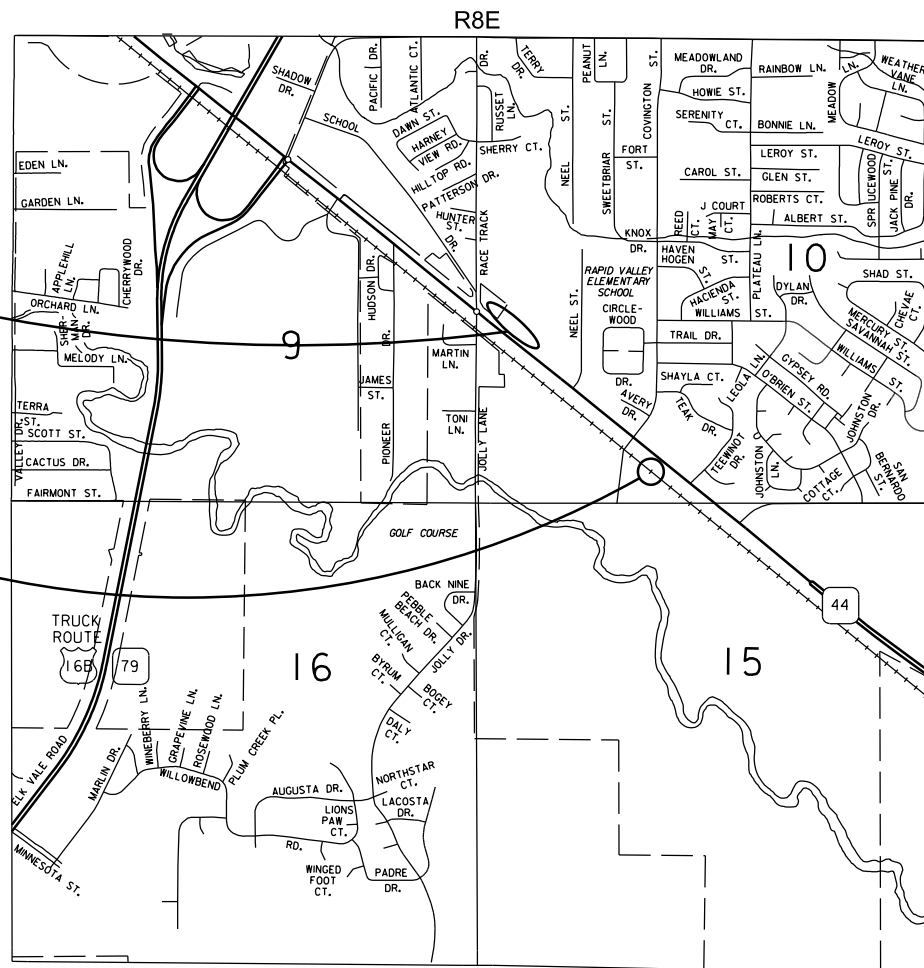


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-PROJECT

SD 44
MRM 49.90 to MRM 50.05

SD 44
MRM 50.41

ADT (2014)	13650
ADT (2034)	23778
DHV	2949
D	50%
T DHV	1%
T ADT	2.1%
V	45 MPH

STORM WATER PERMIT
None Required

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

BID ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
009E0010	Mobilization	Lump Sum	LS
120E0010	Unclassified Excavation	43	CuYd
230E0100	Remove and Replace Topsoil	Lump Sum	LS
250E0020	Incidental Work, Grading	Lump Sum	LS
450E8900	Cleanout Pipe Culvert	2	Each
450E9232	Slipline 48" Pipe	40	Ft
462E0250	Cellular Grout	2.1	CuYd
634E0010	Flagging	20.0	Hour
634E0110	Traffic Control Signs	106	SqFt
634E0120	Traffic Control, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS
634E0420	Type C Advance Warning Arrow Board	1	Each
730E0210	Type F Permanent Seed Mixture	2	Lb
731E0100	Fertilizing	123	Lb
734E0104	Type 4 Erosion Control Blanket	387	SqYd
734E0154	12" Diameter Erosion Control Wattle	24	Ft

SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 2015 Edition and Required Provisions, Supplemental Specifications, and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

An Environmental Commitment is a measure that SDDOT commits to implement in order to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate a real or potential environmental impact. Environmental commitments to various agencies and the public have been made to secure approval of this project. An agency mentioned below with permitting authority can influence a project if perceived environmental impacts have not been adequately addressed. Unless otherwise designated, the Contractor's primary contact regarding matters associated with these commitments will be the Project Engineer. These environmental commitments are not subject to change without prior written approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office. The environmental commitments associated with this project are as follows:

COMMITMENT C: WATER SOURCE

The Contractor shall not withdraw water with equipment previously used outside the State of South Dakota without prior approval from the SDDOT Environmental Office. Thoroughly wash all construction equipment before entering South Dakota to reduce the risk of invasive species introduction into the project vicinity.

Action Taken/Required:

The Contractor shall obtain the necessary permits from the regulatory agencies such as the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (COE) prior to executing water extraction activities.

COMMITMENT E: STORM WATER

Construction activities constitute less than 1 acre of disturbance.

Action Taken/Required:

At a minimum and regardless of project size, appropriate erosion and sediment control measures must be installed to control the discharge of pollutants from the construction site.

COMMITMENT H: WASTE DISPOSAL SITE

The Contractor shall furnish a site(s) for the disposal of construction and/or demolition debris generated by this project.

Action Taken/Required:

Construction and/or demolition debris may not be disposed of within the State ROW.

The waste disposal site(s) shall be managed and reclaimed in accordance with the following from the General Permit for Highway, Road, and Railway Construction/Demolition Debris Disposal Under the South Dakota Waste Management Program issued by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

The waste disposal site(s) shall not be located in a wetland, within 200 feet of surface water, or in an area that adversely affects wildlife, recreation, aesthetic value of an area, or any threatened or endangered species, as approved by the Project Engineer.

If the waste disposal site(s) is located such that it is within view of any ROW, the following additional requirements shall apply:

- Construction and/or demolition debris consisting of concrete, asphalt concrete, or other similar materials shall be buried in a trench completely separate from wood debris. The final cover over the construction and/or demolition debris shall consist of a minimum of 1 foot of soil capable of supporting vegetation. Waste disposal sites provided outside of the State ROW shall be seeded in accordance with Natural Resources Conservation Service recommendations. The seeding recommendations may be obtained through the appropriate County NRCS Office. The Contractor shall control the access to waste disposal sites not within the State ROW through the use of fences, gates, and placement of a sign or signs at the entrance to the site stating “No Dumping Allowed”.
- Concrete and asphalt concrete debris may be stockpiled within view of the ROW for a period of time not to exceed the duration of the project. Prior to project completion, the waste shall be removed from view of the ROW or buried and the waste disposal site reclaimed as noted above.

The above requirements will not apply to waste disposal sites that are covered by an individual solid waste permit as specified in SDCL 34A-6-58, SDCL 34A-6-1.13, and ARSD 74:27:10:06.

Failure to comply with the requirements stated above may result in civil penalties in accordance with South Dakota Solid Waste Law, SDCL 34A-6-1.31.

All costs associated with furnishing waste disposal site(s), disposing of waste, maintaining control of access (fence, gates, and signs), and reclamation of the waste disposal site(s) shall be incidental to the various contract items.

COMMITMENT I: HISTORICAL PRESERVATION OFFICE CLEARANCES

The SDDOT has obtained concurrence with the State Historical Preservation Office (SHPO or THPO) for all work included within the project limits and all designated option borrow sites provided within the plans.

Action Taken/Required:

All earth disturbing activities not designated within the plans require review of cultural resources impacts. This work includes, but is not limited to: staging areas, borrow sites, waste disposal sites, and all material processing sites.

The Contractor shall arrange and pay for a cultural resource survey and/or records search. The Contractor has the option to contact the state Archaeological Research Center (ARC) at 605-394-1936 or another qualified archaeologist, to obtain either a records search or a cultural resources survey. A record search might be sufficient for review; however, a cultural resources survey may need to be conducted by a qualified archaeologist.

The Contractor shall provide ARC with the following: a topographical map or aerial view on which the site is clearly outlined, site dimensions, project number, and PCN. If applicable, provide evidence that the site has been previously disturbed by farming, mining, or construction activities with a landowner statement that artifacts have not been found on the site.

The Contractor shall submit the records search or cultural resources survey report and if the location of the site is within the current geographical or historic boundaries of any South Dakota reservation to SDDOT Environmental Engineer, 700 East Broadway Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501-2586 (605-773-3180). SDDOT will submit the information to the appropriate SHPO/THPO. Allow **30 Days** from the date this information is submitted to the Environmental Engineer for SHPO/THPO review.

If evidence for cultural resources is uncovered during project construction activities, then such activities shall cease and the Project Engineer shall be immediately notified. The Project Engineer will contact the SDDOT Environmental Engineer in order to determine an appropriate course of action.

SHPO/THPO review does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for obtaining any additional permits and clearances for staging areas, borrow sites, waste disposal sites, or material processing sites that affect wetlands, threatened and endangered species, or waterways. The Contractor shall provide the required permits and clearances to the Project Engineer at the preconstruction meeting.

COMMITMENT K: RAPID CITY AREA AIR QUALITY CONTROL ZONE

Administrative Rule of South Dakota (ARSD) 74:36:18:03 states that "no state facility or state contractor may engage in any construction activity or continuous operation activity within the Rapid City air quality control zone which may cause fugitive emissions of particulate to be released into the ambient air without first obtaining a permit issued by the board or the secretary."

Construction activity is defined as any temporary activity at a state facility, which involves the removal or alteration of the natural or pre-existing cover of one acre or more of land. One acre of surface area is based on a cumulative area of disturbance to be completed for the entire project. Construction activity shall include, but not be limited to, stripping of topsoil, drilling, blasting, excavation, dredging, ditching, grading, street maintenance and repair, or earth moving. Construction activity is generally completed within one year. It also includes stockpiles, access roads, and disposal areas. An off-site disposal area of excess material will require an additional permit.

Action Taken/Required:

In order to be considered eligible for authorization to conduct a construction activity under the terms and conditions of this permit, the owner operator must submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) form. The form must be submitted to the address below at least seven business days prior to the anticipated date of beginning the construction activity.

South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources Air Quality Program

523 East Capitol, Joe Foss Building
Pierre, SD 57501-3181
Phone: 605-773-3151

The permit requires the Contractor to use reasonably available technology to control fugitive dust emissions. The Contractor is required to use control measures for track out, paved areas, unpaved roads, unpaved parking lots, disturbed areas, and for material handling and storage. The control measures that the Contractor is required to use are listed in the permit.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

1. Set up traffic control
2. Remove topsoil.
3. Grade ditch area.
4. Replace topsoil
5. Seed and fertilize.
6. Place erosion control measures.
7. Slipline Pipes
8. Remove traffic control.

