for Concrete Patching Material, Miscellaneous.
- 6. The Contractor will have the option of forming and pouring the bent cap and riser repair with an approved A45 mix mixed and proportioned in accordance with Section 460 of the Construction Specifications with the following modifications: the coarse aggregate gradation will be in accordance with Section 820 of the Construction Specifications and size #3 will be substituted in lieu of sizes #1 and #15. The use of an A45 mix in lieu of the specified patching materials will be at no additional cost to the Department.

GALVANIC ANODE

- 1. The Contractor will furnish and place galvanic anodes in the concrete repair areas specified in this plan set.
- 2. The galvanic anodes will be supplied as one of the following:
 - a. Galvashield XP2 Vector Corrosion Technologies 65114 140th Ave. Wabasha, MN 55981 Phone: (507) 259-2481
 - b. Sentinel Silver **Euclid Chemical Company** 19218 Redwood Road Cleveland, OH 44110 Phone: (800) 321-7628
 - c. Sika FerroGard 670 Sika Corporation US 201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 Phone: (800) 933-7452
- 3. The anodes will be placed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Engineer. The anodes have not been shown on the drawings. The Contractor will provide shop drawings of the galvanic anode installation including locations of the individual anodes to the Office of Bridge Design.
- 4. The anodes will be placed with a minimum 3/4-inch cover and will be set in embedding mortar per the manufacturer's recommendations. The anodes will be fully encased in the concrete repair material. Where adequate cover does not exist, a concrete pocket will be chipped out behind the anode to provide sufficient cover. The Contractor may need to chip around the reinforcing bar locally at the anode installation to make the electrical connection. The reinforcing steel at the connection location will be cleaned per the manufacturer's recommendations to provide sufficient electrical connection and mechanical bond.
- 5. The electrical continuity of the connections and reinforcing steel will be confirmed per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 6. In areas of concrete repair where anodes are placed, the epoxy coating on the reinforcing steel will not require touch up.
- 7. The Contractor will provide manufacturer's product literature and installation instructions to the Engineer 10 days prior to installation.
- 8. All costs associated with placing anodes including labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals will be included in the contract unit price per each for Galvanic Anode.

PROJECT P-B 0013(166)114 11 26

PAINT RESIDUE REMOVAL AND CONTAINMENT

- 1. Paint removal on the existing bridge will be in accordance with Section 412 of the Construction Specifications except as modified by these notes.
- 2. The Contractor will plan operations to prevent releases of leadcontaining material and other particulate matter into the surrounding air, water, and onto the ground, slope protection, and pavement. The Contractor will be responsible for any corrective actions should a spill occur.
- 3. Collect all visible paint particles and blasting residue containing paint at the end of each workday from the work area. Inspect outside the containment and collect any paint particles or blasting residue that escaped the work area. Collect waste material by manual means, vacuum, or another method approved by the Engineer. Do not use air pressure or streaming water to assist in the waste collection process that could disperse the waste material.
- 4. In the event of a spill or inadvertent release, the Contractor will immediately stop work, notify the Engineer, and report the release to the South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources (DANR). The Contractor will be responsible for completing a spill reporting form and for all costs associated with appropriate corrective

To report a release or spill, call DANR at (605) 773-3296 during regular office hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Central time). To report the release after hours, on weekends or holidays, call State Radio Communications at (605) 773-3231. Reporting the release to DANR does not meet any obligation for reporting to other state, local, or federal agencies. Therefore, the Contractor must also contact local authorities to determine the local reporting requirements for releases. DANR recommends that spills also be reported to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

5. If the Contractor elects to use containers other than 55-gallon barrels to hold paint residue the Contractor will be responsible for all testing and disposal at a permitted regional landfill. The Contractor will be responsible for compliance of laws and regulations regarding storage, handling, and shipping. Copies of all tests, shipping, and disposal documents will be provided to the Office of Bridge Design.

BRIDGE PAINTING AND BRIDGE REPAINTING, CLASS I

The new structural steel for the jacking frame, the work affected areas for installation of the jacking frame, and bearing modifications will be painted in accordance with Section 412 of the Construction Specifications.

> **NOTES (CONTINUED)** FOR

138' - 0" COMP. I-BEAM BRIDGE

STR. NO. 51-151-041

MAY 2025



DESIGNED BY	CK. DES. BY	DRAFTED BY	6+ 111
JKI	AP	JKI	/leve Al Jalmison
MODY08HX	08HXIA04		BRIDGE ENGINEER

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	OF _		NO.	SHEETS
	S.D.	P-B 0013(166)114	12	26
APPLICATION OF RUST PENETRATING SEALER				

- 1. Pack rust within the paint designated areas will be treated with a rust penetrating sealer. The rust penetrating sealer will be applied after the area has been cleaned and prepared for painting but prior to the application of the final paint system.
- 2. The rust penetrating sealer supplied will be one of the following:
 - a. Pre-Prime 167
 Penetrating Sealer International
 South Dakota Area Manager: Kevin Perego
 Telephone: 636-207-8897
 Cell: 314-540-8925
 - Wasser MC-PrepBond 2.8
 Wasser Corporation
 4118 B Place NW Suite B
 Auburn, WA 98001
 Telephone: 800-627-2968
 - c. Time-Lock MoPoxY PRE-PREP Rust Penetrating Sealer 41-AF-2 BLP Mobile Paints P.O. Box 717 Theodore, Alabama 36590-0717 Telephone: 251-443-6110
 - d. Rust Bullet Standard Formula Rust Bullet, LLC
 300 Brinkby Avenue, Suite 200 Reno, NV 89509
 Telephone: 800-245-1600
 - e. MACROPOXY 5000 Sherwin Williams Company Greg Larson Cell: 612-220-6299
- 3. The rust penetrating sealer will be applied in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Prior to application of the rust penetrating sealer, remove all loose pack rust from the joint or crevice areas and remove as much pack rust as practical to a level below the steel members between which the rust is packed.
- 5. Stripe coat (brush apply) the rust penetrating sealer in the pack rust areas. Do not apply the remainder of the paint system until the area has cured as specified by the manufacturer of the rust penetrating sealer.
- 6. Application of sealer will be per the contract lump sum price for Rust Penetrating Sealer. Payment will be full compensation for labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals for furnishing, preparing surfaces for application, and installing the Rust Penetrating Sealer.

