ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES (090 E-452, PCN i5gf)

BID ITEM			
NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
009E0010	Mobilization	Lump Sum	LS
110E1140	Remove Concrete Sidewalk	2.8	SqYd
250E0010	Incidental Work	Lump Sum	LS
380E5030	Nonreinforced PCC Pavement Repair	213.6	SqYd
380E6000	Dowel Bar	115	Each
380E6110	Insert Steel Bar in PCC Pavement	164	Each
634E0110	Traffic Control Signs	41.0	SqFt
634E0120	Traffic Control, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS
634E0275	Type 3 Barricade	2	Each
651E0040	4" Concrete Sidewalk	25	SqFt

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES (090 W-452, PCN i5gg)

BID ITEM			
NUMBER	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
009E0010	Mobilization	Lump Sum	LS
250E0010	Incidental Work	Lump Sum	LS
380E5030	Nonreinforced PCC Pavement Repair	197.3	SqYd
380E6000	Dowel Bar	108	Each
380E6110	Insert Steel Bar in PCC Pavement	142	Each
634E0110	Traffic Control Signs	41.0	SqFt
634E0120	Traffic Control, Miscellaneous	Lump Sum	LS
634E0275	Type 3 Barricade	2	Each

SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, 2015 Edition and Required Provisions, Supplemental Specifications, and Special Provisions as included in the Proposal.

COMMITMENT H: WASTE DISPOSAL SITE

The Contractor shall furnish a site(s) for the disposal of construction and/or demolition debris generated by this project.

Action Taken/Required:

Construction and/or demolition debris may not be disposed of within the Public ROW.

The waste disposal site(s) shall be managed and reclaimed in accordance with the following from the General Permit for Construction/Demolition Debris Disposal Under the South Dakota Waste Management Program issued by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

The waste disposal site(s) shall not be located in a wetland, within 200 feet of surface water, or in an area that adversely affects wildlife, recreation, aesthetic value of an area, or any threatened or endangered species, as approved by the Project Engineer.

If the waste disposal site(s) is located such that it is within view of any ROW, the following additional requirements shall apply:

- 1. Construction and/or demolition debris consisting of concrete, asphalt concrete, or other similar materials shall be buried in a trench completely separate from wood debris. The final cover over the construction and/or demolition debris shall consist of a minimum of 1 foot of soil capable of supporting vegetation. Waste disposal sites provided outside of the Public ROW shall be seeded in accordance with Natural Resources Conservation Service recommendations. The seeding recommendations may be obtained through the appropriate County NRCS Office. The Contractor shall control the access to waste disposal sites not within the Public ROW through the use of fences, gates, and placement of a sign or signs at the entrance to the site stating "No Dumping Allowed".
- 2. Concrete and asphalt concrete debris may be stockpiled within view of the ROW for a period of time not to exceed the duration of the project. Prior to project completion, the waste shall be removed from view of the ROW or buried and the waste disposal site reclaimed as noted above.

The above requirements will not apply to waste disposal sites that are covered by an individual solid waste permit as specified in SDCL 34A-6-58, SDCL 34A-6-1.13, and ARSD 74:27:10:06.

Failure to comply with the requirements stated above may result in civil penalties in accordance with South Dakota Solid Waste Law. SDCL 34A-6-1.31.

All costs associated with furnishing waste disposal site(s), disposing of waste, maintaining control of access (fence, gates, and signs), and reclamation of the waste disposal site(s) shall be incidental to the various contract items.

COMMITMENT I: HISTORICAL PRESERVATION OFFICE CLEARANCES

The SDDOT has obtained concurrence with the State Historical Preservation Office (SHPO or THPO) for all work included within the project limits and all department designated sources and designated option material sources, stockpile sites, storage areas, and waste sites provided within the plans.

Action Taken/Required:

All earth disturbing activities not designated within the plans require review of cultural resources impacts. This work includes, but is not limited to: Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas.

The Contractor shall arrange and pay for a cultural resource survey and/or records search. The Contractor has the option to contact the state Archaeological Research Center (ARC) at 605-394-1936 or another qualified archaeologist, to obtain either a records search or a cultural resources survey. A record search might be sufficient for review; however, a cultural resources survey may need to be conducted by a qualified archaeologist.