UTILITIES

The Contractor shall contact the involved utility companies through South Dakota One Call (1-800-781-7474) prior to starting work. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate work with the utility owners to avoid damage to existing facilities.

The contact for Rapid Valley Sanitary District is Rusty Schmidt – Telephone 605-381-2904

TABLE OF UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION

Location	Unclassified Excavation
Highway 44 Ditch	43.0 CuYd
Total	43.0 CuYd

Excavation will not be measured in the field. Plans quantity shall be the basis of payment.

Unclassified Excavation shall be handled as waste in accordance with the note for Waste Disposal Site.

ALIGNMENT DATA

Type	Station			Northing	Easting
POB	0+00.00			641259.899	1228237.466
		TL= 324.15	S 50°00'25" E		
POE	3+24.15			641051.572	1228485.802

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL POINTS				
POINT	DESCRIPTION	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
CP04	Rebar and cap along railroad.	638297.899	1231396.753	3091.790
ML100	Chisel maRK nw corner of box culvert	642036.878	1227336.335	3110.357
ML101	3" PK nail 3.3 ft east of plater in culded sac.	643282.239	1225915.199	3121.725

The coordinates shown on this sheet are based on the South Dakota State Plane Coordinate System. South Zone (NAD 83/2011); Geoid 12B; SF = 1.0

CLEANOUT PIPE CULVERT

This work shall consist of cleaning out, removing and disposing of sediment and debris within the existing culvert.

The Contractor shall inspect the locations and determine the necessary method for cleaning out the culverts.

Wattles shall be used to catch any pipe cleanout material from leaving the projects limits. Placement of the wattles shall be as directed by the Engineer.

Cleaning method shall be approved by the Engineer. The culvert shall be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for repairing any damage caused by the cleaning process. These repairs, if required, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

All sediment and debris removed from the culvert shall be disposed of as waste. The Contractor shall shape the ditches in the area of the culvert ends to restore ditch flow. All costs associated with cleaning out the existing culvert, the removal of debris and shaping of the ditches shall be incidental to the contract unit price per each for Cleanout Pipe Culvert.

Table of Pipe Cleanout		
	Cleanout Pipe Culvert	
Station	Each	Notes
0+23	1	100% Silted - Clean pipe thoroughly and ensure positive drainage at the outlet.
3+23	1	100% Silted - Clean pipe thoroughly and ensure positive drainage at the outlet.
Total	2	

INCIDENTAL WORK GRADING

The bid item Incidental Work, Grading is for the cleanout of the 4' x 8' twin box culvert at MRM 44.90. The box culvert is approximately 75% plugged.

This work shall consist of cleaning out, removing and disposing of sediment and debris within the existing box culvert.

The Contractor shall inspect the locations and determine the necessary method for cleaning out the box culvert.

Wattles shall be used to prevent sediment from leaving the projects limits. Placement of the wattles shall be as directed by the Engineer.

Cleaning method shall be approved by the Engineer. The box culvert shall be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for repairing any damage caused by the cleaning process. These repairs, if required, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

All sediment and debris removed from the culvert shall be disposed of as waste. All costs associated with cleaning out the existing box culvert and disposal of the material shall be incidental to the contract unit price per each for Incidental Work, Grading.

SLIPLINE PIPE

Twin 20' - 48" pipes in the irrigation ditch at MRM 50.41 R shall be sliplined.

The Contractor shall furnish and install slipliner pipe at locations specified in the Table of Slipline Pipe. This work consists of slipping high density polyethylene (HDPE) or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe liner inside existing pipe and grouting the void between the liner and the existing pipe.

The Contractor shall submit a proposed procedure for sliplining pipes, including the grouting procedure, to the Engineer at least two weeks prior to beginning this work.

Slipliner pipe shall conform to one of the following types:

- Closed Profile HDPE:**
Closed profile HDPE pipe shall meet the requirements of ASTM F894 and shall have a cell classification of 345464C in accordance with ASTM D3350. The pipe shall have a minimum Ring Stiffness Constant (RSC) classification of 160 lb/ft as defined in ASTM F894. Pipe joints shall be in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Engineer.
- Solid Wall HDPE:**
Solid wall HDPE pipe shall meet the requirements of ASTM F714 (SDR 32.5) and shall have a cell classification of 445574C in accordance with ASTM D3350. Pipe joints may be grooved press-on joints or heat fused as approved by the Engineer. Heat fused joints shall be fused in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations by an experienced operator of the heat fusion equipment.
- PVC:**
PVC pipe shall meet the requirements of ASTM F949 or ASTM D1784 with a cell classification of 12454. Pipe joints shall be elastomeric seals (gaskets) in accordance with the requirements of ASTM F477.
- Spirally Wound PVC:**
Spirally wound PVC slipliner shall meet the requirements of ASTM F949 with minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi. Pipe joints shall be in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Engineer.
- Polypropylene Pipe (PP):**
Polypropylene pipe shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F2736 (12 inch to 30 inch diameter) or shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F2764 (30 inch to 60 inch diameter) with minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi. Pipe joints shall be in conformance with ASTM D3212.
- Steel Reinforced Polyethylene:**
Steel reinforced polyethylene pipe shall meet the requirements of ASTM F2562. Pipe joints shall be in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Engineer.

The diameter specified in the bid item description is the diameter of the existing pipe to be sliplined. The Contractor shall provide the largest diameter slipliner pipe that will fit into the existing pipe to maximize flow capacity.

Slipliner pipe shall have a smooth interior surface. Slipliner pipe shall be joined into a continuous length with joints that are adequate for pushing, pulling, or winding the liner pipe through the existing pipe. The joints shall not allow seepage during pressure grouting. To allow for unrestricted insertion of the liner, the outside diameter of the liner pipe shall not be increased at the joints.

Prior to sliplining, the Contractor shall clean the existing pipe of all debris, silt, and obstructions to ensure that the slipliner pipe can be inserted, the grout will flow to all voids, and the inserted slipliner pipe will not be set upon or irregularly supported by such material. Cleaning shall be accomplished by the use of jet rodding equipment or other approved methods.

The slipliner pipe shall be inserted into the existing pipe by pushing, pulling, or winding methods that do not damage the slipliner pipe. The slipliner pipe shall be clean and substantially dry before insertion.

To minimize the change in flowline, slipliner pipe shall be held down during the grouting operation. This may be accomplished by attaching fasteners or blocks at the top of the pipe, adding weight to the inside of the slipliner pipe, placing multiple grout lifts, or other means as approved by the Engineer.

Bulkheads shall be constructed at each end of the pipe. Each bulkhead shall be constructed to withstand the pressure of the grouting operation. The bulkhead shall extend from the end of the existing pipe inward a minimum depth of 18 inches. The bulkhead shall be free from leaks and the exterior surface shall be given a smooth trowel finish. The bulkhead at the inlet end shall be finished with a 45 degree mitered bevel transition between the existing pipe and the inside of the slipliner pipe with the slipliner pipe face pushed inside the existing pipe face.

Pressure grouting shall be done to ensure all the voids are filled between the slipliner pipe and the existing pipe including all breaks or holes in and around the existing pipe. Grouting pressures used shall ensure all voids are filled, but do not collapse or deform the slipliner pipe more than 5 percent of the diameter. Multiple grout lifts may be necessary to minimize pipe deflection for 60-inch diameter and larger pipe in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations.

The grout shall be a cellular grout (grout with pre-generated foam) with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 100 pounds per square inch. If water is not present within the sliplined pipe a low density grout with a minimum of 30 pounds per cubic foot wet density may be used. When it is not possible to dewater the existing pipe or keep water out of the annular space during grouting, a high density grout with a minimum of 70 pounds per cubic foot shall be used which may include approved sand. The foaming agent used shall meet the requirements of ASTM C869 when tested in accordance with ASTM C796.

Both of the cellular grout mix designs shall be submitted to the SDDOT Concrete Engineer for approval prior to use. The mix design submittal shall include the base cement slurry mix per cubic yard, expansion factor from the foaming agent, and the cellular grout wet density (pounds per cubic foot).

The Contractor shall install a bypass valve adjacent to the location where the pressure grouting hose is attached for obtaining samples to be checked for wet density. The wet density of the cellular grout shall be checked by the Contractor to verify the proper minimum wet density before the cellular grout filling operations begin and at a minimum once every two hours during production. The SDDOT shall document the results of the density checks.

Cellular grout shall be wasted until the cellular grout meets the minimum wet density required; however, if 0.5 cubic yards or more of base cement slurry is wasted trying to meet density requirements, then that quantity will not be included for payment.

If grout holes are utilized, cylindrical wooden plugs or other approved plugs shall be inserted to plug holes until the grout has set. After the plugs are removed the holes shall be filled with concrete.

The quantity of cellular grout was estimated based on void quantity between the slipliner pipe and the existing pipe, and an additional quantity if necessary was estimated for the void volume outside the existing pipe.

The quantity of base cement slurry ordered shall be approved by the Engineer. The quantity of base cement slurry needed shall be calculated to the nearest tenth of a cubic yard using the approved mix design, expansion factor of the foaming agent, and estimated amount of cellular grout. The quantity for payment to the nearest tenth of a cubic yard of "Cellular Grout" is a calculated quantity based on the amount of base cement slurry used on the project to the nearest tenth of a cubic yard, expansion factor of the foaming agent, and approved mix design.

All costs for furnishing and installing the slipliner pipe, including work area excavation, backfilling, pipe cleaning, and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the work shall be included in the contract unit price per foot for the corresponding bid item for Slipline 48" Pipe.

All costs for furnishing and installing the cellular grout including bulkhead construction, inlet bevel construction, and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the work shall be included in the contract unit price per cubic yard for Cellular Grout.

TABLE OF SLIPLINE PIPE

Table of Slipline Pipes			
	Slipliner		
	Minimum		
	Inside	Slipline	Cellular
	Diameter	48" Pipe	Grout
MRM	(In)	(Ft)	(CuYd)
50.41	40	40	2.1

TRAFFIC CONTROL – GENERAL NOTES

1. Requests to deviate from the sequence of operations shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer for review. Approval of an alternate sequence of operations will only be allowed when the proposed changes meet with the Department’s intent for traffic control and sequencing of the work. An alternate sequence shall be submitted for review a minimum of one week prior to potential implementation.
2. Unless otherwise stated in these plans, no work will be allowed during hours of darkness.
3. Indiscriminate driving and parking of vehicles within the right-of-way will not be permitted. Any damage of the vegetation, surfacing, embankment, delineators, and existing signs resulting from such indiscriminate use shall be repaired and/or restored by the Contractor, at no expense to the State, and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
4. Existing guide, route, informational logo, regulatory, warning signs and delineation shall be temporarily reset and maintained during construction as directed by the Engineer. Removing, relocating, salvaging and resetting of the above items shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
5. Periods of inactivity shall be defined as no work taking place for a period of more than 48 hours.
6. Construction signing mounted on portable supports shall not be used for a duration of more than 3 days, unless approved by the Engineer. Construction signing that remains in the same location for more than 3 days shall be mounted on fixed location, ground mounted, breakaway supports.
7. Any delineators and signs damaged or lost shall be replaced by the Contractor at no cost to the State.
8. All materials and equipment shall be stored a minimum distance of 30’ from the traveled way during nonworking hours.
9. The Contractor shall provide installation details at the preconstruction meeting for all breakaway sign support assemblies.
10. All haul trucks shall be equipped with a second flashing amber light that is visible from the backside of the haul truck. The costs for the flashing amber lights shall be incidental to the various related contract bid items.
11. All construction operations shall be conducted in the general direction of traffic movement.
12. If there is a discrepancy between the traffic control plans, standard plates, and the MUTCD – whichever is more stringent shall be used, as determined by the Engineer.