NOTES (CONTINUED)

FOR

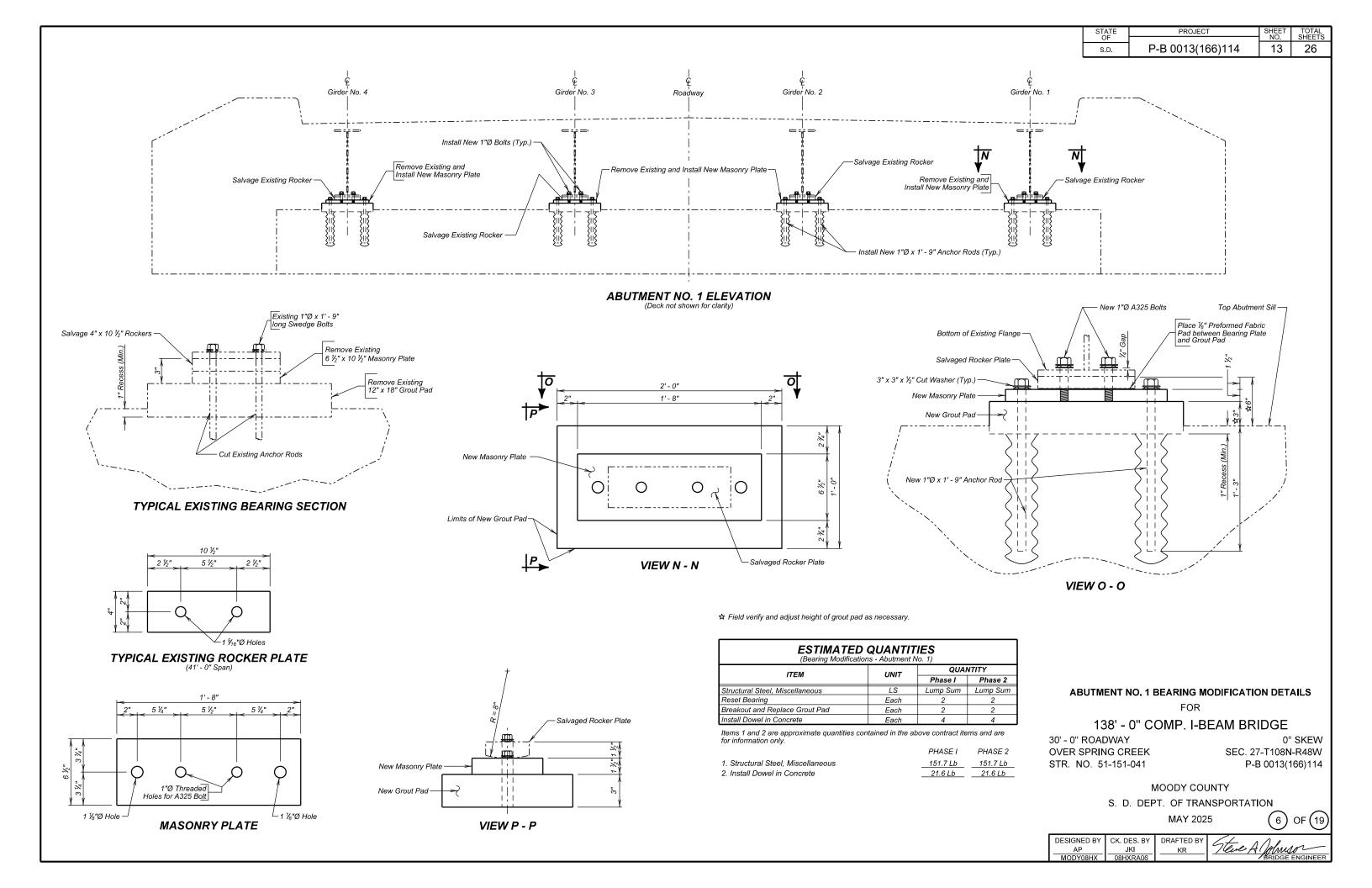
138' - 0" COMP. I-BEAM BRIDGE

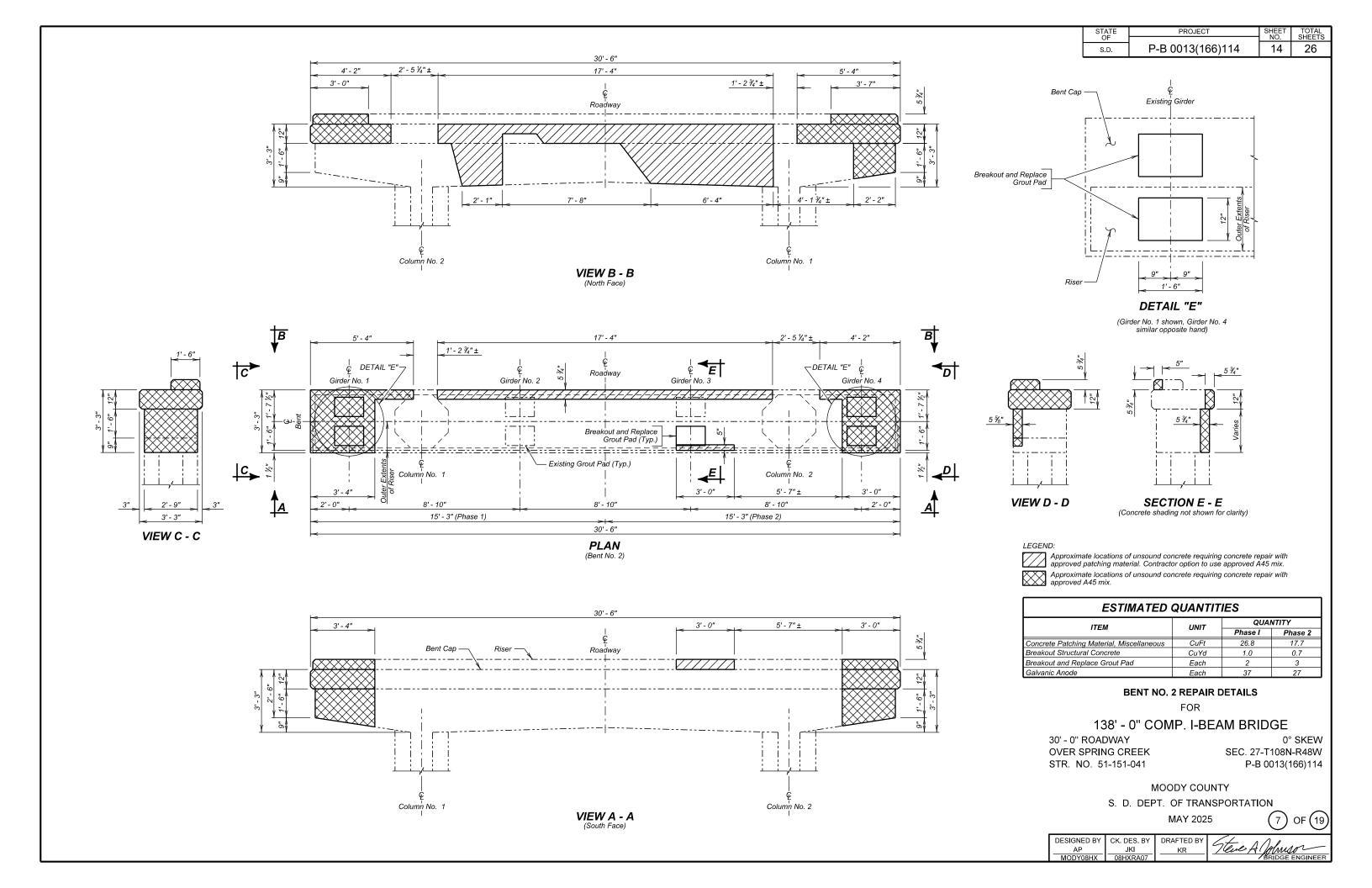
STR. NO. 51-151-041

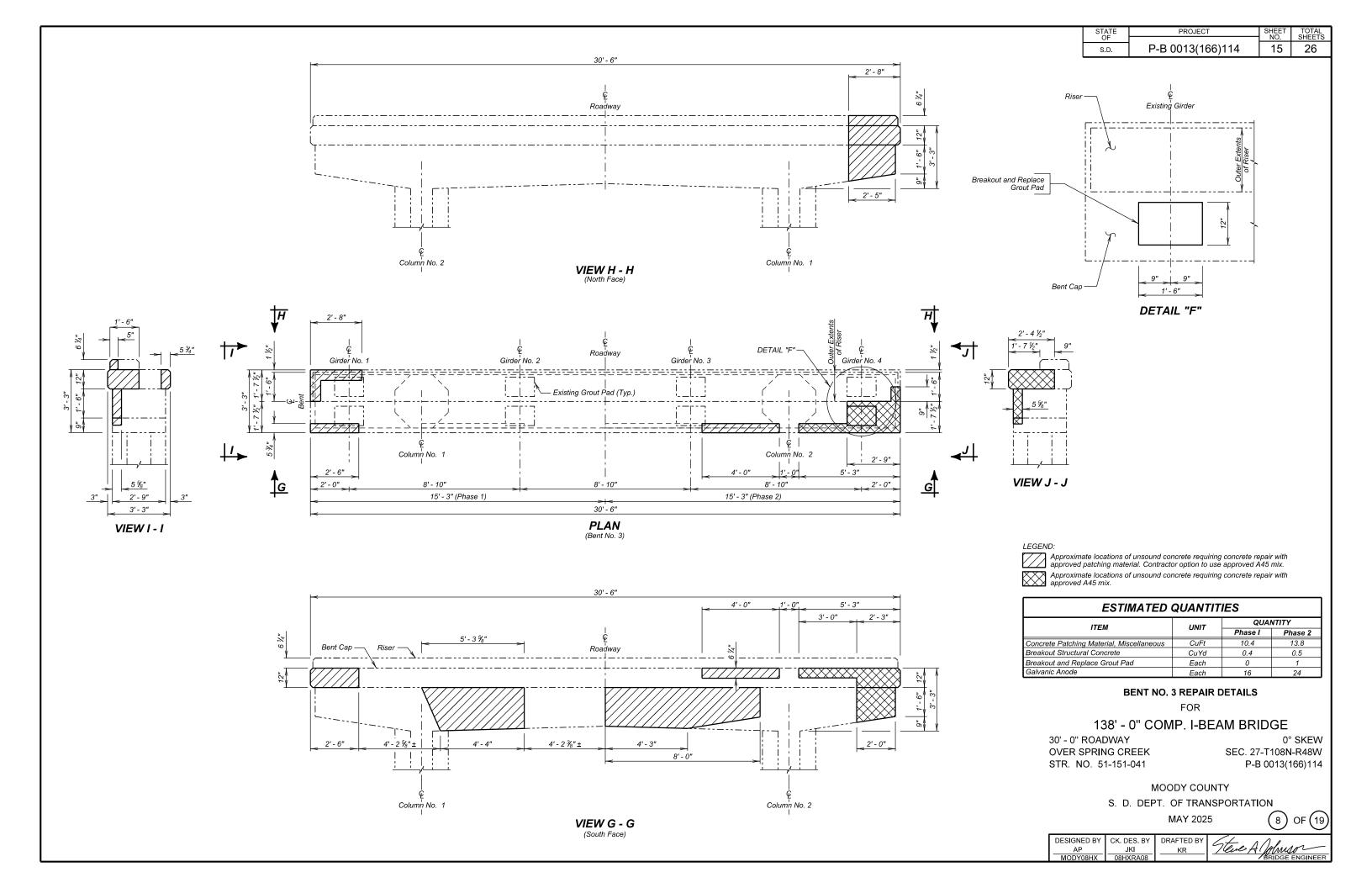
MAY 2025