The Contractor shall provide ARC with the following: a topographical map or aerial view on which the site is clearly outlined, site dimensions, project number, and PCN. If applicable, provide evidence that the site has been previously disturbed by farming, mining, or construction activities with a landowner statement that artifacts have not been found on the site.

The Contractor shall submit the records search or cultural resources survey report and if the location of the site is within the current geographical or historic boundaries of any South Dakota reservation to SDDOT Environmental Engineer, 700 East Broadway Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501-2586 (605-773-3180). SDDOT will submit the information to the appropriate SHPO/THPO. Allow **30 Days** from the date this information is submitted to the Environmental Engineer for SHPO/THPO review.

If evidence for cultural resources is uncovered during project construction activities, then such activities shall cease and the Project Engineer shall be immediately notified. The Project Engineer will contact the SDDOT Environmental Engineer in order to determine an appropriate course of action.

SHPO/THPO review does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for obtaining any additional permits and clearances for Contractor furnished material sources, material processing sites, stockpile sites, storage areas, plant sites, and waste areas that affect wetlands, threatened and endangered species, or waterways. The Contractor shall provide the required permits and clearances to the Project Engineer at the preconstruction meeting.

INCIDENTAL WORK

The following are the incidental work items on the project:

- Existing water supply lines from the rest area building to the trailer dump station: Close the water supply line valve in the rest area building if not already closed. Purge any remaining water from the supply line. Remove a short section of the supply line below the shut-off valve and air-bleed valve. Cap both open ends of pipe. Locate the manhole closest to the trailer dump station where the water supply line is accessible. Cut and cap the water supply line inside the manhole. Remove the plumbing fixtures located on the island. Remove water line as needed so that any remaining water line is below the PCCP repair area.
- Remove the waste drain from the trailer dump station. Remove sewer drain pipe as needed so that any remaining drain pipe is below PCCP repair area, and cap the open end of the sewer drain. At the Eastbound rest area, a manhole is located on the trailer dump station island. Lower the existing manhole to the new PCCP elevation.
- Remove any signs and posts located on the trailer dump station island.

NONREINFORCED PCC PAVEMENT REPAIR

New pavement thickness shall be 9" thick.

Locations and size (length or width) of concrete repair areas are subject to change in the field, at the discretion of the Engineer, at no additional cost to the state. Payment will be based on actual area replaced.

Existing concrete pavement shall be sawed full depth at the beginning and end of the PCCP repair areas. When either the beginning or end of a PCCP repair area falls close to an existing joint or crack, the PCCP repair area shall be extended to eliminate the existing joint or crack. Where possible, new working joints shall be adjacent to existing working joints.

Saw cuts that extend beyond the repair area shall be minimized and filled with a non-shrinkage mortar mix at the Contractor's expense.

Existing concrete pavement in the replacement areas shall be removed by the lift out method or by means that minimize damage to the base and sides of remaining in place concrete. All removed material shall be removed from within the right-of-way by the end of the workday. Damage to adjacent concrete caused by the Contractor's operations shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

If the pavement replacement area is entirely on either side of the existing contraction joint, the location of one of the working joints will be at the original location. Any existing dowel bar assemblies/steel bars shall be sawed off and removed.

Concrete placed adjacent to asphalt concrete shoulders shall be formed full depth to match the width of existing concrete pavement. Asphalt concrete shoulders adjacent to concrete pavement replacements shall be repaired with Asphalt Concrete Composite. If rumble strips exit, they shall be formed in the asphalt to match existing.

At repair locations where the new working joint is not opposite the existing working joint, the Contractor shall place a ¼" preformed asphalt expansion joint material along the longitudinal joint from the existing working joint to the new working joint. The expansion joint material shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M33. Cost for this material shall be incidental to the contract unit price per square yard for Nonreinforced PCC Pavement Repair.

NONREINFORCED PCC PAVEMENT REPAIR (CONTINUED)

The initial contraction joint sawing shall be performed as soon as practical after placement to avoid random cracking.

All joints (longitudinal and transverse) through and around the repair areas will be sawed and sealed in accordance with the details shown in these plans.