13. Temporary Flexible Vertical Markers (Tabs) shall be used for lane closure tapers or lane shift tapers and shall be installed at 5’ spacing. Tabs used for tapers and shifts will not be measured for payment. All costs associated to furnish, install, maintain (including replacement as required by the Engineer at no added cost to the Department), and remove all markers will be incidental to the contract lump sum price for Traffic Control, Miscellaneous.

INVENTORY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

SIGN CODE	SIGN DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	SQFT PER SIGN	SQFT
W4-2	LEFT or RIGHT LANE ENDS (symbol)	1	48" x 48"	16	16
W20-1	ROAD WORK AHEAD	2	48" x 48"	16	32
W20-5	LEFT or RIGHT LANE CLOSED AHEAD	1	48" x 48"	16	16
W21-5	SHOULDER WORK	2	48" x 48"	16	32
G20-2	END ROAD WORK	2	36" x 18"	5	10
CONVENTIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS SQFT					106

TYPE C ADVANCE WARNING ARROW PANEL

The quantity of Type C Advance Warning Arrow Panels paid will be the most installations in place at any one time regardless of the number of setups on the project.

REMOVE AND REPLACE TOPSOIL

Prior to beginning resurfacing operations, a 4” depth of topsoil shall be bladed to the edges of the work limits. Following completion of resurfacing operations, topsoil shall be bladed back over the disturbed areas.

The estimated amount of topsoil to be removed and replaced for the two locations is 56 CuYd.

All costs associated with removing and replacing the topsoil along areas to be resurfaced shall be incidental to the contract lump sum price for Remove and Replace Topsoil.

MYCORRHIZAL INOCULUM

Mycorrhizal inoculum shall consist of mycorrhizal fungi spores and mycorrhizal fungi-infected root fragments in a solid carrier. The carrier may include organic materials, calcinated clay, or other materials consistent with application and good plant growth. The supplier shall provide certification of the fungal species claimed and the live propagule count. The inoculum shall include the following fungal species:

<i>Glomus intraradices</i>	25%
<i>Glomus aggregatu</i>	25%
<i>Glomus mosseae</i>	25%
<i>Glomus etunicatum</i>	25%

All seed shall be inoculated by the seed supplier with a minimum of 100,000 live propagules of mycorrhizal fungi per acre. All costs of inoculating the seed shall be incidental to the contract unit price per pound for the corresponding permanent seed mixture.

The mycorrhizal inoculum shall be as shown below or an approved equal:

Product

MycoApply

Manufacturer

Mycorrhizal Applications, Inc.
Grants Pass, OR
Phone: 1-866-476-7800
<http://www.mycorrhizae.com/>

FERTILIZING

The Contractor shall apply an all-natural slow release fertilizer prior to seeding or placing sod. The all-natural fertilizer shall have a minimum guaranteed analysis of 4-6-4 and be USDA Certified BioBased. It should provide a minimum of 4% (N) nitrogen with a minimum water insoluble nitrogen (WIN) fraction of 3.2%, a minimum of 6% (P₂O₅) available phosphate, a minimum of 4% (K₂O) soluble potash, and a maximum carbon to nitrogen ratio (C:N ratio) of 5:1. The all-natural fertilizer shall be free of weed-seed and pathogens accomplished through thermophilic composting, and not mechanical or chemical sterilization, to assure presence of beneficial soil microbiology. The fertilizer shall have a near neutral pH, a low salt index, a low biological oxygen demand, contain organic humic and fulvic acids, and have high aerobic organism counts. The fertilizer shall also be stable, free of bad odors, and be unattractive as a food source for animals. It should also be in a granular form that is easily spread.

The all-natural slow release fertilizer shall be applied according to the manufacturer’s application recommendations.

The application rate is 1,500 pounds per acre.

The all-natural slow release fertilizer shall be as shown below or an approved equal:

Product

Sustane

Manufacturer

Sustane Corporate Headquarters
Cannon Falls, Minnesota
Phone: 1-800-352-9245
<http://www.sustane.com/>

PERMANENT SEEDING

The areas to be seeded consist of all newly graded areas within the project limits except for the top of roadways.

Type F Permanent Seed Mixture shall consist of the following:

Grass Species	Variety	Pure Live Seed (PLS) (Pounds/Acre)
Western Wheatgrass	Arriba, Flintlock, Rodan, Rosana	7
Green Needlegrass	Lodorm	4
Sideoats Grama	Butte, Killdeer, Pierre, Trailway	3
Blue Grama	Bad River, Willis	2
Oats or Spring Wheat: April through May; Winter Wheat: August through November		10
Total:		26

TABLE OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS

Table of Erosion Control Items							
Station	to	Station	L	W	Acres	Type F Permanent Seed Mixture	Fertilizing
						(Lb)	(Lb)
			(Ft)	(Ft)			
1+00		3+24	224	16	0.08	1.5	123
			Total			1.5	123

EROSION CONTROL WATTLE

Erosion control wattles for restraining the flow of runoff and sediment shall be installed at locations noted in the table and at locations determined by the Engineer during construction. Refer to Standard Plate 734.06 for details.

The Contractor shall provide certification that the erosion control wattles do not contain noxious weed seeds.

Erosion control wattles shall remain on the project until vegetation has been established and then they shall be removed in accordance with the Engineer.

The erosion control wattle provided shall be from the approved product list. The approved product list for erosion control wattle may be viewed at the following internet site:

<http://sddot.com/business/certification/products/Default.aspx>

TABLE OF EROSION CONTROL WATTLE

Table of Erosion Control Wattle				
		Diameter		Quantity
Station	Location	(Inch)		(Ft)
1+00	Across Ditch	12	Ditch Bottom	24
			Total	24

TYPE 4 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

Erosion control blanket shall be installed 16 and 3 feet wide at the locations noted in the table and at locations determined by the Engineer during construction.

The erosion control blanket provided shall be from the approved product list. The approved product list for erosion control blanket may be viewed at the following internet site:

<http://sddot.com/business/certification/products/Default.aspx>

TABLE OF TYPE 4 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

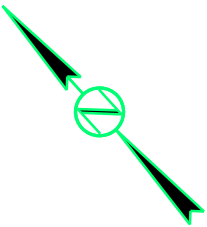
Table of Type 4 Erosion Control Blanket					
				Width	Quantity
Station	to	Station	Location	(Ft)	(SqYd)
1+00		3+24	Ditch Bottom	16	397
			Total		397

DITCH REGRADING

MRM 49.90 to MRM 50.05

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA	PROJECT	SHEET	TOTAL SHEETS
	044-452	7	19