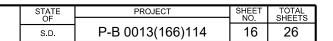


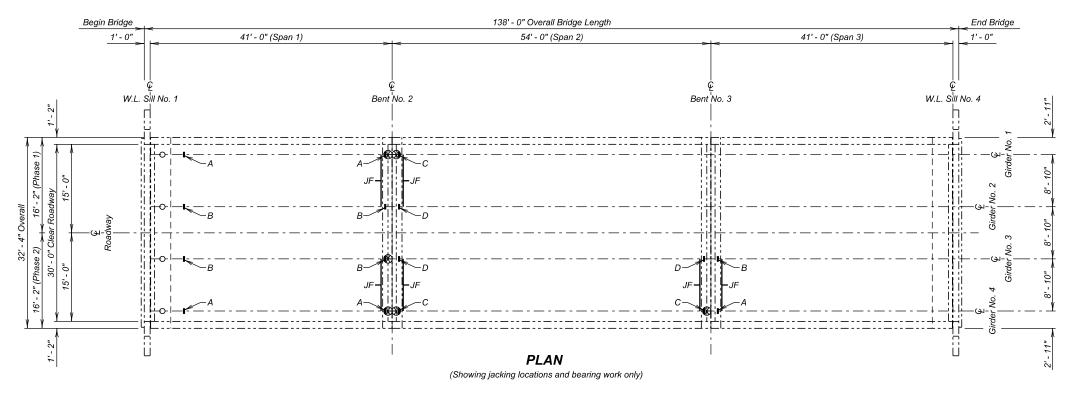
DESIGNED BY	CK. DES. BY	DRAFTED BY	\leftarrow \sim \sim \sim	
JKI	AP	JKI	/leve A Johnson	
MODY08HX	08HXIA05		BRIDGE ENGINEER	