The slump requirement will be limited to 3" maximum after water reducer is added and the concrete shall contain 4.5% to 7.0% entrained air. Coarse aggregate shall be crushed ledge rock, Size No. 1, unless an alternative gradation is approved by the concrete engineer as part of the mix design submittal. The concrete mixture shall contain a minimum of 50% coarse aggregate by weight. The concrete mix shall contain at least 600 lbs. of type I, II or III cement per cubic yard. The minimum 28 day compressive strength shall be 4,000 psi. The Contractor is responsible for the mix design used. The Contractor may need to modify the mix design to meet contract time requirements on the project. The Contractor shall submit a mix design and supporting documentation for approval at least 2 weeks prior to use.

Concrete shall be cured with white pigmented curing compound (AASHTO M148, Type 2) applied as soon as practical at a rate of 125 square feet per gallon. Concrete shall be cured for a minimum of 48 hours before opening to traffic. The 48 hours is based upon a concrete surface temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit or higher throughout the cure period. If the concrete temperature falls below 60 degrees Fahrenheit, the cure time shall be extended or other measures shall be taken, at no additional cost to the State. In addition to the curing requirements, strength of 3,500 psi must be obtained prior to opening to traffic.

All costs for performing this work including sawing and removing concrete, furnishing and placing concrete, #5 tie bars cast in place, curing, sawing and sealing joints, repairing asphalt shoulders, labor, tools and equipment shall be incidental to the contract unit price per square yard for "Nonreinforced PCC Pavement Repair".

STEEL BAR INSERTION

Locations and quantities of concrete repair are subject to change in the field at the discretion of the Engineer. The Contractor will be responsible for ordering the actual quantity of steel bars necessary to complete the work.

A rigid frame or mechanical device will be required to guide the drill to ensure proper horizontal and vertical alignment of the steel bars in the drilled holes.

PCCP QUANTITIES

	W	L	Nonreinforced PCC Pavement Repair	Dowel Bar	Insert Steel Bar in PCC Pavement
Description	(Ft)	(Ft)	SqYd	Each	Each
RV dump station Westbound	12.0	148.0	197.3	108	142
RV dump station Eastbound	12.0	147.0	196.0	108	142
Eastbound Truck Turn-Around	6.6	24.0	17.6	7	22
					0
			410.9	223.0	306

4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK

Where new sidewalk meets existing sidewalk, rebar shall be used at the construction joint in accordance with Detail E on stand plate 651.01.

TABLE OF SIDEWALK QUANTITIES

Description	W (Ft)	L (Ft)	Remove Concrete Sidewalk SqYd	Sidewalk
Eastbound, East side of building near drinking fountain	5.0	5.0	2.8	SqFt 25.0
near armining rountain	5.0	3.0	2.8	25.0

TRAFFIC CONTROL

Channelizing devices shall be used to divert traffic away from work areas and to close off parking stalls adjacent to work areas. The shoulder work sign on standard plate 634.03 will not be required.

The Contractor shall provide enough open parking stalls to provide reasonable access to the rest area for pedestrians as directed by the Project Engineer. Work zones directly adjacent to open parking stalls will not be allowed.

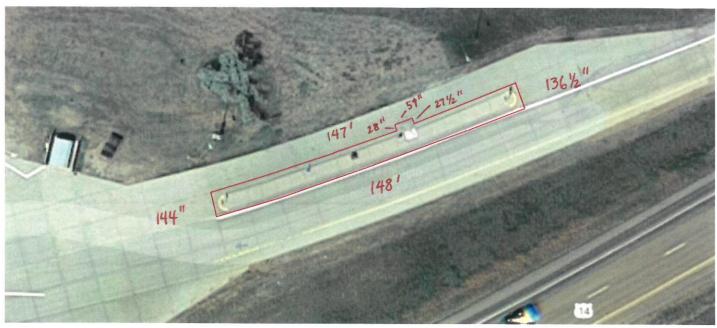
Type 3 Barricades shall be used in advance of the PCC Pavement Repair location to direct ramp traffic away from the work zone.