Plotting Date: 10/21/2015



0+23
Clean Out Pipe Culvert

3+23
Clean Out Pipe Culvert

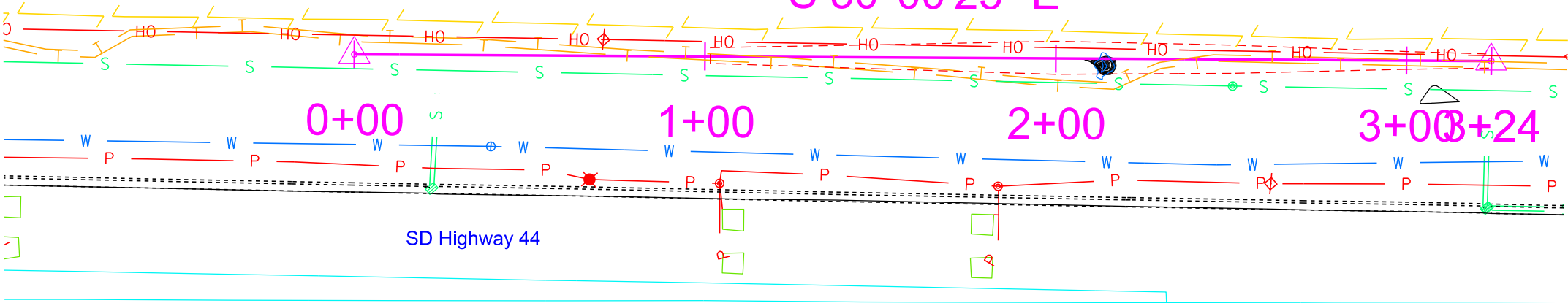
POB
0+00.00

Do Not Disturb Fence

Do Not Disturb Utilities

POE
3+24.17

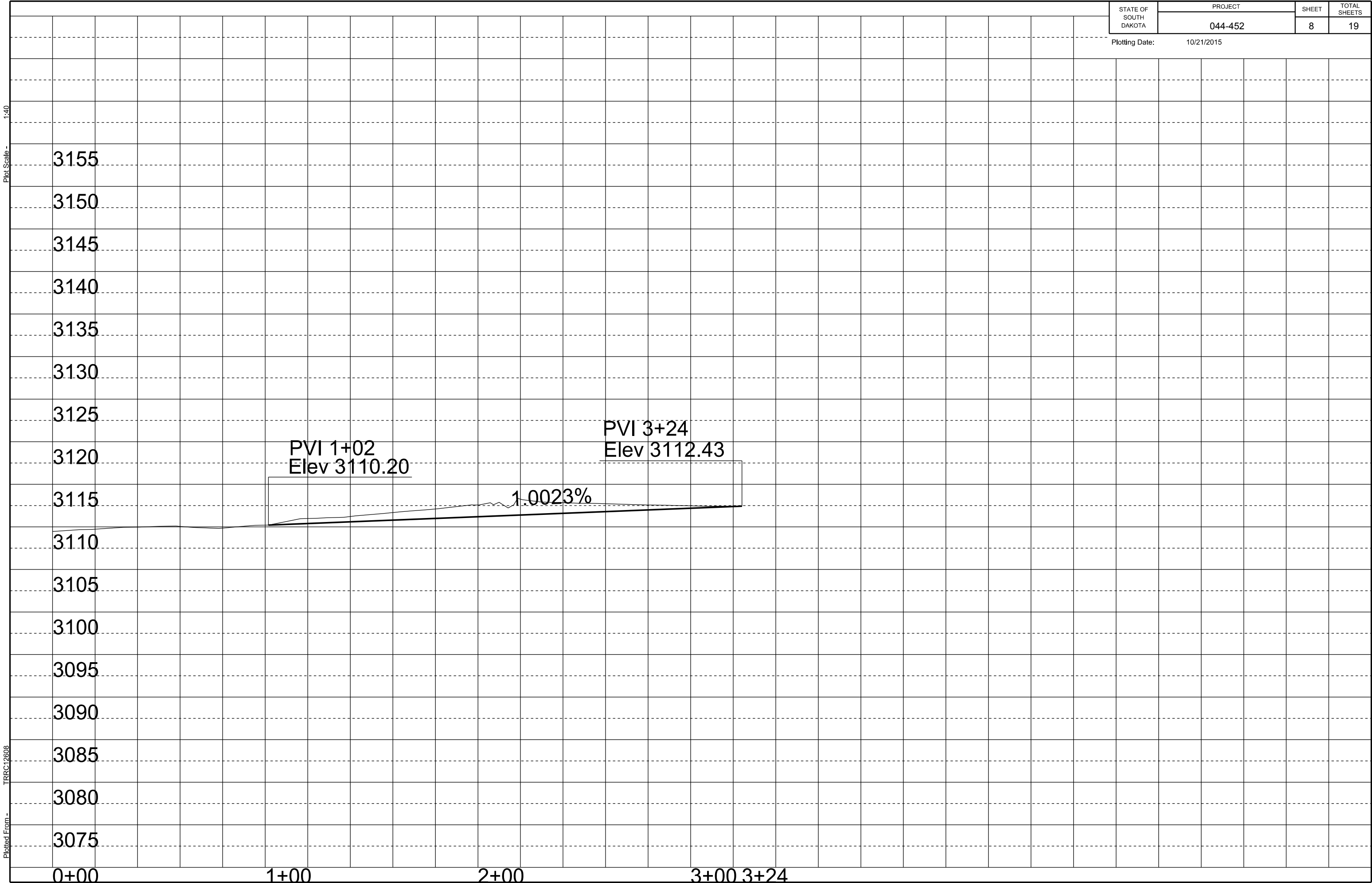
S 50°00'25" E



SD Highway 44

Plot Scale - 1:40

Plotted From - TRRC12608

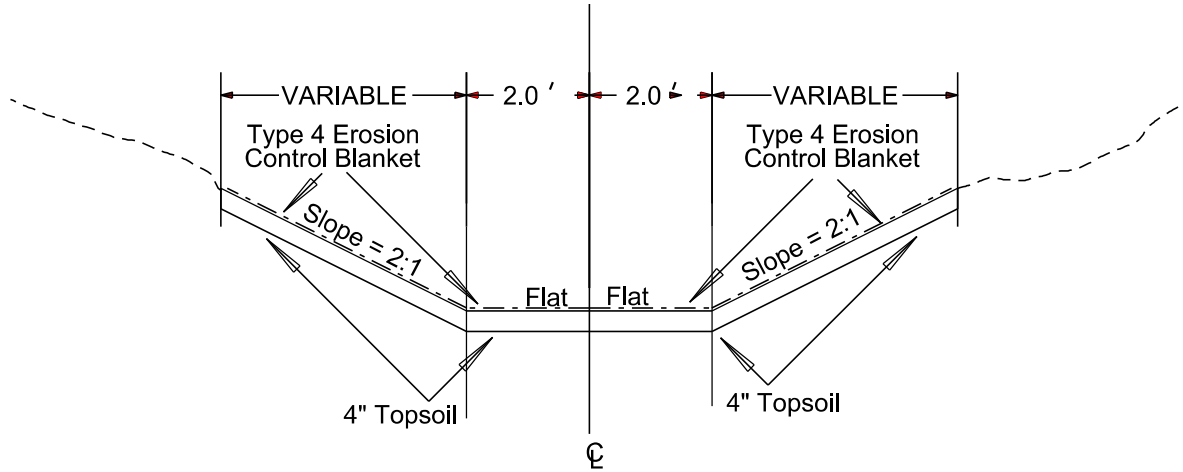


TYPICAL SECTION

DITCH REGRADING SECTION MRM 49.90 to MRM 50.05

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA	PROJECT	SHEET	TOTAL SHEETS
	044-452	9	19

Plotting Date: 10/21/2015



Plot Scale - 1:3.125

Plotted From - TRRC12608

File - ...plans\SD44 Jolly Lanetyp.dgn

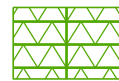
EROSION CONTROL

DITCH REGRADING

MRM 49.90 to MRM 50.05

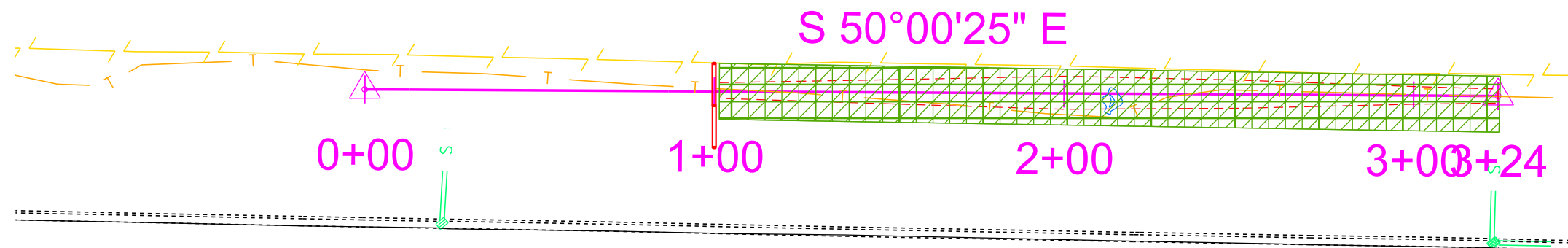
STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA	PROJECT	SHEET	TOTAL SHEETS
	044-452	10	19

Plotting Date: 10/21/2015



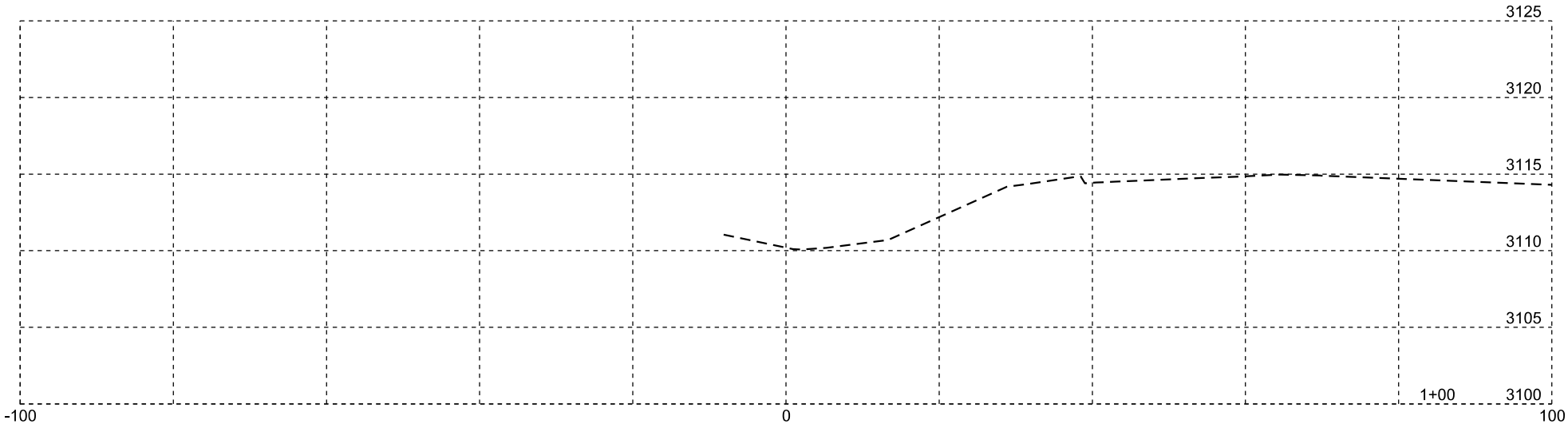
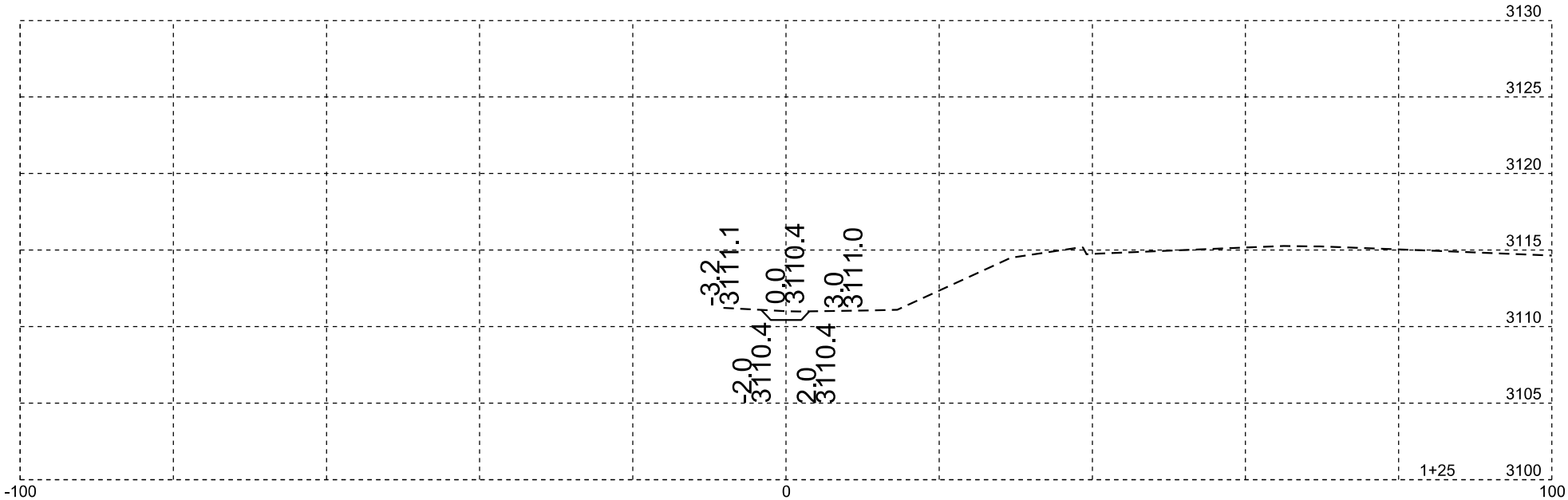
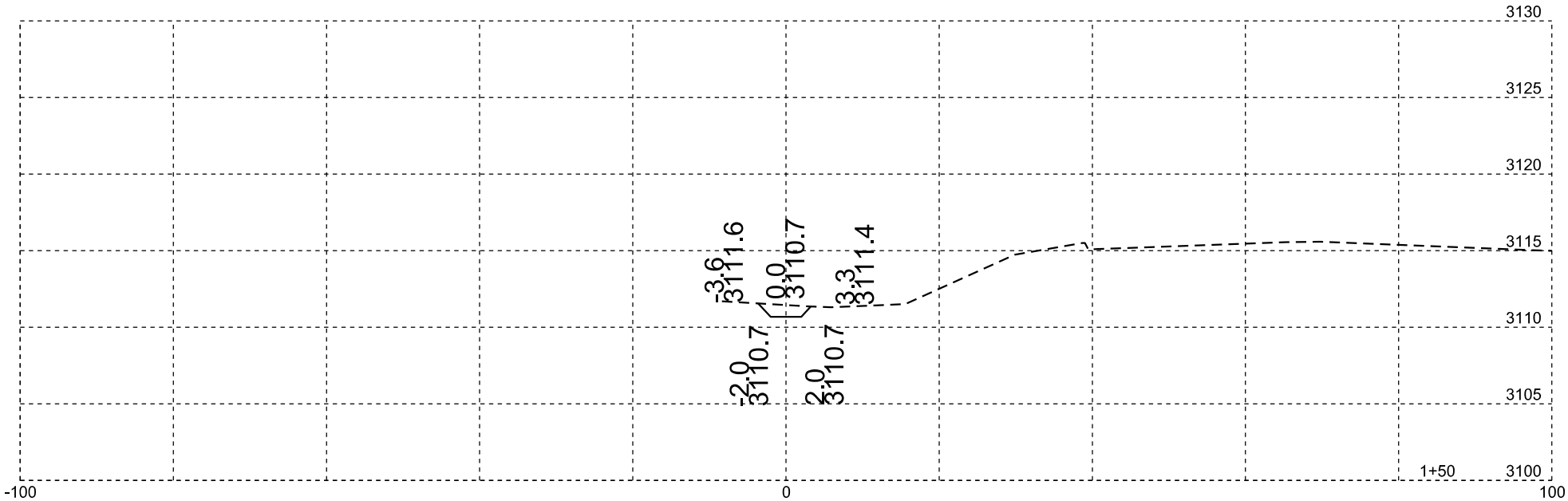
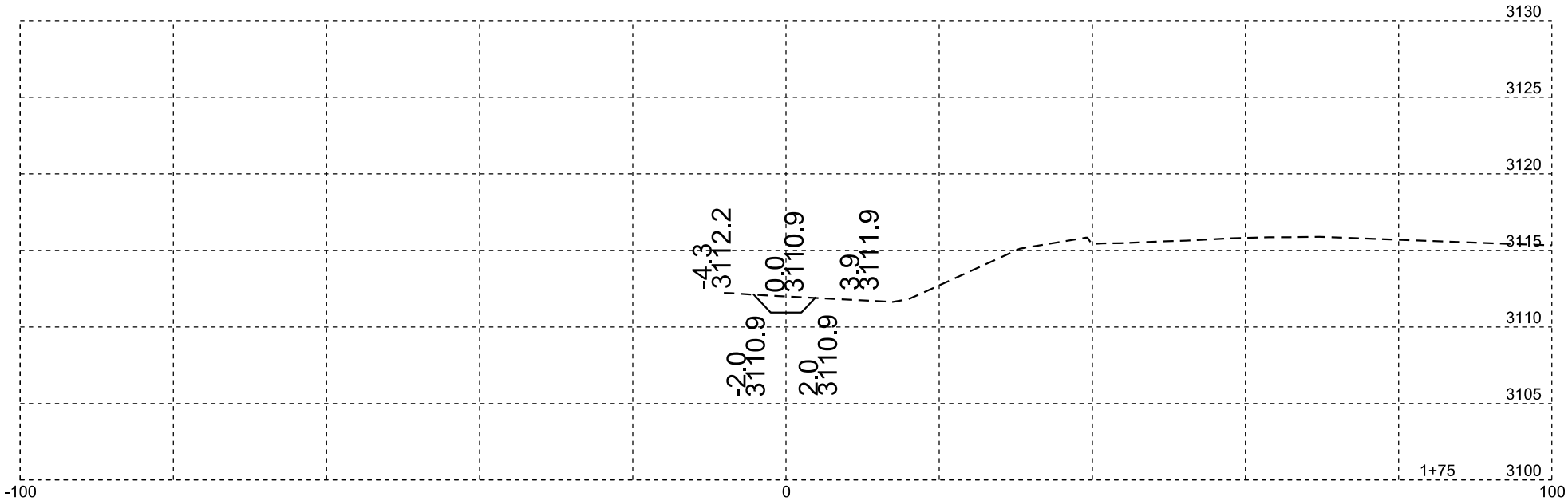
Type 4 Erosion Control Blanket