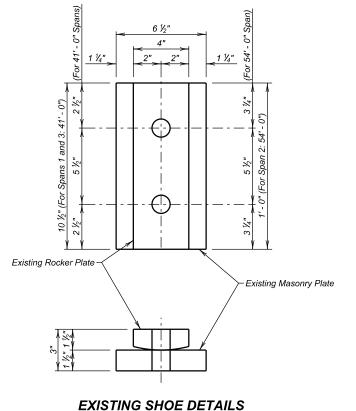




LEGEND:

⊕ Grout Pad Repair Location
○ Anchor Rod, Masonry Plate, and Grout Pad Repair Location
○ Girder → Bearing Stiffener Set Approximate Location (See GIRDER JACKING DETAILS)

JF Jacking Frame Approximate Location (Includes 4 Stiffener Plates)



	ESTIMATED QUA	ANTITIES	
	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY
Λ	Bridge Renainting Class I	15	Lumn Sum

Items below are approximate quantities contained in the above contract items and are for informational purposes only.

Δ 1. Bridge Repainting, Class I

Rust Penetrating Sealer

Paint Residue Containment

φ 2. Rust Penetrating Sealer

1,440 SqFt 17 SqFt

Lump Sum

Lump Sum

GIRDER JACKING LAYOUT AND PAINT AREAS FOR

138' - 0" COMP. I-BEAM BRIDGE

30' - 0" ROADWAY OVER SPRING CREEK STR. NO. 51-151-041

0° SKEW SEC. 27-T108N-R48W P-B 0013(166)114

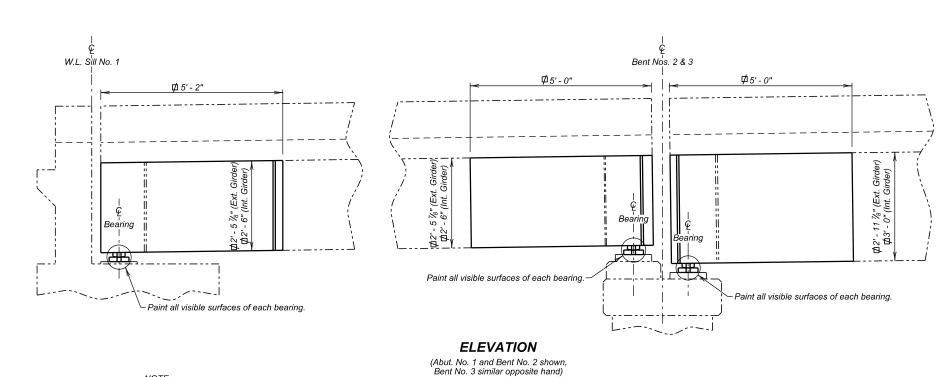
MOODY COUNTY

S D DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION

MAY 2025

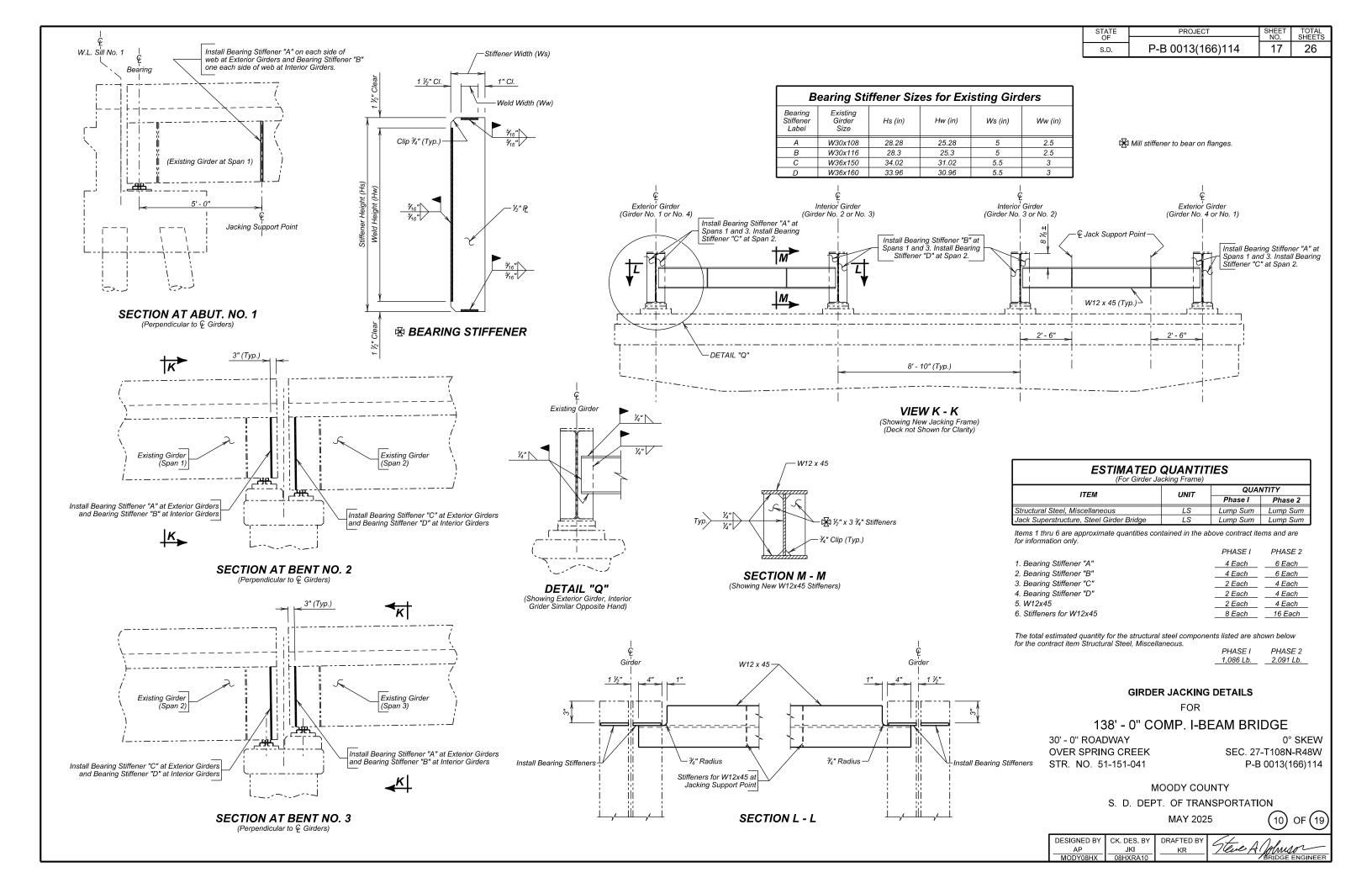
(9) OF (19)