ITEMIZED LIST FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS

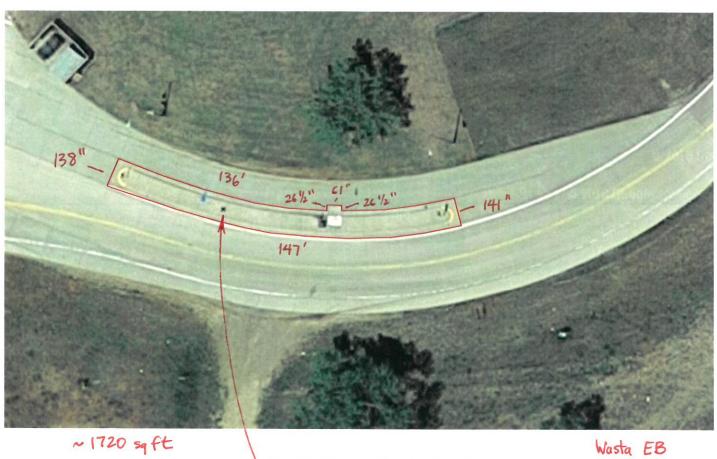
		CONVENTIONAL ROAD			
SIGN CODE	SIGN DESCRIPTION	NUM BER	SIGN SIZE	SQFT PER SIGN	SQFT
W20-1 G20-2	ROAD WORK AHEAD END ROAD WORK	2	48" x 48" 36" x 18"	16.0 4.5	32.0 9.0
		CONVENTIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS 41, SQFT		41.0	

ITEM DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Type 3 Barricade, 8' Double Sided	2 Each

Signs for traffic control shall be paid per project. Once for eastbound, once for westbound.