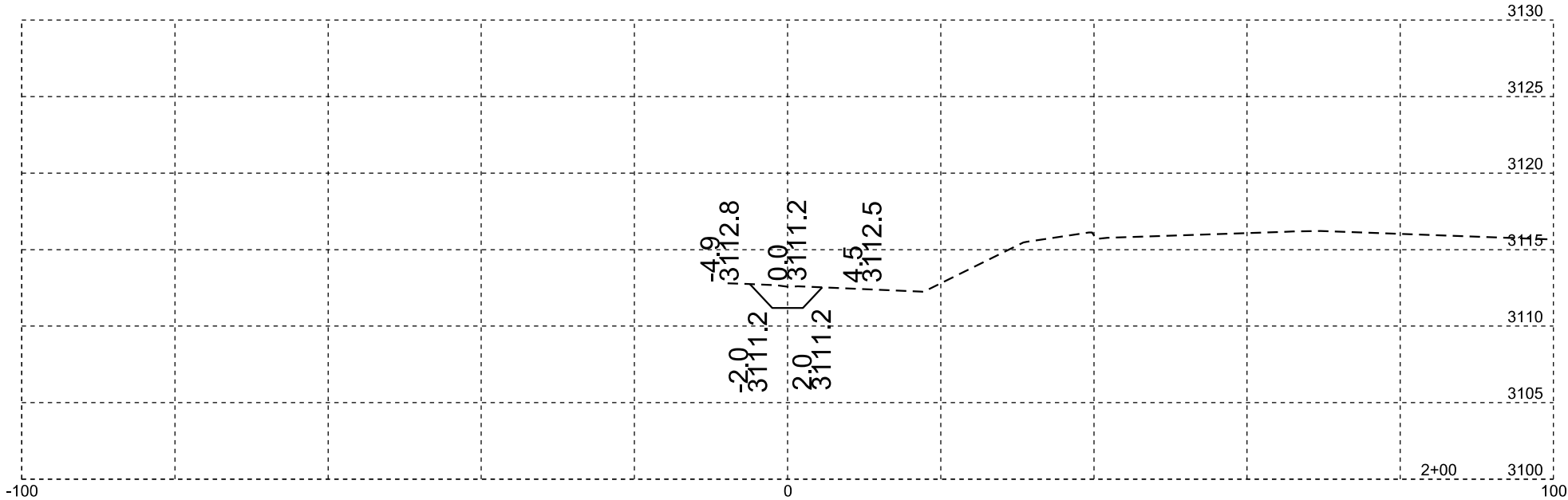
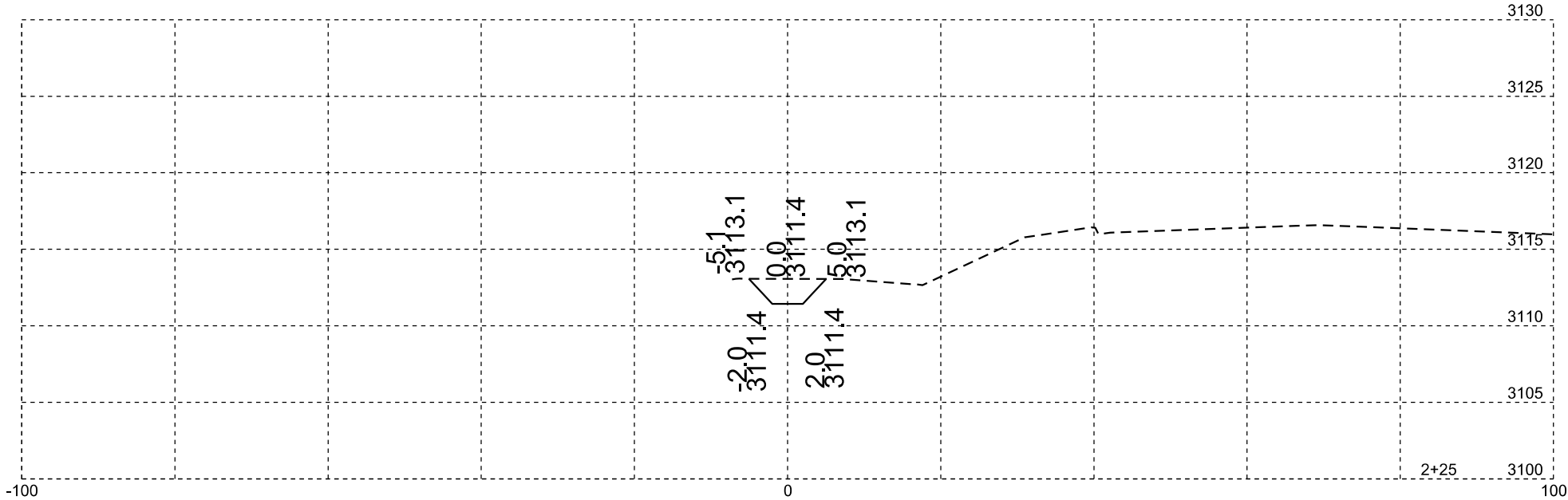
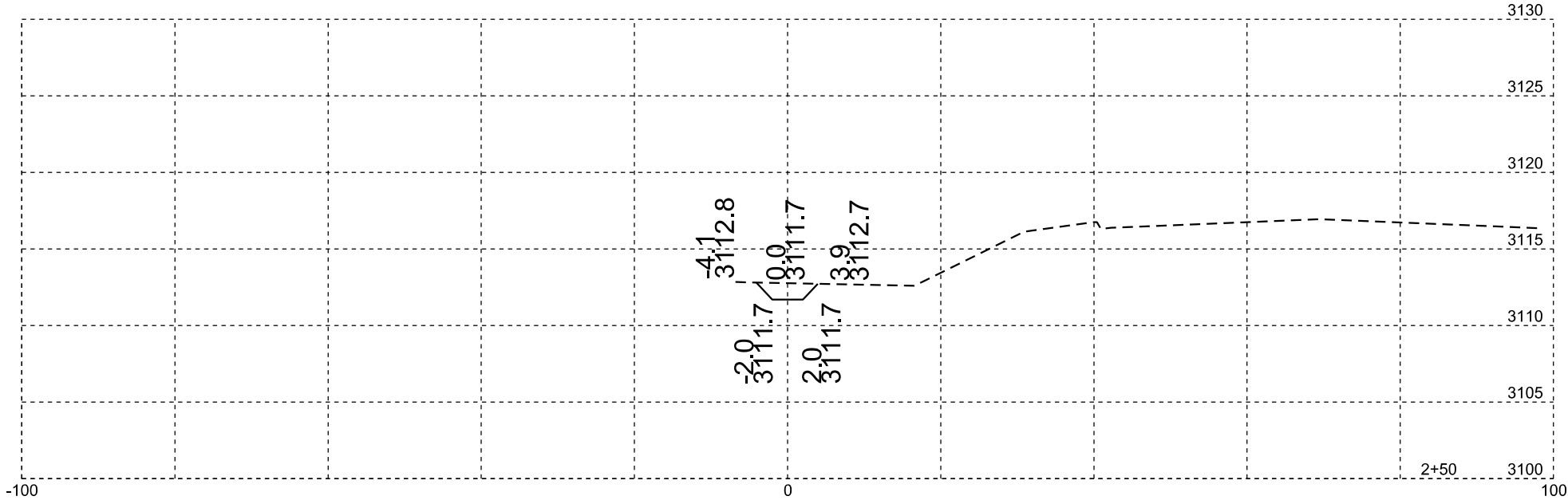
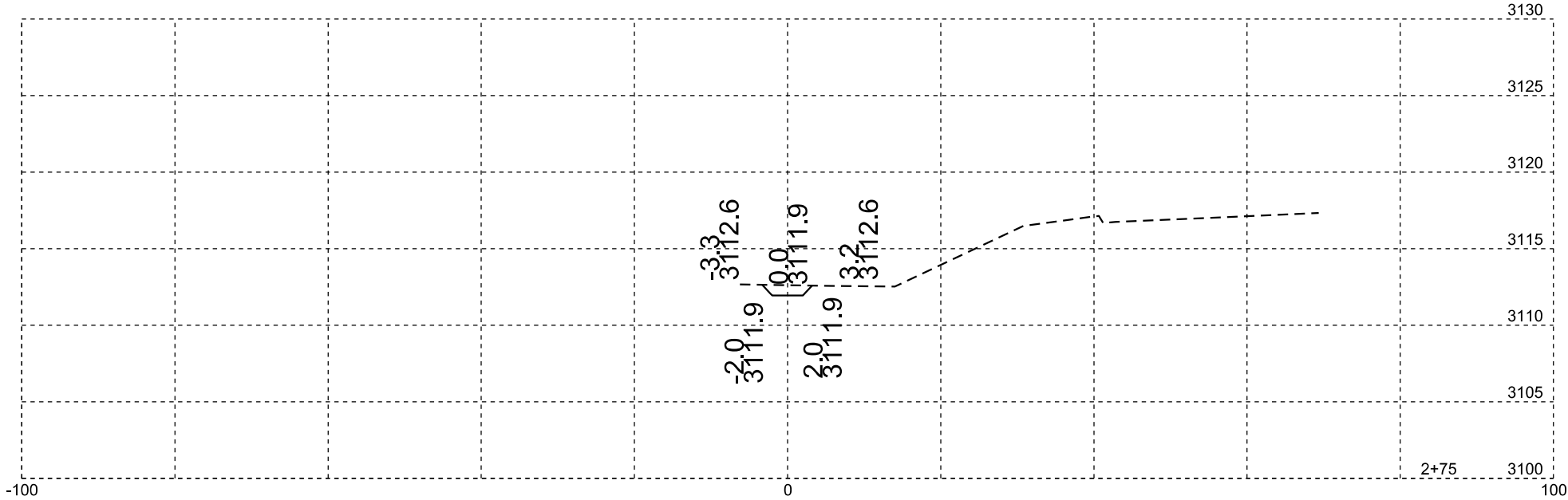
12" Erosion Control Wattle