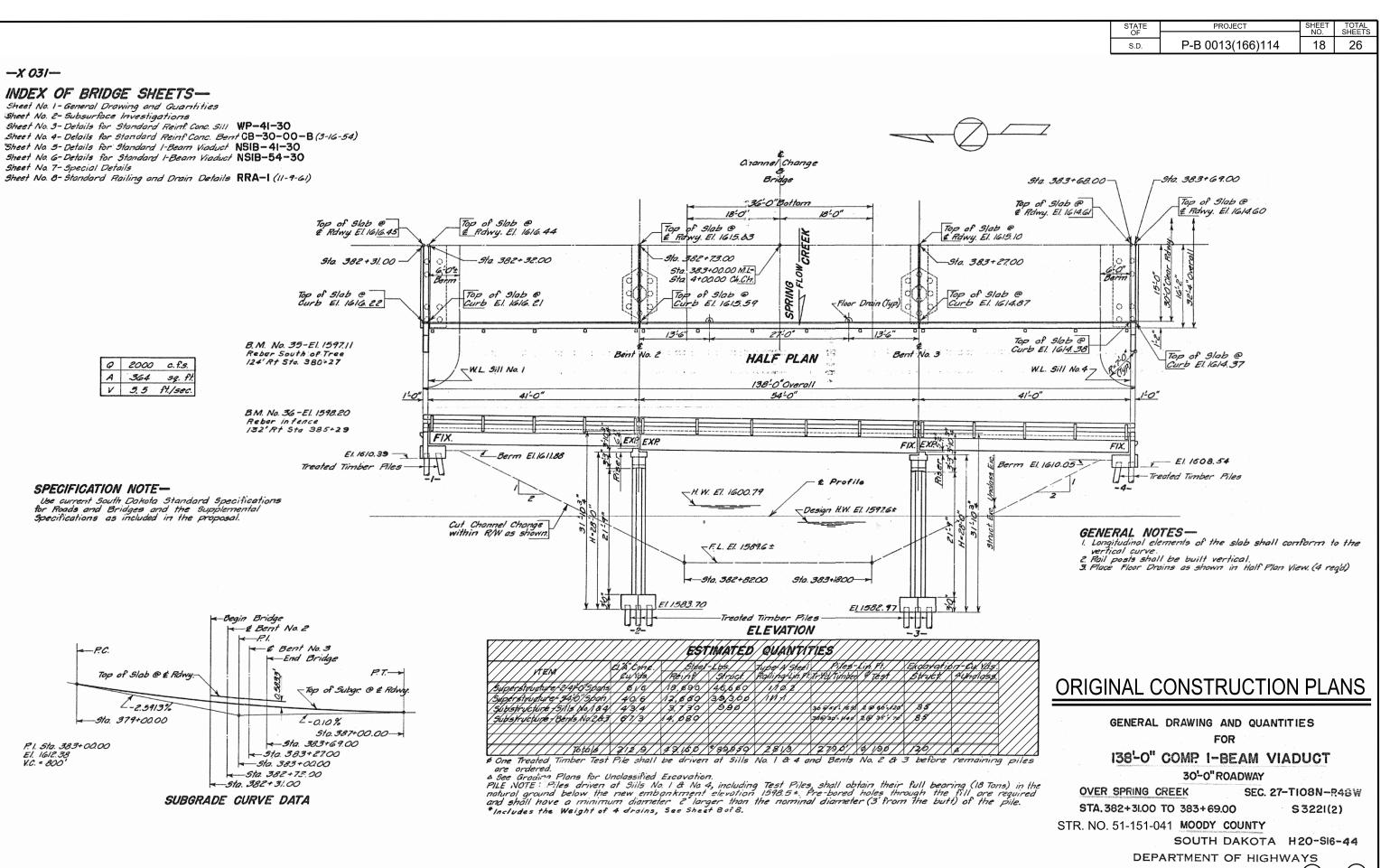
AP JKI KR //Lub A // BRIDGE ENGINEER	DESIGNED BY	CK. DES. BY	DRAFTED BY	64 111
MODY08HX 08HXRA09 ARIDGE ENGINEER	AP	JKI	KR	/leve Al Johnson
WODTONIX ON KINDS	MODY08HX	08HXRA09		BRIDGE ENGINEER



Apply rust penetrating sealer to pack rust areas of all bearings.