~1735 39 ft Wasta WB

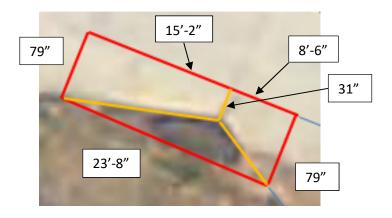


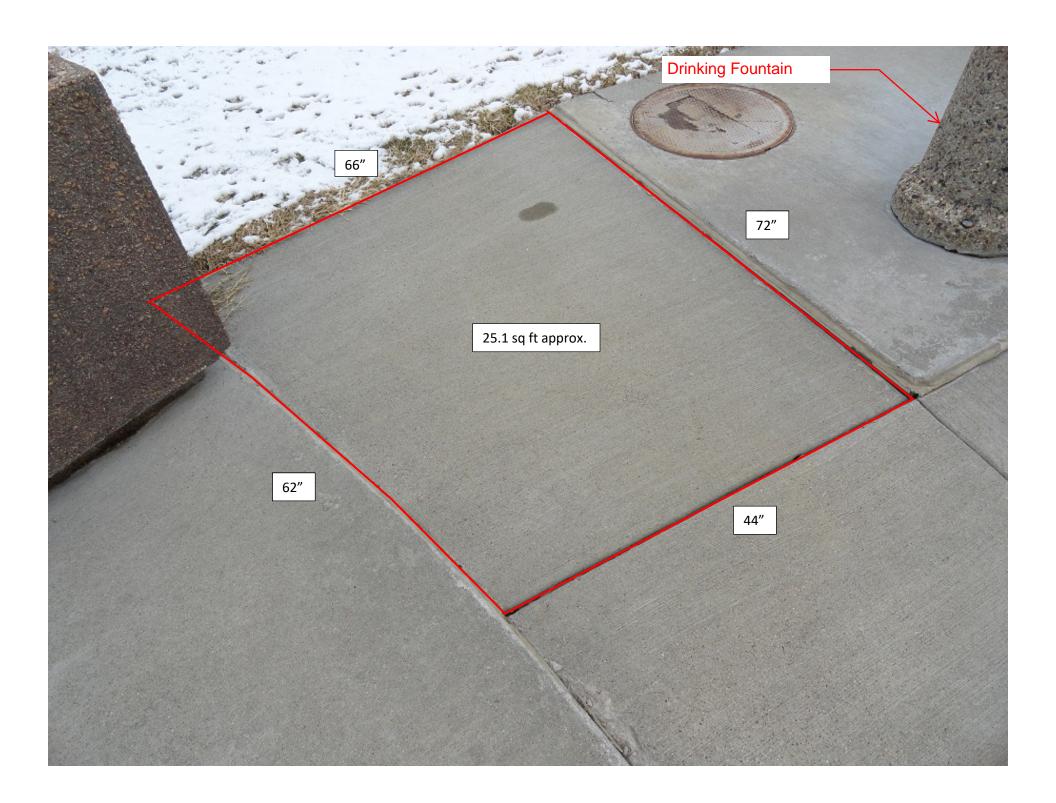
LOWER EXISTING MANHOLE
TO REVISED PAVEMENT LEVEL

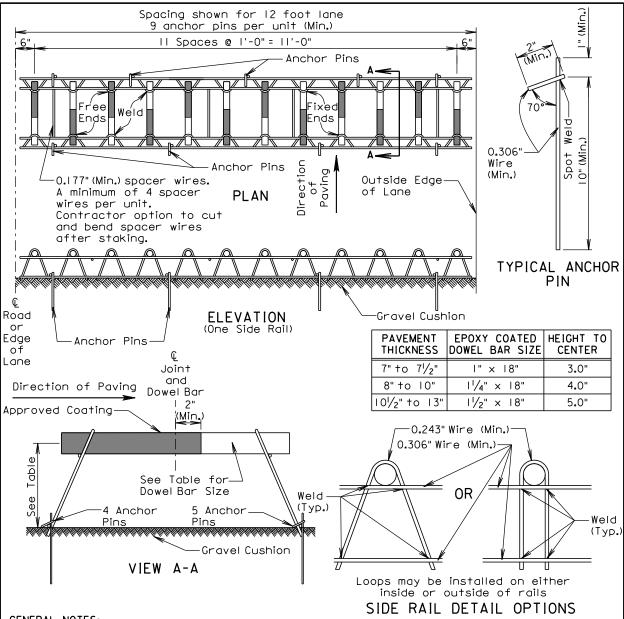
1



Wasta Eastbound truck turn-around: remove 108.5 sq ft, place 155.8 sq ft (23'-8" by 79")







GENERAL NOTES:

Longitudinal joint tie bars shall be placed a minimum of 15 inches from the transverse contraction joint.

Centerline of individual dowel bars shall be parallel to top of subgrade $\pm 1/8$ inch in 18 inches and to all other dowel bars in the assembly $\pm 1/16$ inch in 18 inches.

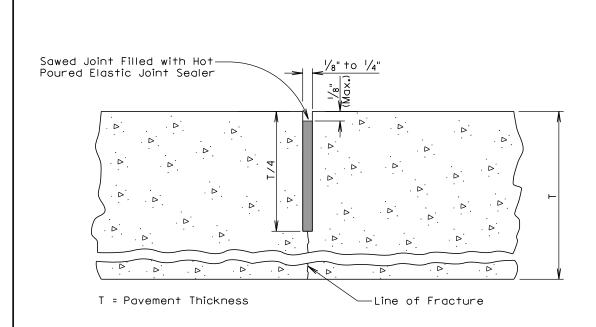
Centerline of individual dowel bars shall be parallel to the centerline of the roadway $\pm 1/2$ inch in 18 inches.

The transverse contraction joints shall be sawed perpendicular to the centerline of the roadway and the dowel bars shall be centered on the sawed joint ± 1 inch.

Supporting devices as shown on this sheet, or equivalent as approved by the Engineer, shall be used to maintain proper horizontal and vertical alignment of the dowel bars.

June 9, 2017

			Julie 9, 2011
	S D D	PCC PAVEMENT DOWEL BAR ASSEMBLY FOR TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION JOINTS	PLATE NUMBER 380.01
Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018	O T	12 Bar Assembly on Granular Base Material	Sheet I of I



GENERAL NOTES:

If an early entrance sawcut does not develop the full transverse crack, then the saw cut to control cracking shall be a minimum of $\frac{1}{4}$ the thickness of the pavement.

All hot poured elastic joint sealer material spilled on the surface of the concrete pavement shall be removed as soon as the material has cooled. The extent of removal of material shall be to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All costs for removal of the spilled joint sealer material shall be borne by the Contractor.

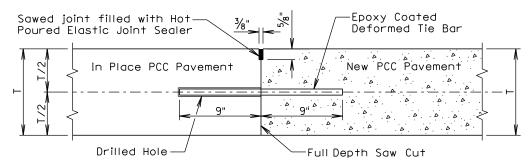
June 26, 2015

Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018

PCC PAVEMENT TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION 380.05

Sheet | of |

DETAIL A TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT WITH TIE BARS



T = In Place PCC Pavement and New PCC Pavement Thickness

GENERAL NOTES:

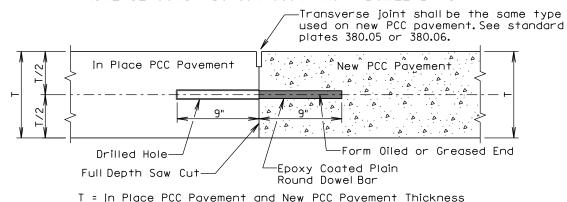
The term "In Place PCC Pavement" in the above drawing indicates that the in place PCC pavement was placed on a previous project.