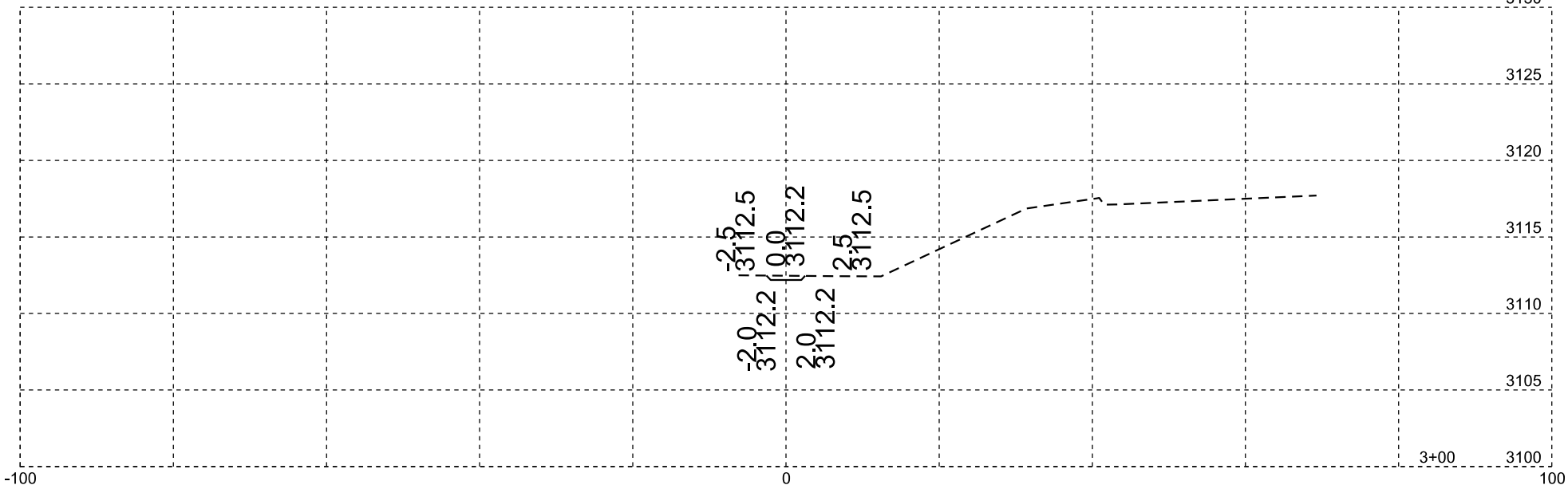
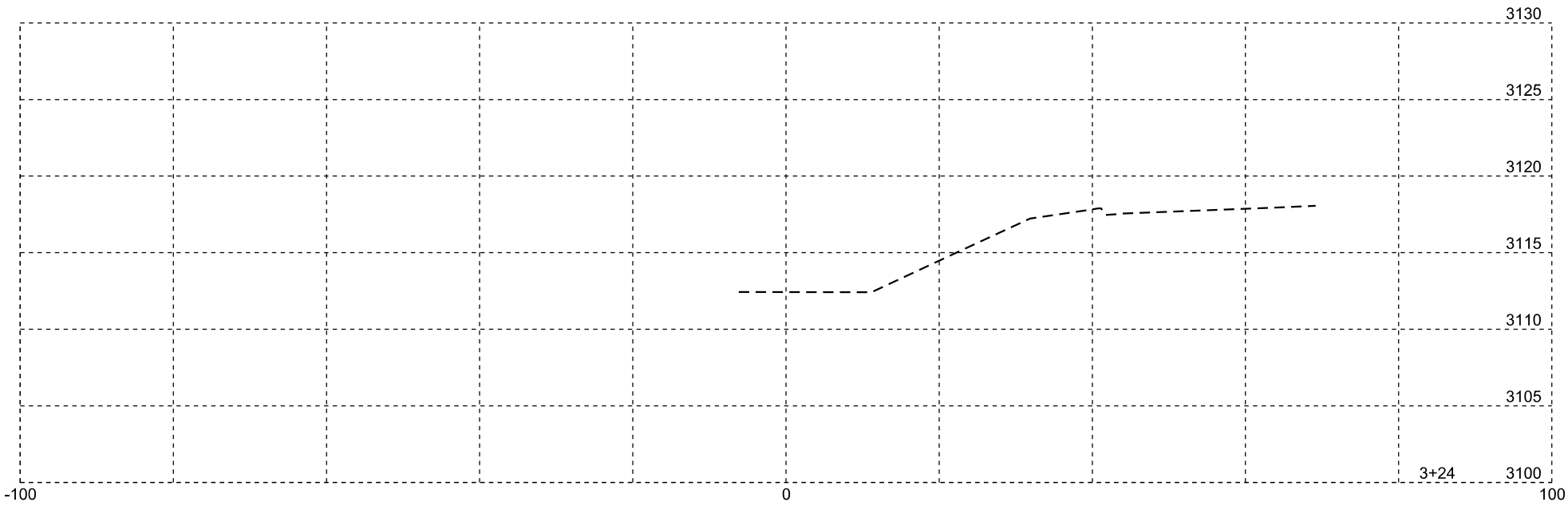


Place 12" Erosion Control Wattle:
1+00 - 24'

Station 1+00 to Station 3+24
Instal 397 SqYd of
Type 4 Erosion Control Blanket
16' Wide





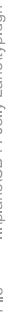


Plotting Date: 10/21/2015

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA	PROJECT	SHEET NO. 13	TOTAL SHEETS 19
	044-452		

Plot Scale - 1:625

Plotted From - TRBC12608

Plotting Date: 10/21/2015

The signs illustrated are not required if the work space is behind a barrier, more than 2 feet behind the curb, or 15 feet or more from the edge of any roadway.

The signs illustrated shall be used where there are distracting situations; such as: vehicles parked on shoulder, vehicles accessing the work site via the highway, and equipment traveling on or crossing the roadway to perform work operations.

The ROAD WORK AHEAD sign may be replaced with other appropriate signs, such as the SHOULDER WORK sign. The SHOULDER WORK sign may be used for work adjacent to the shoulder.

* If the work space is on a divided highway, an advance warning sign should also be placed on the left side of the directional roadway.

For short term, short duration, or mobile operations, all signs and channelizing devices may be eliminated if a vehicle with an activated flashing or revolving yellow light is used.