☐ Paint all surfaces within this distance

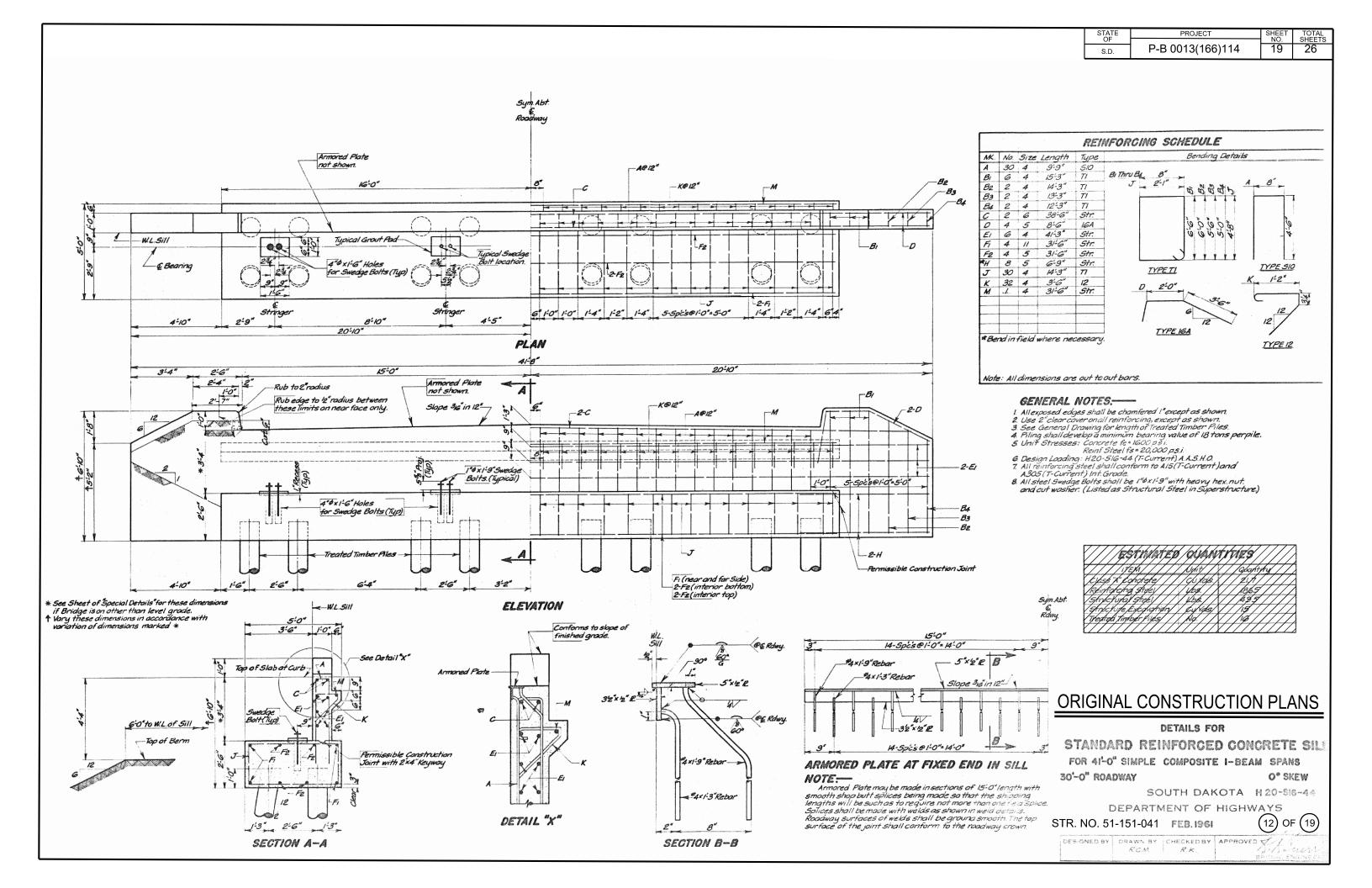


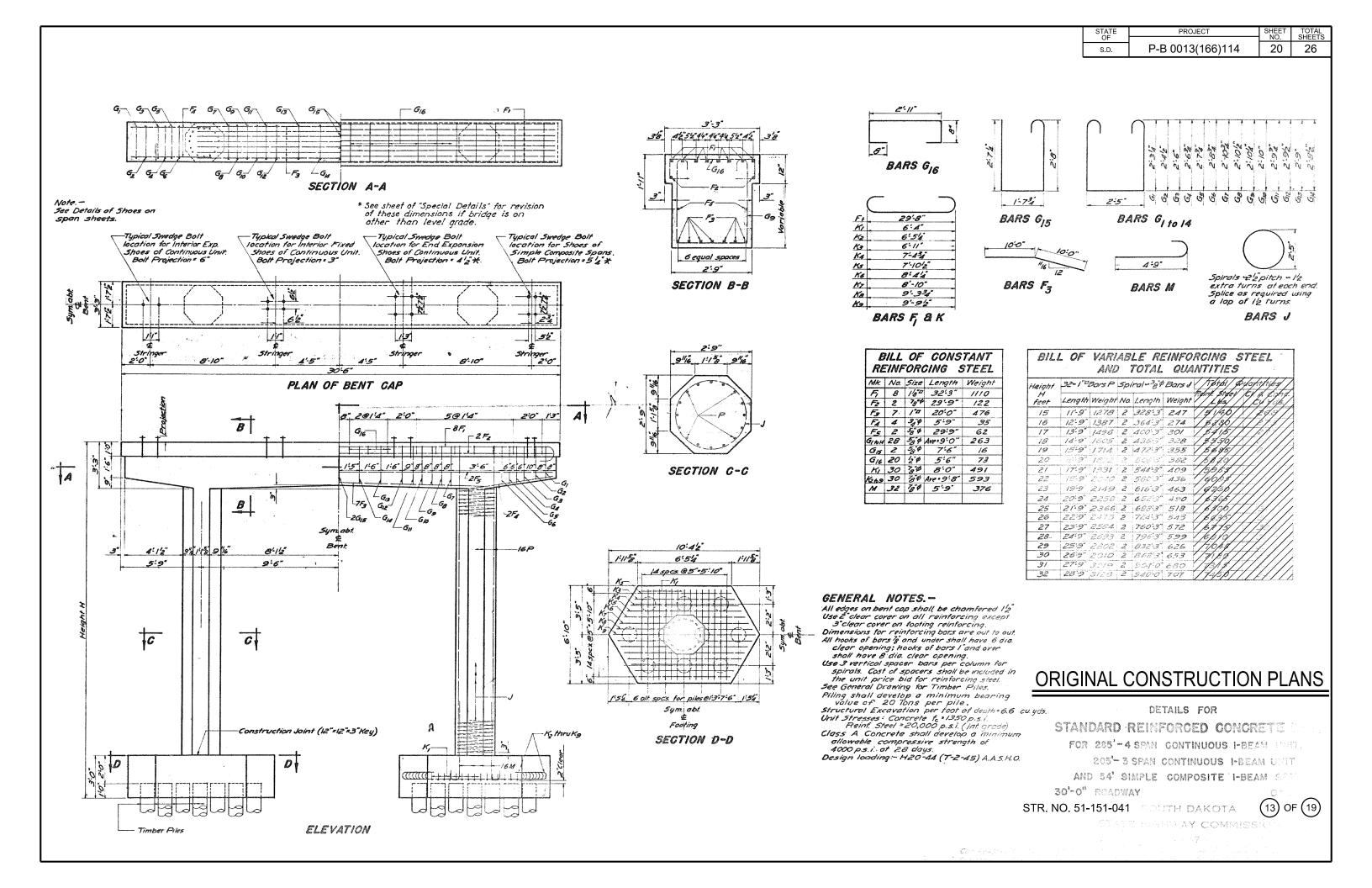


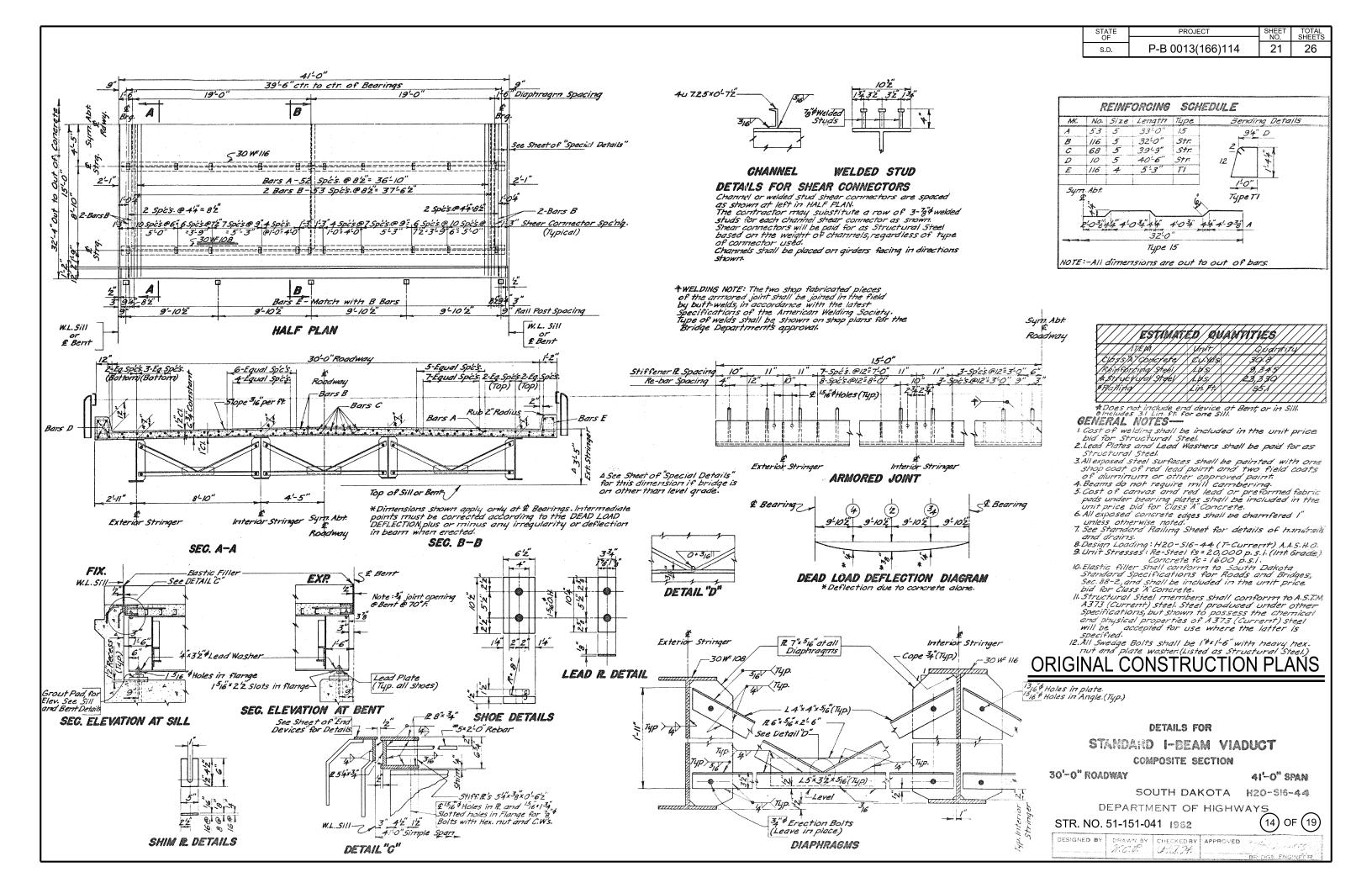