See sheet 2 of 2 of this standard plate to determine if Detail A shall be used.

The tie bars shall be embedded a minimum depth of 9 inches into the in place PCC pavement and anchored with an epoxy resin adhesive.

No. 9 epoxy coated deformed tie bars shall be used in 10 inch thickness and less PCC Pavement and No. II epoxy coated deformed tie bars shall be used in 10.5 inch thickness and greater PCC Pavement. The tie bar spacing shall be 18 inches center to center and shall be a minimum of 3 inches and a maximum of 9 inches from the pavement edges.

DETAIL B TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT WITH DOWEL BARS



GENERAL NOTES:

IL NOTES:

The term "In Place PCC Pavement" in the above drawing indicates that the in place PCC pavement was placed on a previous project or current project.

See sheet 2 of 2 of this standard plate to determine if Detail B shall be used.

The plain round dowel bars shall be embedded a minimum depth of 9 inches into the in place PCC pavement and anchored with an epoxy resin adhesive.

The epoxy coated plain round dowel bar size, number, and spacing shall be the same as detailed on the corresponding dowel bar assembly standard plate (380.01, 380.02, 380.03, or 380.04). The epoxy coated plain round dowel bars shall be a minimum of 3 inches and a maximum of 6 inches from the pavement edges.

September 6, 2013

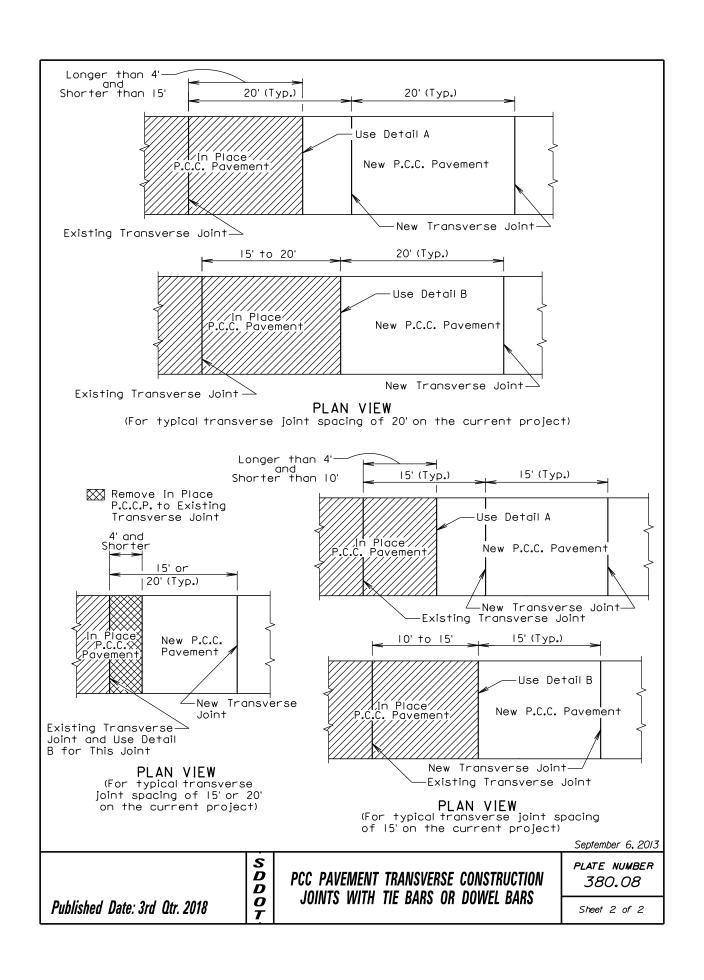
S D D O

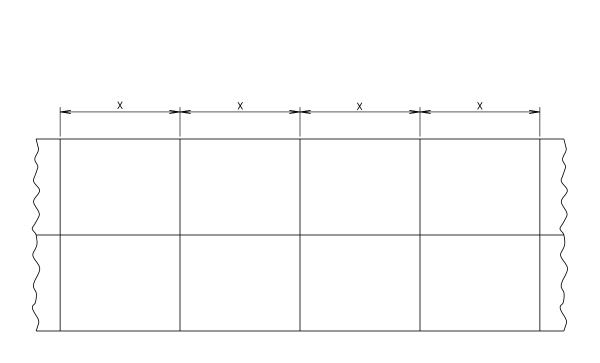
PCC PAVEMENT TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS WITH TIE BARS OR DOWEL BARS