Posted Speed Prior to Work (M.P.H.)	Spacing of Advance Warning Signs (Feet) (A)
0 - 30	200
35 - 40	350
45 - 50	500
55	750
60 - 80	1000



April 15, 2015

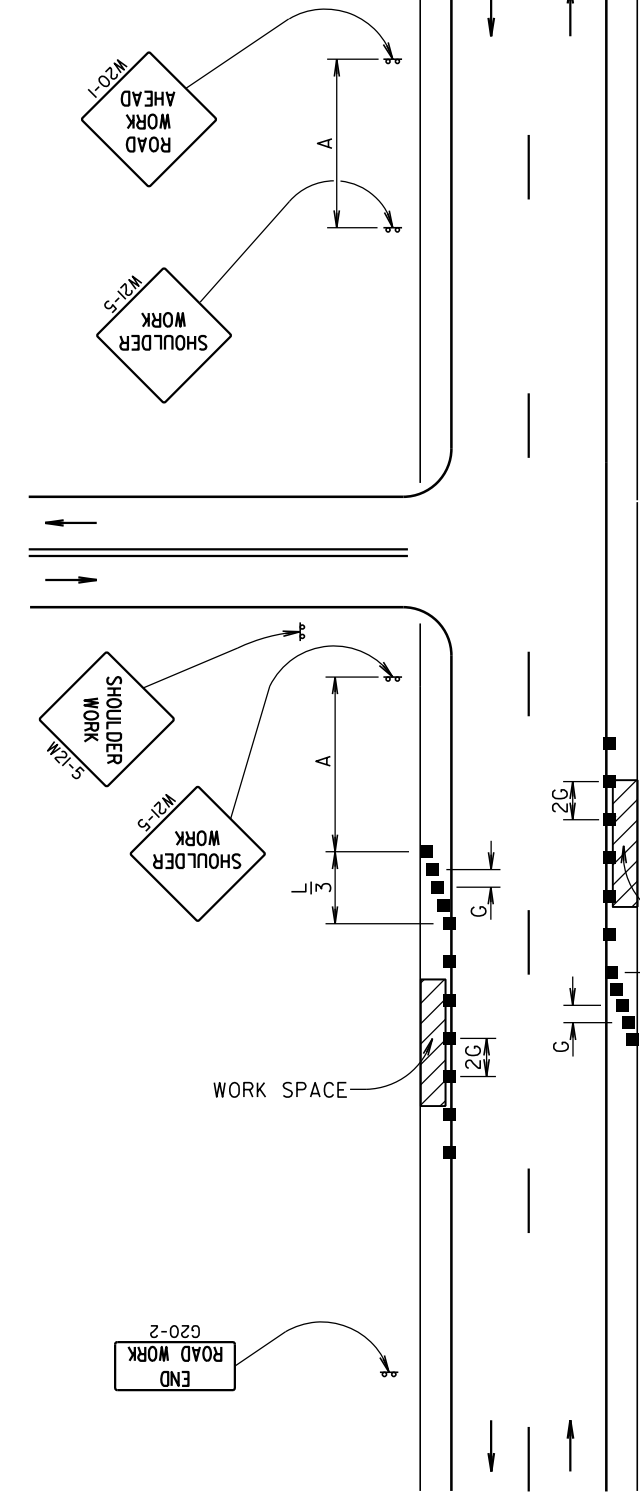
Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2015

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GUIDES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
WORK BEYOND THE SHOULDER

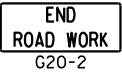
PLATE NUMBER
634.01

Sheet 1 Of 1



Posted Speed Prior to Work (M.P.H.)	Spacing of Advance Warning Signs (Feet) (A)	Taper Length (Feet) (L)	Spacing of Channelizing Devices (Feet) (G)
0 - 30	200	180	25
35 - 40	350	320	25
45 - 50	500	600	50
55	750	660	50
60 - 65	1000	780	50

■ Channelizing Device



The channelizing devices shall be drums or 42" cones if traffic control must remain overnight.

For short duration operations (1 hour or less) all channelizing devices may be eliminated if a vehicle with an activated flashing or revolving yellow light is used.

Worker signs (W21-1 or W21-1a) may be used instead of SHOULDER WORK signs.

A SHOULDER WORK sign should be placed on the left side of a divided or one-way roadway only if the left shoulder is affected.

The SHOULDER WORK sign on an intersecting roadway is not required if drivers emerging from that roadway will encounter another advance warning sign before they reach a work activity area.

WORK SPACE



September 22, 2014

Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2015

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GUIDES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
WORK ON SHOULDERS

PLATE NUMBER
634.03

Sheet 1 of 1

Posted Speed Prior to Work (M.P.H.)	Spacing of Advance Warning Signs (Feet) (A)	Taper Length (Feet) (L)	Spacing of Channelizing Devices (Feet) (G)
0 - 30	200	180	25
35 - 40	350	320	25
45 - 50	500	600	50 *
55	750	660	50 *
60 - 65	1000	780	50 *

* Spacing is 40' for 42" cones.

⊙ Reflectorized Drum

■ Channelizing Device

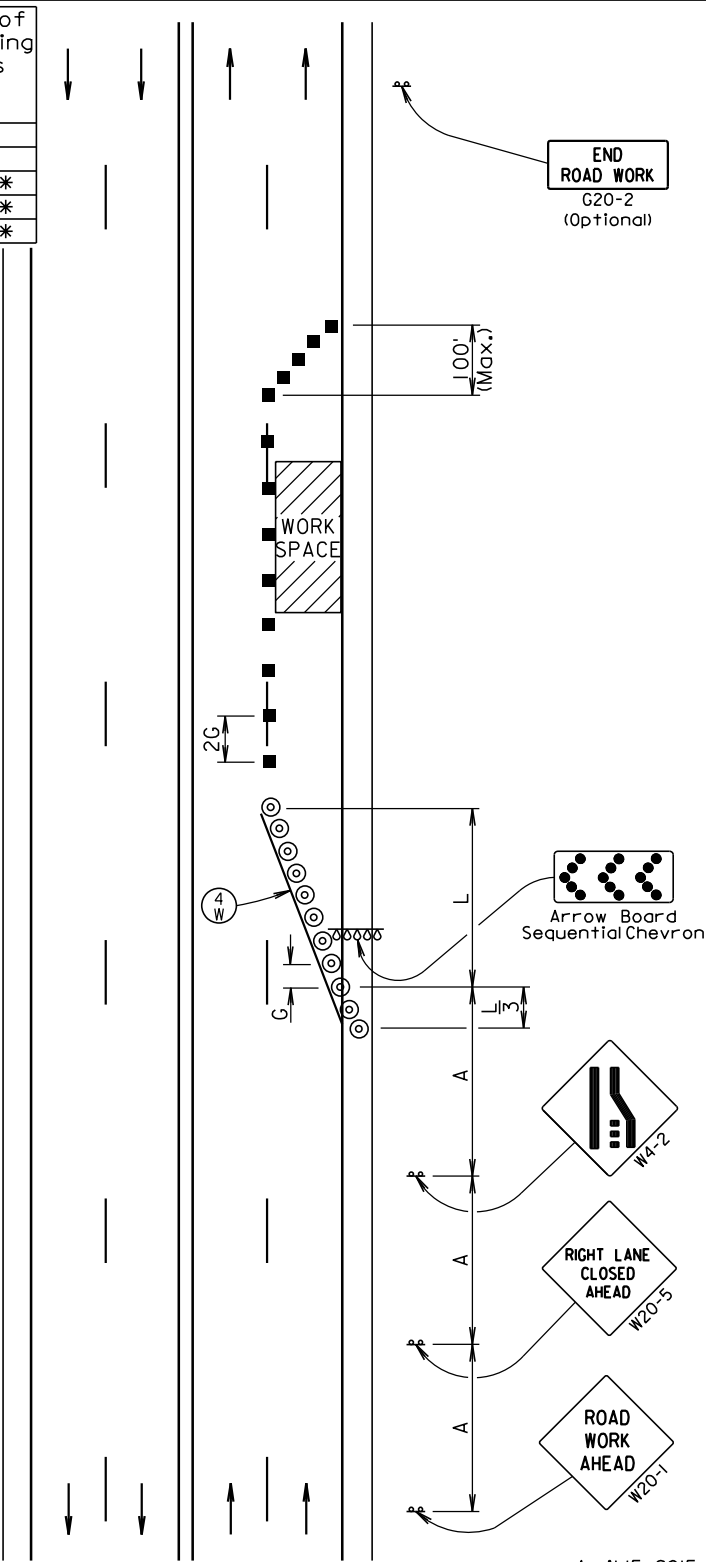
④ W 4" White Temporary Pavement Marking

The channelizing devices shall be 42" cones or drums.

42" cones may be used in place of the drums shown in the taper if setup will not be used during night time hours.

Temporary pavement markings shall be used if traffic control must remain overnight.

The length of A and L may be adjusted to fit field conditions.



April 15, 2015

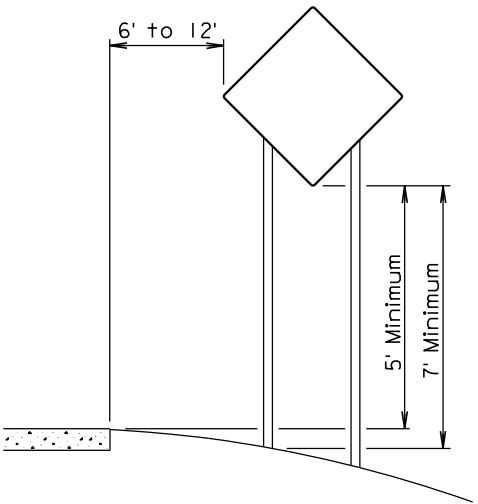
Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2015

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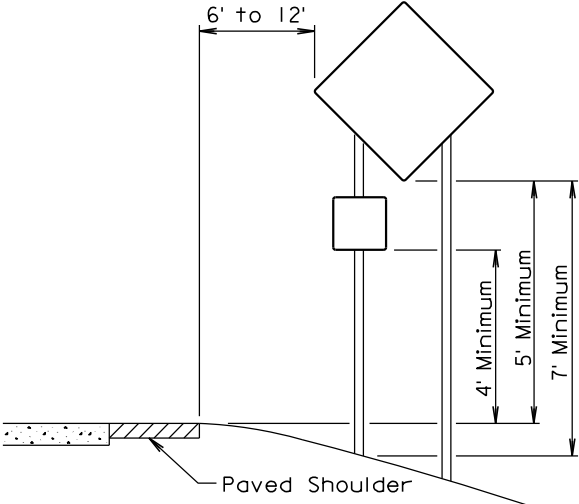
GUIDES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
4-LANE UNDIVIDED, RIGHT LANE CLOSED

PLATE NUMBER
634.47

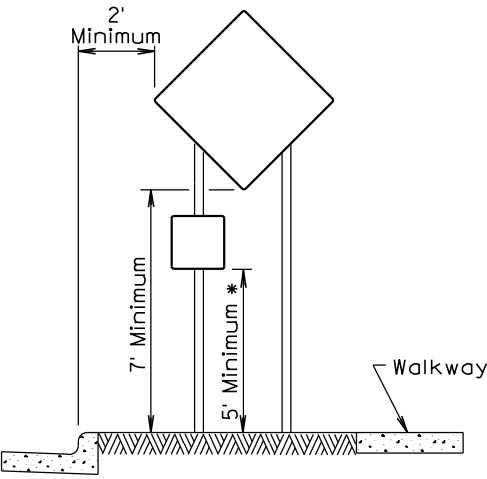
Sheet 1 of 1



RURAL DISTRICT

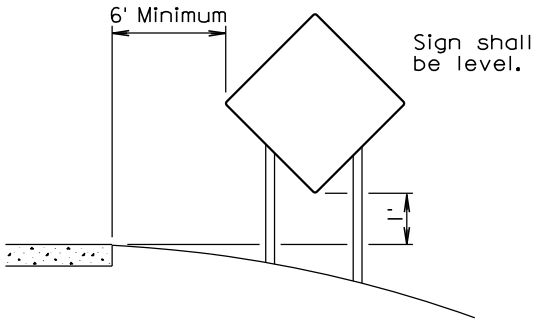


RURAL DISTRICT WITH
SUPPLEMENTAL PLATE



URBAN DISTRICT

* If the bottom of supplemental plate is mounted lower than 7 feet above a pedestrian walkway, the supplemental plate should not project more than 4" into the pedestrian facility.