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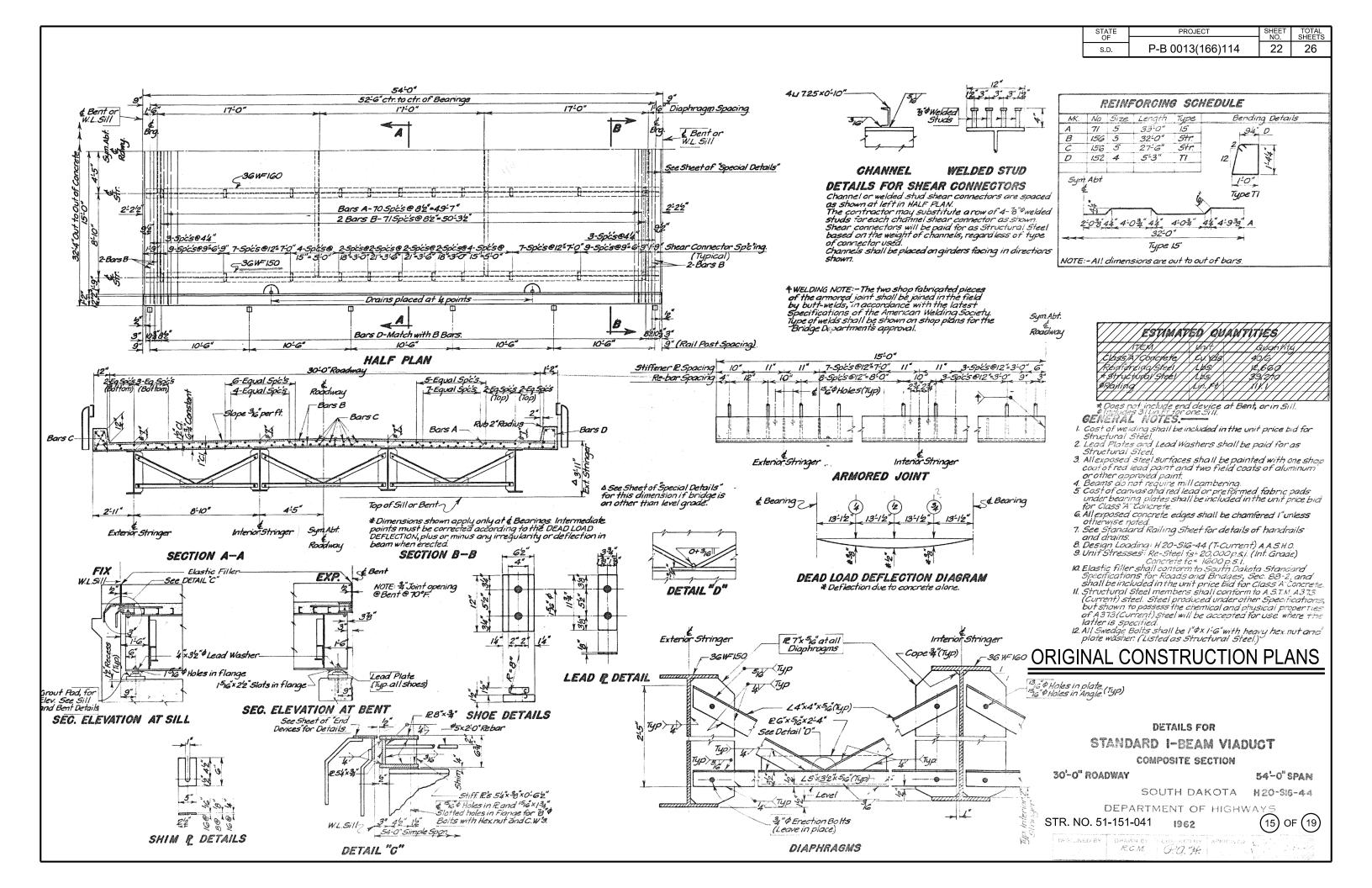
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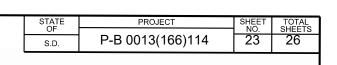
BRIDGE ENGINEER