PLATE NUMBER 380.08

Sheet I of 2

Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018



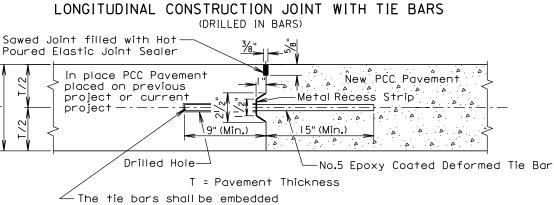


PCCP Thickness	Transverse Contraction Joint Spacing (X)
8" to 9.5"	15'
10" and Thicker	20'

August 31, 2013

Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018

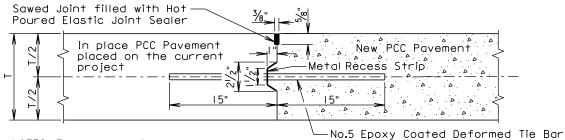
PCC PAVEMENT TYPICAL
CONTRACTION JOINT SPACING
Sheet 1 of 1



The tie bars shall be embedded a minimum depth of 9 inches into the in place PCC pavement and anchored with an epoxy resin adhesive.

LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT WITH TIE BARS

(INSERTED OR FORMED IN BARS)



GENERAL NOTES (For the details above):

The epoxy coated deformed tie bars shall be spaced in accordance with the following tables:

Tie Bar Spacing 48" N	Maximum
Transverse Contraction Joint Spacing	Number of Tie Bars
6.5' to 10'	2
10.5' to 14'	3
14.5' to 18'	4
18.5' to 22'	5

Tie Bar Spacing 30"Maximum				
Transverse Contraction Joint Spacing	Number of Tie Bars			
5' to 7'	2			
7.5' to 9.5'	3			
10' to 12'	4			
12.5' to 14.5'	5			
15' to 17'	6			
17.5' to 19.5'	7			
20' to 22'	8			

The tie bars shall be placed a minimum of 15 inches from transverse contraction joints.

The required number of tie bars as shown in the table shall be uniformly spaced within each panel. The uniformly spaced tie bars shall be spaced a maximum of 48 inches center to center for a female keyway and shall be spaced a maximum of 30 inches center to center for a vertical face and male keyway. The maximum tie bar spacing shall apply to tie bars within each panel.

The keyway illustrated in the above details depict a female keyway.

The keyway is optional and is not required. When concrete pavement is formed and a keyway is provided, a metal recess strip shall be used. When concrete pavement is slip formed, a metal recess strip is not required.

Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018

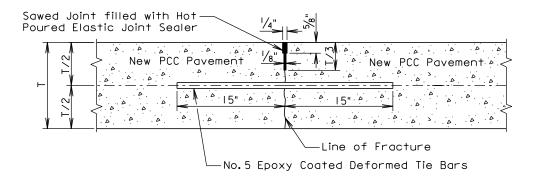
PCC PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINTS WITH TIE BARS

PLATE NUMBER 380.10

Sheet 1 of 2

SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT WITH TIE BARS

(POURED MONOLITHICALLY)



T = Pavement Thickness

GENERAL NOTES (For the detail above):

The epoxy coated deformed tie bars shall be spaced in accordance with the following table:

Tie Bar Spacing 48"Maximum					
Transverse Contraction Number of Joint Spacing Tie Bars					
6.5' to 10'	2				
10.5' to 14'	3				
14.5' to 18'	4				
18.5' to 22'	5				

The tie bars shall be placed a minimum of 15 inches from the transverse contraction joints.

The required number of tie bars as shown in the table shall be uniformly spaced within each panel with a maximum space of 48 inches center to center. The maximum tie bar spacing shall apply to tie bars within each panel.

The first saw cut to control cracking shall be a minimum of 1/3 the thickness of the pavement. Additional sawing for widening the saw cut to provide the width for the installation of the hot poured elastic joint sealer is necessary.