RURAL DISTRICT
3 DAY MAXIMUM

(Not applicable to regulatory signs)

September 22, 2014

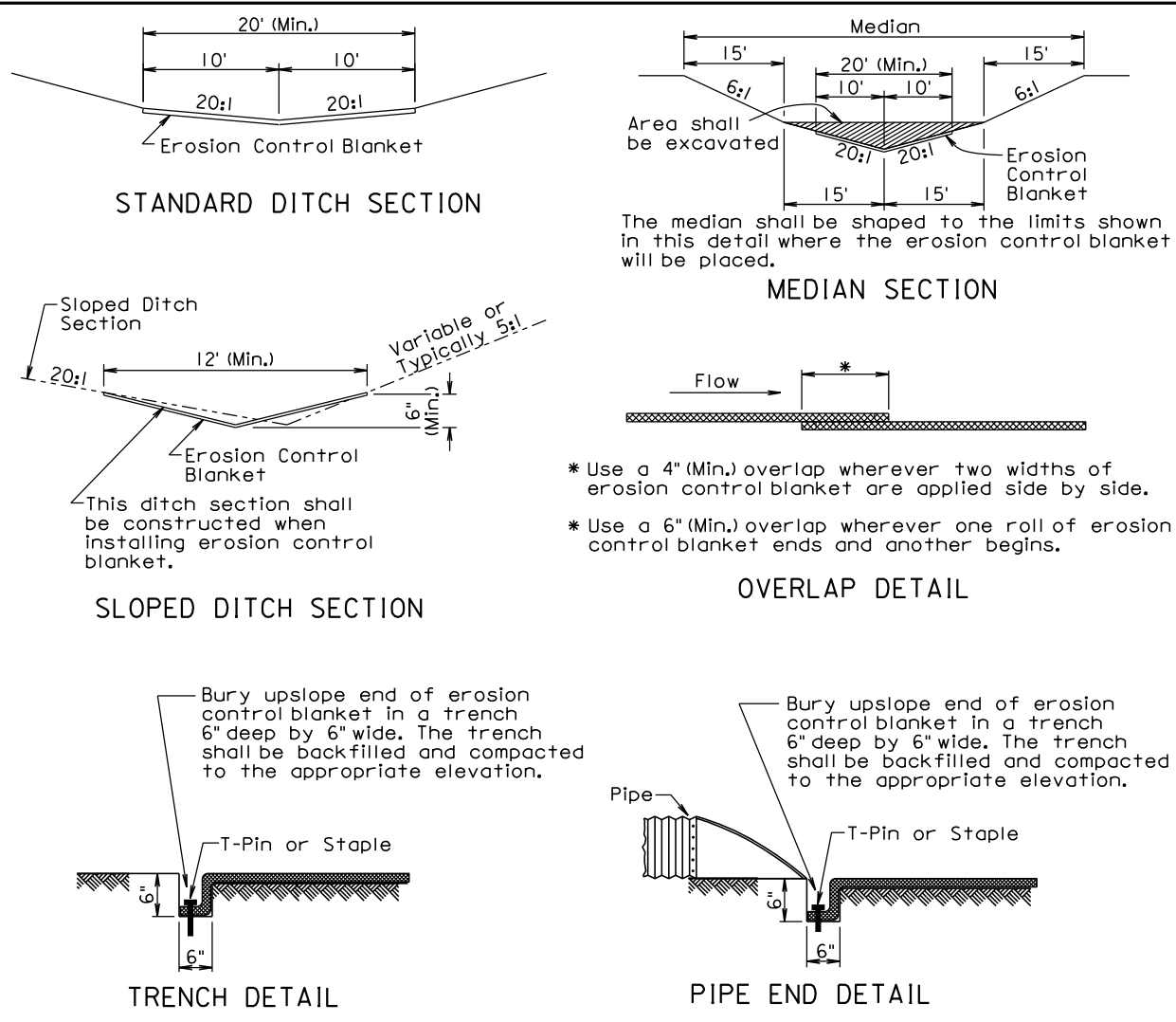
Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2015

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CRASHWORTHY SIGN SUPPORTS
(Typical Construction Signing)

PLATE NUMBER
634.85

Sheet 1 of 1



GENERAL NOTES:

Prior to placement of the erosion control blanket, the areas shall be properly prepared, shaped, seeded, and fertilized.

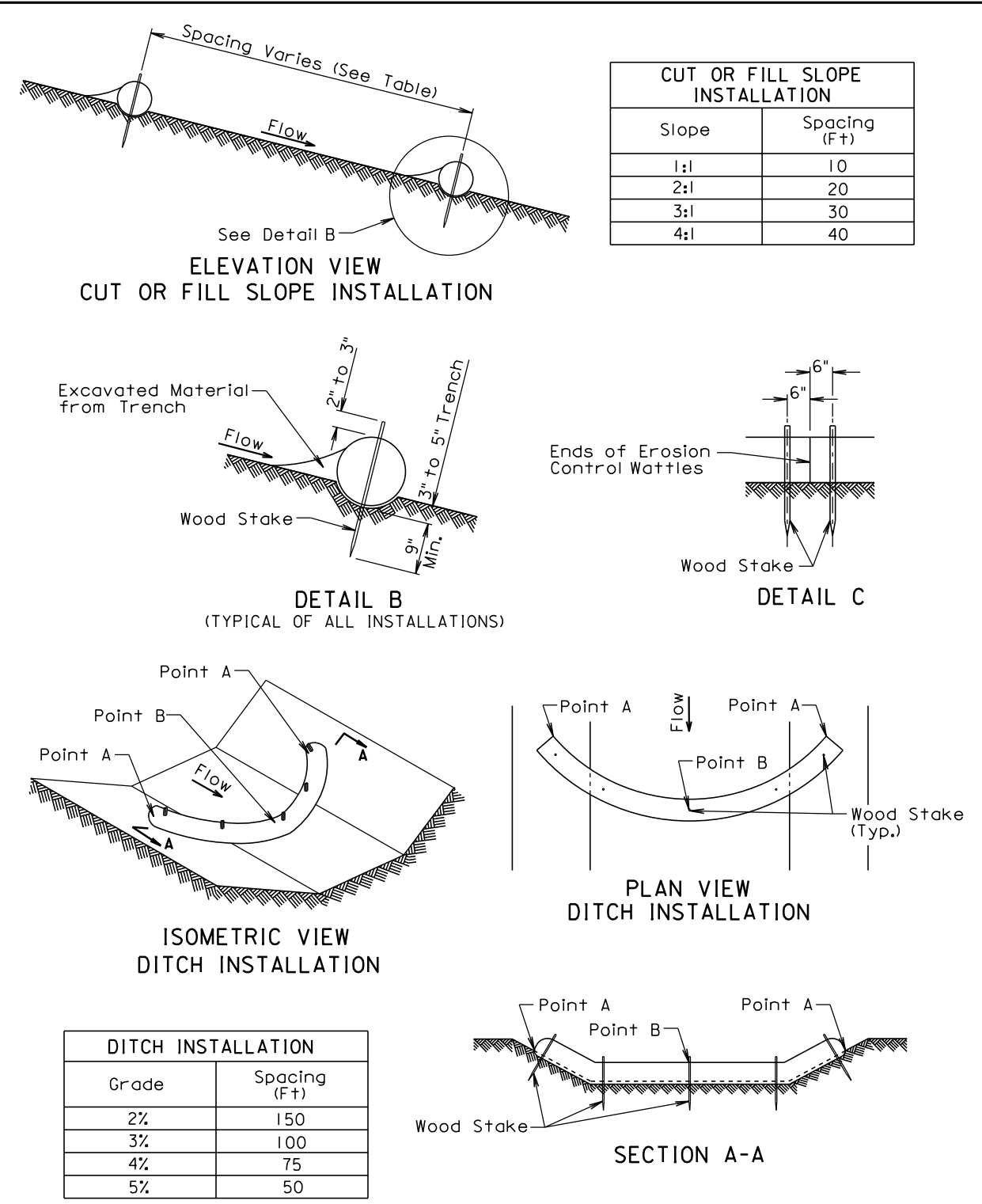
Erosion control blanket shall be unrolled in the direction of the flow of water when placed in ditches and on slopes. The upslope end of the erosion control blanket shall be buried in a trench 6" wide by 6" deep. There shall be at least a 6" overlap wherever one roll of erosion control blanket ends and another begins, with the upslope erosion control blanket placed on top of the downslope erosion control blanket.

The erosion control blanket shall be pinned to the ground according to the manufacturer's installation recommendations.

After the placement of the erosion control blanket, the Contractor shall fine grade along all edges of the blanket to maintain a uniform slope adjacent to the blanket and level any low spots which might prevent uniform and unrestricted flow of side drainage directly onto the erosion control blanket.

All ditch sections shall be shaped when installing the erosion control blanket. All costs for shaping the ditches shall be incidental to the contract unit price per foot for "Shaping for Erosion Control Blanket".

December 23, 2004



December 23, 2004

GENERAL NOTES:

At cut or fill slope installations, wattles shall be installed along the contour and perpendicular to the water flow.

At ditch installations, point A must be higher than point B to ensure that water flows over the wattle and not around the ends.

The Contractor shall dig a 3" to 5" trench, install the wattle tightly in the trench so that daylight can not be seen under the wattle, and then compact the soil excavated from the trench against the wattle on the uphill side. See Detail B.

The stakes shall be 1"x2" or 2"x2" wood stakes, however, other types of stakes such as rebar may be used only if approved by the Engineer. The stakes shall be placed 6" from the ends of the wattles and the spacing of the stakes along the wattles shall be 3' to 4'.

Where installing running lengths of wattles, the Contractor shall butt the second wattle tightly against the first and shall not overlap the ends. See Detail C.

The Contractor and Engineer shall inspect the erosion control wattles once every week and within 24 hours after every rainfall event greater than 1/2". The Contractor shall remove, dispose, or reshape the accumulated sediment when necessary as determined by the Engineer.

Sediment removal, disposal, or necessary shaping shall be as directed by the Engineer. All costs for removing accumulated sediment, disposal of sediment, and necessary shaping shall be incidental to the contract unit price per cubic yard for "Remove Sediment".

All costs for furnishing and installing the erosion control wattles including labor, equipment, and materials shall be incidental to the contract unit price per foot for the corresponding erosion control wattle bid item.

All costs for removing the erosion control wattle from the project including labor, equipment, and materials shall be incidental to the contract unit price per foot for "Remove Erosion Control Wattle".

December 23, 2004

<i>Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2015</i>	S D D O T	EROSION CONTROL WATTLE	PLATE NUMBER 734.06
			<i>Sheet 2 of 2</i>