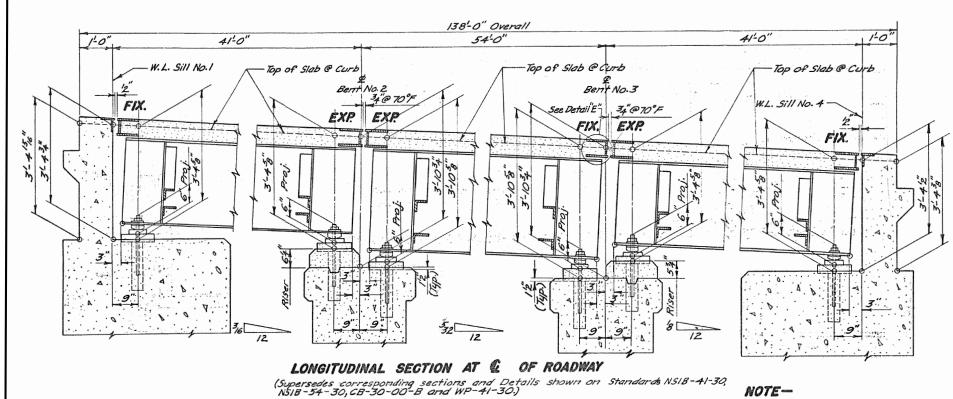




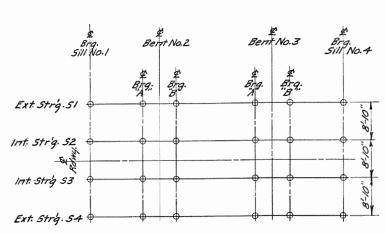








(A)



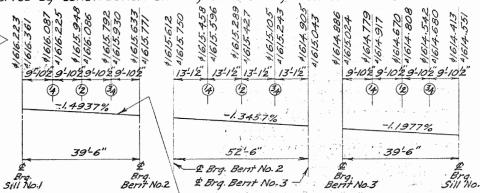
LAYOUT OF STRINGER & GROUT PADS

GROUT PAD ELEVATIONS						
Sill No.1 Bent No. 2 Bent No. 3					Sill No. 4	
		, "A"	"B"	"A"	"B"	*
51	1612.890	1612.300	1611.778	1611.072	1611.553	1611.080
52	1613.017	1612.427	1611.906	1611.199	1611.680	1611.207
53	1613.017	1612.427	1611.906	1611.199	1611.680	1611.207
54	1612.890	1612.300	1611.778	1611.072	1611.553	1611.080

NOTE-

To determine the depth of concrete in feet over the stringers (63. Slab + variable haunch) at the points shown on this diagram, subtract field measured elevation of top of stringers from corresponding theoretical roadway slab elevation from diagram. All elevations on the tops of stringers must be taken after stringer erections are completed, but previous to placing any concrete. Stringers shall not be supported by construction shoring while stringer elevations are established.

Theoretical elevations of top of roadway slab @£ of #Exterior Stra # 4 Interior Stra Includes correction for Vertical Curve and deflection due to all D.L. above stringer.



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RISER REINFORCING STEEL (One Bent) Length No. Size 29'-3" 4-6" Totals 132.3

ERECTION ELEVATIONS FOR VERTICAL CURVE & D.L. DEFLECTION

Top of erected stringer in theo-retical position (No fabrication or erection tolerances or deflec-tion in stringer are shown.)

ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS

SPECIAL DETAILS FOR

138'-0" COMP. I-BEAM VIADUCT

30'-0" ROADWAY

OVER SPRING CREEK

SEG. 27-T 108 N-R 48 W

STA. 382+31.00 TO 383+69.00

\$ 3221(2)

STR. NO. 51-151-041 MOODY GOUNTY

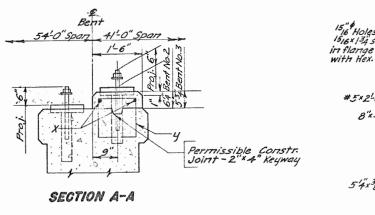
SOUTH DAKOTA

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION

JUNE 1962

(16) OF (19)

DESIGNED BY	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	BRIDGE ENGINEER



15-3"

Spes. @ 1'0"-8'-0"

Grout Pad (Typ.)

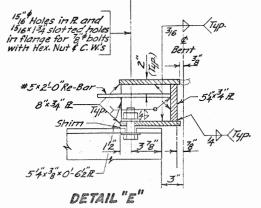
8'-10"

HALF PLAN-RISER, BENT NO. 2 AND NO. 3

14-10"

Ext. Stra

9" Typical



5417 RdW4

's @ 1-0"= 4-0"

4"#x/-6" Holes for Swedge Bolts (Typ.

I'Ax1-9" Swedge

Bolts (Typ.)

4'-5"

ESTULATED ODANTITYES

*Includes Riser Quartities of: Class "A" Concrete - 0.9 & 0.8 Cu. Yds. Respectively. Reinforcing Steel - 172.0 Lbs. each.

BARY