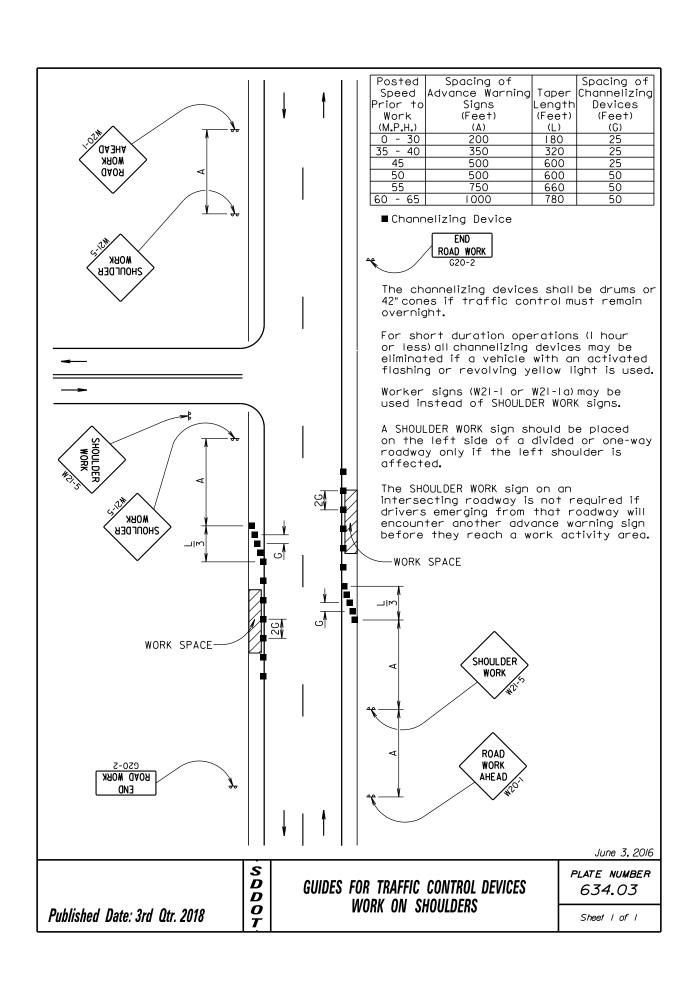
August 31, 2013

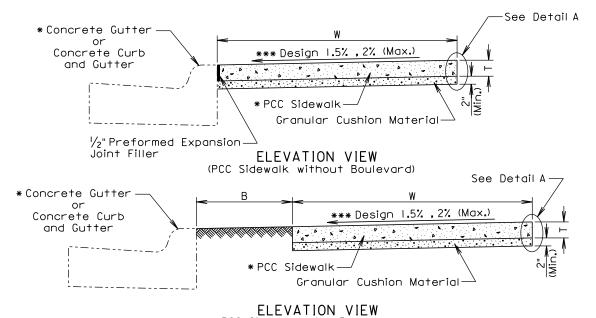
Published Date: 3rd Qtr. 2018

PCC PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL
JOINTS WITH TIE BARS

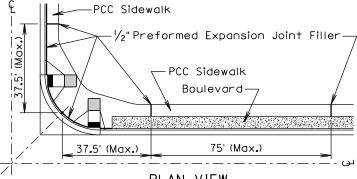
PLATE NUMBER
380.10

Sheet 2 of 2





- (PCC Sidewalk with Boulevard)
- B Width of boulevard as specified in the plans.
- T Thickness of PCC sidewalk as specified in the plans.
- W Width of PCC sidewalk as specified in the plans.
- * Type as specified in the plans.



GENERAL NOTES:

PLAN VIEW

The PCC sidewalk shall be constructed in accordance with Section $65\mathrm{l}$ of the Specifications.

***The cross slope of the sidewalk is designed at 1.5% and the maximum slope allowed is 2% unless specified otherwise in the plans.

The maximum length between expansion joints in PCC sidewalk is 75 feet.

PCC sidewalk placed adjacent to intersection of roadways shall have an expansion joint placed transversely a maximum of 37.5 feet from the intersection. See PLAN VIEW.

An expansion joint in PCC sidewalk shall consist of a $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick preformed expansion joint filler material placed full depth and width of the PCC sidewalk.

**Large areas of PCC pavement adjacent to PCC sidewalk may require a different joint treatment than shown in the detail. If a different joint detail is necessary, plans will contain the joint detail and the Contractor shall construct the joint treatment in accordance with the plans.

